The Los Angeles Times

XIXTH YEAR | SINGLE PART—SIXTEEN PAGES AT THE OFFICE COUNTER..... PRICE 3 CENTS | THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 20, 1900. | ON STREETS AND TRAINS AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS

THEATERS—
With Dates of Events.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MOROSCO Lessee and Manager. Tonight and all week—Matinee Saturday—THE OLIVER LESLIE COMPANY, presenting Broadhurst's blithe and joyous farce comedy,
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With Dates of Events.

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Prices, Including Seats, 50c, GRAND STAND 75c, BOX CHAIRS $1.00. CHILDREN 25c.
Seat sale now open at Fitzgerald's Music House, 113 South Spring St.

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TIME TABLE—

TRAINS LEAVE LOS ANGELES.

8:05 a.m.	Redondo Ry	
9:15 a.m.	Santa Fe Route	
9:35 a.m.	Redondo Ry	
1:30 p.m.	Santa Fe Route	
4:20 p.m.	Redondo Ry	
5:05 p.m.	Santa Fe Route	
11:30 p.m.	Redondo Ry	

Returning trains leave the Beach 7:45 a.m., 8:00 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 6:15 p.m., 8:30 p.m., 10:00 p.m.
* Saturday only. † Sunday only.

Redondo Beach..
Fine Fishing from the two long wharves, surf and plunge bathing.
Ten-ride Tickets $1.50
Good for yourself and friends. Tickets interchangeable.

SEPT. 28 AND 29—
Last Popular Excursion
3
San Diego
Tickets good Thirty Days returning. Trains leave Santa Fe Station 9:05 a.m., 2:00 p.m.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—
Three and one-half hours from Los Angeles.
Holds the World's Rod and Reel Fishing Record.
A glimpse through the glass bottom boat and 10 fathoms of Catalina's crystal waters will reveal an ocean of living wonders. The great stage ride and golf links. Glass tank exhibition of living fish and animals. Hotel Metropole always open. Daily steamer service from San Pedro wharves connecting with Southern Pacific and Terminal trains, leaving Los Angeles at 9:05 and 8:00 a.m. respectively. Fare, round trip $2.75; Excursion round trip $2.50. Sunday excursions allow 2½ hours on the island; other days about 30 minutes.
Telephone Main 36. BANNING CO., 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

THE GOLDEN COAST QUARTETTE—
Composed of Mrs. Edward Quinlan, Misses Alberta Merritt, Zula Barker and Grace Clark, will sing at
Terminal Island Sunday, September 23d
These ladies are exceptionally fine and you should not miss the musical treat offered.
TERMINAL RAILWAY
The only line to Terminal Island—Trains leave 8:00 a.m., 8:50 a.m., 10:25 a.m., 2 p.m. Return at 4:00 p.m., 6:35 p.m. and 9:30 p.m. Information and tickets 222 SOUTH SPRING ST. Phone Main 960 and 656.

SCENIC MOUNT LOWE
MT. LOWE RAILWAY—
"Grandest Scenic Trip on Earth."
Saturday and Sunday
ROUND TRIP $1.75 "Lowest Rate Ever Made"
First-class accommodations at Ye Alpine Tavern. Rates: $2.50 per day and $12.50 per week. Passenger and ticket office, 250 S. Spring Street (Stimson Block.) Telephone Main 900.

MT. LOWE RAILWAY—"Grandest Scenic Trip on Earth!"
SPECIAL! $2.50 ROUND TRIP—You cannot afford to miss it! Ye Alpine Tavern—First-class. $2.50 per day and $12.50 per week. Passenger and Ticket Office 250 S. Spring St. (Stimson Block.) Tel. M. 900.

SAN FRANCISCO—INCLUDING BERTH AND MEALS—$7.50 First Class, $5.50 Second Class. Merchants' Independent Line. Steamer THURSDAY. Office 226 S. Spring St. Tel. M 606. C. J. LEHMAN, Agent.

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Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world.
STUDIO 230½ S. SPRING ST., opp. Hollenbeck.
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FOR CONGRESS—H. GAYLORD WILSHIRE, Social Democrat. "Let the Nation Own the Trusts."

BAKER TRUNK FACTORY—J. C. Cunningham, Prop., 317 S. Main St., Tel. Main 819. Manufacturer and dealer in Trunks, Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Leather Goods.

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Santa Barbara,
With an addition of forty bathrooms and new passenger elevator makes the most comfortable resort hotel in the State. Roses, flowers and sunshine always.
Ocean bathing every day. Perpetual May climate.

NATICK HOUSE—Cor. First and Main Sts., Hart Bros., props. "The Popular Hotel," remodeled, 75 additional rooms, all newly furnished, everything strictly first-class. Elevator. American plan, $1.25 to $3.00, latter includes suites, with private baths. European plan, 50 cents up.

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THE WESTLAKE HOTEL—J. S. Duke, Prop., 720 Westlake Ave. A select family hotel with elegant residence parlors, one block from Westlake Park. Newly furnished. Telephone in first floor rooms. Rates $7.00 and up; special rates to families by the month.

THE CALIFORNIA, Cor. Second and Hill Sts., City—A select family hotel, conveniently located, having been entirely renovated; under new management. THOS. PASCOE.

[THE CRISIS IN CHINA.]

WARLIKE OUTLOOK.

Germany's Designs are Sinister.

Her Demands on China Create Dismay.

May Be the Forerunner of a Declaration of War.

President McKinley Will Attempt to Restrain Kaiser Wilhelm's Thirst for Gore.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Germany's note declaring that before peace negotiations with China can begin, those personally responsible for outrages against foreigners must be delivered to all the concerned powers and punished, today put a new and extremely serious aspect upon the Chinese situation. The note by Germany is not a declaration of war against China, but it comes very near being that and probably is really the forerunner of a formal declaration to come later.

If Emperor William insists upon following this course it will result presently in a demand being made upon China for the delivery to the German forces of certain individuals suspected of being at the head of the Boxer outbreak in Peking. China will not, of course, deliver these persons to Germany, for it is strongly suspected that the person Germany most suspects and wants is the Dowager Empress herself. Upon the refusal of China to make delivery, Germany, in order to carry out her policy, must use force in taking them from the Chinese forces. That would be war and probably such action would only follow a declaration of war by Germany.

WARLIKE DESIGNS.

It must be observed that this German note was timed for publication by the German Foreign Office so as to be coincident with the arrival of Count Von Waldersee upon Chinese soil. He arrived at Hongkong last night and the note was given out last night by the German Foreign Office. This all points toward the theory that Germany has serious designs upon China and that while other nations have been trying to arrange terms of peace, she has been quietly going on with war preparations, which she now has practically complete. Germany's borrowing 80,000,000 marks in New York last week also indicates her military intentions.

AMERICA'S ANSWER.

No answer has been sent by this government to the German note. One has been partly prepared and is likely to be handed the German representative tomorrow.

It is not probable that President McKinley will agree to the somewhat bloodthirsty proposals submitted by Kaiser William. It is thought he has some counter proposals which he purposes making, and which will tend toward moderating Germany's plan.

These counter proposals, or suggestions, will be along the line which the government heretofore has laid down respecting China, and they will contemplate peace, not war. In this they may serve as a check upon Germany.

MINISTER WU INDIGNANT.

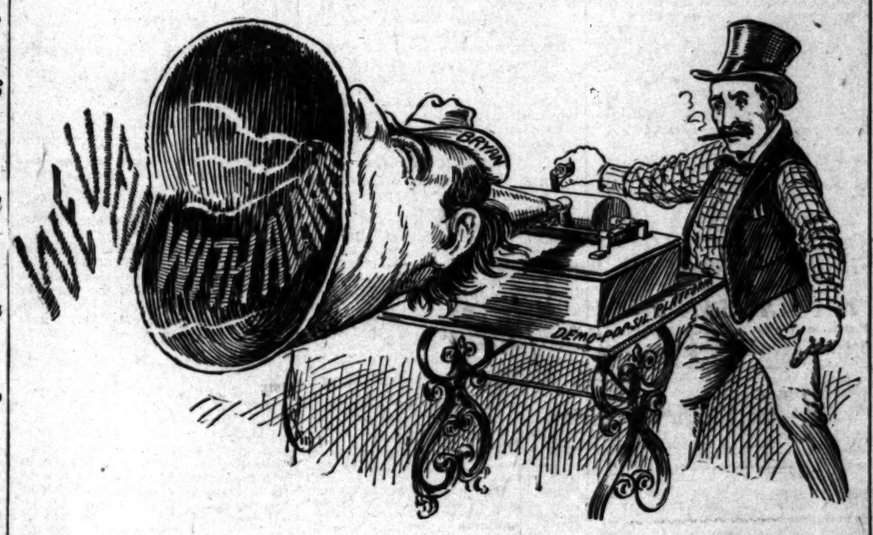
Chinese Minister Wu regards Germany's action as being most significant. He at first could not believe that a note like this had really been issued, but upon the official text being shown him, he accepted it as true and grew indignant over it. He declared in his anger today that the note was nothing more or less than a notice served upon the world of the proposed dismemberment of the Chinese Empire, and then pointed out what he considered to be the unjust features in the note. He said if this sort of thing could be done, Germany would be at liberty to send to Washington and demand that he, Wu, be beheaded for crimes committed in Peking.

"This note," he concluded, "is notoriously intended to reach the Dowager Empress and Prince Tuan."

A CLASH ANTICIPATED.

Diplomats here today took a very serious view of the note. It is pointed out that Germany has been all along playing against Russia, and the fear is quite openly expressed that these countries may clash diplomatically, at least, very soon.

THE SAME OLD TUNE.



It's about time the political managers of the Bryan talking machine put in another roll. The people are tired of this one.

News Under to The Times This Morning

1. Warlike Outlook in China. Democratic Split in Montana.
2. Philippine Commission's Report. Rebels Becoming More Active. Bryan Getting Facetious. Imperialists are Very Scarce.
3. Daylight Bank Robbery at Reno. Galveston is Fast Recovering. Brought to an Acute Crisis. Fire Brand Viljoen's Movement.
4. Instigation of German Note. Steps Toward Reparation.
5. Corbett Cables Denial to His Wife. Close Finishes at Stockton. Row at Brooklyn Ball Game.
6. Liners: Classified Advertising.
7. The Times Home Study Circle. Our Daily Story.
8. Editorial Page: Paragraphs. Campaign Issues Discussed.
9. All Along the Line: Coast Notes.
10. The Public Service: Official Doings. Poor Hay for Fire Horses. Footpad Peached on His Pals.
11. Methodist Conference Proceedings.
12. County Convention Adjourns. The Several Candidates Chosen.
13. Oil Exchanges Again at War.
14. Financial and Commercial. Local Produce Quotations.
15. Southern California by Towns. Personal: Men and Women.
16. City in Brief: Dots and Dashes. Home News and Local Business.

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. Big fish record at Catalina....Germany buying horses at Lompoc....Elsinore merchant injured....Murderer of Deputy Sheriff Wilson killed in Mexico....Postmasters at sea near Anaheim....Galveston benefit to be given in Pomona....Santa Monica lineman's accident....Highland Republican rally....Two gas plants for Long Beach....Good fund for Galveston at Santa Ana....Republican rally at Nordhoff....American Club of Pasadena closes its membership list....Santa Barbara county fair opened.

FOREIGN BY CABLE.—Viljoen trying to protract the Boer war....Nelspduit occupied by British....Krugers's sailing date....Mob wreck San Juan, Porto Rico, newspaper plant....Cuban political outlook....Rebels becoming more active in Luzon.

THE CITY. Charter freeholders strike a snag....Republican County Convention completes its work....Mrs. Rose Proctor's victory over the Santa Fé. Lake Vineyard Water Company finally wins....Footpad Bolden turns States' evidence....Methodist conference doings....Another war started between oil exchanges....Democratic County Convention today....Fire horses get poor hay....Health Officer investigating suspected typhoid cases....Many street lamp outages....Galveston fund swelling....Mrs. Libby robbed on a car....Hostler tries to commit suicide.

PACIFIC COAST. Reno, Nev., bank robbed by three daring desperadoes. Summary of weather and crop conditions....Careless operator charged with manslaughter....Retired rancher attempts suicide....Trial of boy poisoner begun....Salinas forest fire spreading. Santa Cruz to have a woolen mill.

CHINA. Germany's note brings Chinese situation to an acute crisis. Minister Wu greatly wrought up over it....Demands on China considered to preface a declaration of war... President will endeavor to curb the Kaiser's bloodthirsty designs....Li Hung's attempt to make scapegoats of innocent mandarins....Imperial edicts command punishment of Boxers.

POLITICAL. Democratic split assures Republican victory in Montana....Gov. Roosevelt carries his campaign into Idaho....Bryan tries to get back at Hanna....Judge Hornblower still opposed to free silver....John P. Irish to stump Indiana for McKinley.

SPORTS.—Corbett cables his wife denying reports of his elopement—Wife says she will not return to him....Neck-and-neck finishes at Stockton....Favorite players lose at Gravesend....Outsiders win at Kinlock Park....Even break at Windsor....Bessie Macklin outfooted by Sly....Big crowd at Columbus....Rain spoils Fort Wayne sport....Results at Fort Erie....Brooklyn ball game ends in a row....Jeffries gives Fitzsimmons more time.

GENERAL EASTERN.—Philippine Commission says insurrection is kept alive by hope of change of American policy....Normal conditions fast being restored at Galveston....Quiet day in Pensylvania Coal Fields....Municipal League meets at Milwaukee....Death of Gen. John McClernand....Belle Archer dead.

PRESIDENT'S MIND MADE UP.
GERMANY TO GET QUICK ANSWER.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—With the German proposition to postpone peace negotiations with China until the persons responsible for the Peking outrages are punished, and the French and Russian notifications of the purpose of those governments to begin such negotiations at once, awaiting him, the President found much matter of importance to dispose of upon his arrival in Washington from Canton this morning. He lost no time in notifying the officials he desired to consult on his return, and today was largely given up to private discussion. Although it was stated that no answer to the German note would be ready today, it appeared that the President, after talking over the situation with Atty.-Gen. Griggs, acting Secretary Hill and Assistant Secretary Adee, has arrived at a conclusion as to the nature of the response to be made.

The German government apparently is anxious for a speedy answer, as Baron Sternberg paid two visits to the State Department after the German note was delivered. The Chinese Minister also was twice at the State Department today, seeking to influence the government not to agree to the joint action suggested in the German note.

POWERS ARE DIVIDED.

The conclusion reached from the day's developments is that the powers are divided as to China, and that at present Germany and Great Britain stand aligned against France and Russia, while both sides are ardently seeking the adherence of the United States government. The issue appears to be made up in such shape as to dismiss further hope of attaining that harmony of action respecting China that the President has been seeking so far, and the point apparently has been reached where the United States must take sides or at once proceed to act entirely independent of other powers in reaching a settlement. The Chinese government is urging the latter course upon the State Department, but thus far there has been a restraining force in this country to avoid making the United States the first of the powers to break the solid front that has been maintained up to the present time, in dealing with the question.

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ENTENTE.

The first determination to begin peace negotiations with China seems to have been reached by the French and Russian governments, which have made known their purposes to proceed with negotiations with Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching as soon as feasible. This doubtless will have an important influence on the present negotiations, which are hinging to a considerable extent on the opening of peace negotiations. Within the last few days the United States Minister at Paris, Gen. Horace Porter, has been seen frequently at the office of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse, and it is understood that sentiments of the most friendly accord have been exchanged between the two countries. As France is acting with Russia, this determination appears to remove any prospect of a modification of the Russo-Franco determination to withdraw from Peking. It also disposes of all questions as to the credentials of Li Hung Chang and places France in a position of being ready to proceed on the credentials he has brought forward. If it is the purpose of France and Russia to begin peace negotiations, it would follow that at least some of the great powers will not concur in the German note requiring the surrender of the chief Chinese ringleaders as an indispensable prerequisite to the opening of peace negotiations. Whether there is any connection between the German note and the Franco-Russian conclusion to go on with the negotiations, is purely conjecture, but it is probably significant that they come at about the same time.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

An important conference over the answer to the German note was held at the White House tonight. The parties to the conference were the President, Atty.-Gen. Griggs, the only Cabinet officer in the city; Dr. Hill, acting Secretary of State; Assistant Secretary of State Adee and Gen. Corbin, who, by Executive order, is acting Secretary of War. The President entertained these gentlemen at dinner, and the subsequent conference lasted until 11 o'clock. At its close, one of the participants said no final action was taken. It is understood, however, that the answer of this government, as now framed, is now in effect a diplomatic refusal to accede to the German proposal.

(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.)

HORNBLOWER STILL OPPOSED TO BRYAN.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] William B. Hornblower, whom Cleveland once nominated for Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and who was one of the prominent Gold Democrats four years ago, is out with a letter in which he tells why he is going to support McKinley and Roosevelt. He says in part:

"The same reasons which compelled me to oppose Bryan in 1896 compel me to oppose him in the present campaign. All the heresies, financial and Populistic, which were embodied in the un-Democratic platform of 1896, are readopted without attempt at modification or mollification by the Kansas City platform. The 16-to-1 plank is expressly reaffirmed and redeclared, and this at the instance of Bryan himself. I cannot support a candidate who still adheres to a proposition which, to my mind, is a monstrosity and which, if carried into effect, would, in my judgment, produce untold disaster to all classes of the community, and bring dishonor and humiliation to the nation."

[POLITICAL.]

SPLIT IN MONTANA.

Dalyites Bolt the Convention.

Election of Republican Ticket Assured.

Two Democratic Tickets Will be Put in the Field.

Roosevelt Carries His Campaign into Idaho—Bryan Replies to Hanna's Taunts.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

HELENA (Mont.,) Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The expected has happened, and to the tune of "Dixie" those delegates to the State convention known as the Daly faction from Butte, Anaconda and portions of those from other counties, marched out of the Democratic State Convention at 9:30 o'clock tonight. They were headed by John R. Toole and numbered 91 against 253 remaining. Toole announced that another convention would be held tomorrow morning, at which the present State officials will be renominated.

Chairman Neill called the Democratic State Convention to order in the Auditorium at noon today, and introduced Walter Cooper of Bozeman as temporary chairman. The usual committees were appointed and a recess taken to permit the preparation of reports upon reassembling at 2:30 o'clock a further recess was taken until 7:30 p.m., the Committee on Credentials answering that it had not reached an agreement.

The State Central Committee by a decisive vote seated the Clark delegates from Butte, although the Daly faction has always had control and far outnumbers the Clarkites in the latter's home. The Committee on Credentials also decided to seat the Clark delegates from the four contesting counties. The entire afternoon was spent in a futile attempt to arrange a compromise, the Clark men going so far as to offer to seat half of each delegation, but all overtures were rejected.

The Populist and Labor conventions are in enforced idleness awaiting the action of the Democratic body, but they will doubtless fuse with the Clark faction tomorrow.

The first business at the evening session was the reading of the report of the Committee on Credentials. The report was, after a long wrangle, adopted by a vote of 253 to 91. Immediately upon announcement of the vote, the Dalyites declined to participate further and left the hall in a body.

Temporary organization was then made permanent, and the platform, which reaffirms the Kansas City platform, favors free silver; an eight-hour law for miners, denounces trusts, charges the present national administration with aiding trusts by favorable legislation, demands the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, indorses the record of W. A. Clark and demands his re-election, was adopted unanimously.

After appointing a committee to confer with the Populists and Labor party, an adjournment was taken until 10 a. m., when the other conventions will also meet.

There is great joy in Republican circles tonight as the result of the Democratic row, meaning as it does not only the election of the entire Republican ticket, but two United States Senators as well. A local paper prints a story that Clark men in Butte yesterday were offering $100 and expenses to those who would come to Helena and "whoop it up" for Clark, as one witness expressed it in Washington during the recent Senatorial investigation.

MAY GO ON THE STUMP.
HANNA ENJOYS SPEAKING.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Senator Hanna, encouraged by the reception given his speech yesterday at the Commercial McKinley Club meeting, has about decided to go upon the stump during the last two weeks of the campaign. He will leave Saturday night for New York, returning in ten days to resume personal control of the national campaign in the West.

Today several delegations called upon Senator Hanna, asking him to make campaign speeches.

"As the constant drop of water wears away the hardest stone, you fellows may get me yet," the Senator said to his visitors. "I am becoming more and more impressed with my ability as a campaign speaker. But then I am not paid for that. My salary is drawn for other work. However, I will probably make a few speeches here in Chicago, and may conclude to devote considerable time during the latter part of the campaign to speech-making."

Tomorrow night Senator Hanna will make a speech at the Marquette Club banquet. All the members of the Republican National Committee now in Chicago will attend the banquet.

Chairman Johnson and Secretary Walsh of the Democratic National Committee today characterized Senator Hanna's speech of yesterday as buncombe. "I observe," said Mr. Walsh, "that Mr. Hanna asserts there are no trusts in this country, and at the same time charges that Senator

BRYAN TRIES TO GET BACK AT SENATOR HANNA.

Jones is a member of the cotton bale trust. How can Senator Jones be interested in a trust if there is no trust in the country? Senator Hanna seems to have tripped himself."

IMPERIALISTS ARE VERY SCARCE.

Roosevelt Unable to Find a Single One—Rough Rider Speaks in Idaho.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

POCATELLO (Idaho,) Sept. 19.—The Roosevelt special train arrived at Pocatello a few minutes after 6 o'clock this evening. During the day stops were made at Rexburg, St. Anthony, Idaho Falls and Blackfoot. Short speeches were made by Gov. Roosevelt, by John Proctor Clarke and others. Senator Shoup and Senator Carter accompanied the party throughout the day.

On its journey the train today passed through the famous valley of St. Anthony, which in the period of five years has sprung from a dry, barren waste to a land blossoming like a garden, with smiling fields of grain. In its valley are also large herds of cattle and sheep.

At Rexburg, Gov. Roosevelt was introduced by Ben E. Rich, a wealthy and influential Mormon, who has charge of the missionary work of the Mormon church in eleven States of the South. Most of the people of this place belong to the Mormon church. Gov. Roosevelt in his speech said:

EXPANSION, NOT IMPERIALISM.

"Imperialism, you hear talked of. What does it mean? It means nothing. There is not an imperialist in the country that I have yet met. Expansion, yes; playing the part of a great nation. Why am I speaking to you? Because you and your forefathers expanded into this country; because you moved in here in your white-topped wagons and came across the plains, and over the mountains of Utah to become miners and ranchmen, and when you got here, you began to irrigate the soil. And that is one of the problems of the nation, and the nation has got to help in solving it.

"Expansion has been the law of our national growth. It is a great thing to have material prosperity. It is a great thing to be able to establish railroads, factory and farm. It is a greater thing to be able to point to men of the nation who did the deeds of the nation. What is it that we look back to with the greatest pride? It is the mighty deeds done by men of American name. It is the fact that the wilderness here has been conquered by you men of the West. It is the way our people have moved forward and suffered death, enduring risks and hardships because they were the mighty men of the people who have inherited the earth. To each generation is allotted its task.

"We must go and play a part among the nations of the world. A great nation must do its great work. When it stops doing its work, it is because it has stopped doing things that make it a great nation. We have got to stand in the forefront of the nations of the earth at all times. You have come so far across the continent that you look towards the West; that you look toward Puget Sound and the mouth of the Columbia and where the Golden Gate looks through the long, heaving waters across the greatest of all oceans. There across the great ocean lies the chance for us to double, treble and quadruple our wealth and our power and our national renown.

"I have yet to meet in this country the first imperialist. I never read of one except in Democratic platforms. I have not found him yet. I'll tell you what I have found and what I believe in; that is the expansionists."

THE STRENUOUS LIFE.

At Blackfoot, Gov. Roosevelt made a speech in the Courthouse square in which he said:

"Some seventeen or eighteen years ago I was here. I lived in parts of the West where it was middling rough and where a man would occasionally escape a licking if he accepted a kicking. He could get peace on those terms, but it was not a permanent peace, because when it was discovered that he took a kicking easily other people took a part in the exercise. Now, if we had let the Southern States go we would have had war after war and we would have trodden a bloody path in consequence. Exactly as the generation of the past did its great work well, so we have got to do our lesser work well. When the men of our nation cease to give aid and comfort to our enemies, peace will come to the Philippines."

QUESTION OF TRUSTS.

At Pocatello Gov. Roosevelt addressed two meetings tonight, one at Pavilion Hall and the other at Lewis Hall. Both were largely attended. His speeches were devoted mostly to the question of trusts. After contrasting the amount of wages paid now with those of four years ago, he said:

"All I ask is that in your effort to cut down the trusts you do not also cut down the wage-worker. You should not vote so as to bring ruin upon the wage-worker's wife and children, for when hard times come, when disaster and panic are abroad in the land and times are hard, it may be hard for the men, but it is harder still for the women and children; it is harder for those dependent upon him. Do not vote to injure yourselves in your endeavor to get at the man you would like to get at, for I think we can get at them if we go honestly, rationally and quietly about it. The man of the trust would be hurt a great deal less than you by any great commercial disaster. The speculator can do more to protect himself than you can, though it may hurt him. He may be badly off, but he will not be as badly off as the others. We will find out how to get at the trusts. It is not easy to point out how it can be done, but it is very easy to point out some ways in which it cannot be done. The worst of these ways is to go into hysterics. Nobody ever gained anything by going into hysterics yet, and it is bad for the person indulging in them. Sometimes we have legislation that verges on the hysterical. Just think of the amendments to the anti-trust laws that have been passed during the past six or eight years, and think how little most of them amount to. Compare the accomplishment with the promises on the part of the people who promised the most.

"Mr. Bryan said four years ago, again and again, that unless you elected him you would have harder times than ever. Now, I ask, what has been your experience? I ask you if wool did not sell at about 8 cents five or six years ago, and whether it does not sell for double that now? You may remember the story of the farmer who voted for free wool eight years ago, who said he had come within 8 cents of getting it. Compare the prices you got four years ago with those you get now. Compare the earnings of the wage-worker now with what he got then, and see what it is for your interest to do now."

ROOSEVELT'S SPECIAL.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

REXBURG (Idaho,) Sept. 19.—The special train composed of the private coach Minnesota, in which Gov. Roosevelt travels, a sleeping coach and a day coach with correspondents, and an extra day coach for guests of the Governor and visiting statesmen and advance committees, with a baggage car, pulled out from Butte this morning at 2 o'clock on its journey to Pocatello. The first stop was made at Market Lake, Idaho, at the request of Senator Shoup. Senator Carter introduced Gov. Roosevelt to the crowd from the back platform, but the stop was not long enough for any remarks, and the people were content with a bow and admonition that if they were true Americans they would stand for the policy that represents true Americanism.

D. E. Burley, general passenger agent of the Oregon Short Line, had charge of the train today, and J. F. Baker, superintendent of the Pullman service, was on board looking after the comfort of the newspaper men.

At Rexburg the first stop of the day was made, and an address was made to the people at the operahouse.

BRYAN WAXES FACETIOUS.

Cracks a Few Jokes at the Republicans' Expense and Goes for Hanna.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.,) Sept. 19.—The Democrats of St. Joseph had engaged a special train over the Burlington to convey W. J. Bryan from this city to Lincoln, after his speech here this afternoon, but when Mr. Bryan heard of the arrangement he declined to use the train, and said he preferred to travel on the regular train which left at 6:40 o'clock.

Bryan was greeted by 10,000 people at the baseball park upon his arrival a few minutes before 2 o'clock this afternoon. He spoke for nearly two hours, and the crowd did not want him to stop them.

At Atchison, Mr. Bryan said:

"I notice the Republicans try to make the paramount issue that of prosperity, and as I came down the street I noticed that next to a tombstone establishment very properly Republican headquarters are located. There is sometimes great significance in incidents; sometimes it seems as if there is a divinity that shapes our ends and brings into close conjunction those things that naturally ought to go together."

In speaking of the effects of the trusts, Mr. Bryan warned the farmers not to get caught in the barbs, as barbed wire went up under the influence of the barbed-wire trust.

"I know nothing of more pathetic," he said, "than to see a Republican farmer dangling in midair from a barbed-wire fence and shouting for McKinley."

At this point some one in the crowd shouted for McKinley. Mr. Bryan turned upon him, and asked:

"Is it the McKinley who denounced Grover Cleveland's financial policy, or the one who adopted it? Is it the McKinley who said it was 'our plain duty to give free trade to Porto Rico,' or the McKinley who signed the bill taking free trade from Porto Rico? Is it the McKinley who said 'forcible annexation would be criminal aggression,' or is it the McKinley who now believes in forcible annexation and criminal aggression? I am glad to have a Republican cheer for his candidate, but I think we ought to know which candidate he is indorsing."

Referring to the trusts, Mr. Bryan said that the letters of acceptance of both McKinley and Roosevelt had warned the people that combinations of capital should not be hurt.

"They spend more time in pleading for the good trusts than in condemning the bad trusts," he said.

Discussing the plea that the acquisition of the Philippines had divine sanction, Mr. Bryan said: "I have seen Republicans going up and down the land telling what God wanted when everybody who knows them, knows that God would never let them know what He was going to do for fear they would forestall the market. Who speaks with divine authority? Who is in power to reveal that authority? To reveal the will of the Almighty?"

HITS AT HANNA.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LEAVENWORTH (Kas.,) Sept. 19.—A special train over the Missouri Pacific bore Mr. Bryan out of Kansas City today. The change from the regular coaches with the accompanying crowds and endless chain of handshakings, was evidently most welcome to the candidate, for, although he has made no complaint, it has been evident that the strain of the past few days, with no opportunity for rest or retirement, has not had an agreeable effect upon him.

This is the last of the three days' Kansas-Missouri border tour and it was begun at 8 o'clock.

The first stop was made here and Mr. Bryan spoke for half an hour from the rear platform. Mr. Bryan's attention was called to a speech made at Delphi, Ind., by Senator Hanna, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, in which he said that he was ready to debate the question of imperialism with Mr. Bryan or any other Democrat.

In reply to the question whether he would accept the challenge from Mr. Hanna, Mr. Bryan said: "No challenge has been received and I would not accept it if it were. While I would be glad to debate public questions with the Republican candidate for the Presidency, I would not be willing to debate with one whose responsibility is less than my own. If I am elected I shall be President. If the Republican Committee will certify that Mr. Hanna is to be President, in case of Republican success, I shall willingly meet him in joint debate."

Mr. Bryan was asked if he had anything to say in reply to Mr. Hanna's charge that he was moved by sinister motives in securing the ratification of the treaty with Spain. To this he replied:

"I have given my reasons for believing it better to ratify the treaty and declare the nation's policy by resolution, and the voters have an opportunity to pass judgment upon my reasons. I must confess, however, that Mr. Hanna is an expert when he discusses sinister motives, but I can stand his criticism if Senator Hoar can endure his praise."

CROWD AT LEAVENWORTH.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LEAVENWORTH (Kan.,) Sept. 19.—The crowd which greeted Mr. Bryan here was large and enthusiastic. Mr. Bryan said that the Democratic platform is in the interest of the people. He wanted not to injure the rich, but to promote harmony among all classes. He declared that in order to be in good standing at the present time a Republican must be able to change his convictions upon a moment's warning. The Republicans had changed upon silver, the greenback, the income tax, militarism and other questions.

"I read in the morning paper," said Mr. Bryan, "a speech made by Mr. Hanna yesterday, in which he said there are no trusts. When I used to want humorous reading I would go to those books which contained a collection of the writings of humorists. But now when I want to read something funny I read Mr. Hanna's serious campaign speeches. 'There are no trusts.' Can you expect the Republican party to destroy the trusts when the leader of the Republican party says there are no trusts?"

Mr. Bryan asserts that the Republican party has completely changed its code of morality and has adopted the motto that might makes right. It stands now, he said, for the violation of all the principles present at the birth of the party.

HOME AGAIN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LINCOLN (Neb.,) Sept. 19.—William J. Bryan arrived at his home here at 11 o'clock. With the exception of a few excursions into the State, Mr. Bryan expects to remain quiet in Lincoln until next Tuesday, when he will start upon the final tour of the campaign.

HOPEFUL JONES.

MORE HOPEFUL THAN EVER.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Senator James K. Jones left for Chicago this evening. Before leaving he said:

"The situation in the East is very favorable for the election of Mr. Bryan. It has improved wonderfully since I last was here. The situation in the State is excellent so far as the election of Mr. Bryan and the State ticket is concerned. The situation in the States of Connecticut and New Jersey exceeds the expectations I had before this, my last visit, and I am hopeful that Mr. Bryan will carry these States. I am sure that he will carry West Virginia and Maryland, and I might say that Delaware can safely be placed in the Democratic column."

Senator Jones does not expect to return to this city before election day. The sub-committee will have full charge of the campaign in the East.

According to information given out at headquarters, ex-Secretary of State Olney will speak before the Iroquois Club of Chicago soon, for Bryan.

J. P. IRISH IN INDIANA.

WILL STUMP FOR M'KINLEY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.,) Sept. 19.—The National Committee of the Gold Democrats made arrangements tonight for John P. Irish of California to speak at English's operahouse Thursday night, September 27. He will probably speak every day he is in the State after Thursday.

PROHIBITION JUNKET.

REAR-PLATFORM CAMPAIGN.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—The Prohibition rear-platform campaign began at 8:30 a.m. today, when a special train pulled out of the Union depot over the Burlington railroad. Among those aboard were John G. Woolley, candidate for President, and Henry B. Metcalf, candidate for Vice-President. The train will run through Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and other Central and Western States.

HAWLEY REPUBLICANS.

PUT UP A TICKET IN TEXAS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.,) Sept. 19.—The Hawley wing of the Texas Republican convention has nominated a State ticket. R. E. Nauny is the nominee for Governor.

Proposals from the middle-of-the-road Populists for fusion were rejected.

The Hawley Republicans of the Eighth Congress District nominated N. A. Dodge of Fort Worth for Congress. Those of the Ninth District nominated T. H. Dwyer for Congress.

CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATS.

STATE ORGANIZERS NEEDED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—The most important result of a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee today was the adoption of a motion instructing Chairman Sims to appoint an organiser for each Congress district, whose duty it shall be to call the State committeemen of the district together and adopt means to raise the $1000 assessed to each district.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE MEETS.

Papers Read and Officers for Ensuing Year Elected—One Hundred Delegates in Attendance.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 19.—The sixth annual meeting of the Municipal League opened here today with 100 delegates in attendance. In the absence of President James C. Carter of New York, First Vice-President Charles Richardson of Philadelphia presided.

Clinton Rogers Woodruff of Philadelphia, secretary of the National Municipal League, read a paper of "A Year's Municipal Development." The report of the treasurer, George Burnham, Jr., of Philadelphia, was then submitted.

These officers were elected: President, James C. Carter, New York; first vice-president, Charles Richardson, Philadelphia; second vice-president, Samuel B. Capen, Boston; third vice-president, Thomas M. Strong, Portland, Or.; secretary, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia; treasurer, George Burnham, Jr., Philadelphia. Charles J. Bonaparte of Baltimore was elected chairman of the Executive Committee.

Tonight, designated as "Wisconsin night," was devoted to a large public meeting at the Pabst Theater.

CUBAN POLITICS.

Revolutionary Element Will Probably Control the Constitutional Convention—Charges of Fraud.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

HAVANA, Sept. 19.—[By West Indian Cable.] The results of the elections of delegates to the forthcoming constitutional convention are being freely discussed by the Havana delegates and other prominent Cubans. The conclusion reached is that the convention will be controlled by the revolutionary element.

In the main the delegates are capable men. Most of them, it is said, are in favor of immediate and absolute independence without the intervention of a protectorate. The defeated Republicans and fusionists here have raised a cry of fraud, and have already held a mass meeting to protest against illegal practices.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Malalos, Bolivia, reports that the Bolivian forces have occupied Puerto Alonzo, the stronghold of the revolution in Acre.

[THE PHILIPPINES.]

TRUTH TOLD— LIES NAILED.

Commission Reports on Island Conditions.

Rebellion Kept Alive by American "Aunties."

Anarchy and Chaos Would Surely Result from Change of Policy.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—On August 17, Secretary Root cabled the Philippine Commission for a report of its operations to date. Following is the dispatch and the reply of the commission, cabled on August 21:

"WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, Aug. 17, 1900.—To Philippine Commission, Manila: The President wishes you to report by cable the views of commission on the general condition of the islands as to peace and industry; business and revenue conditions prevailing; progress of opportunity for education; disposition of the people toward the United States; what improvement in this particular; the present extent of the insurrection; how much of the archipelago is tranquil; how much is still in disturbed state; probable continuance of guerrilla warfare and influences operating to prolong it; how it can best be brought to a close; conditions and requirements of civil government.

[Signed] "ROOT,
"Secretary of War."

TEXT OF THE REPORT.

"MANILA, Aug. 21.—Secretary of War, Washington: Replying to dispatch, commission reports: It has for two months and a half made diligent inquiries into conditions prevailing. Mass of people has aptitude for education, but is ignorant, superstitious and credulous in a remarkable degree. Hostility against Americans was originally aroused by absurd falsehoods of unscrupulous leaders. Distribution of troops in 300 posts has by contact largely dispelled hostility and steadily improved temper of people. This improvement, furthered by abuses of insurgents, affirms that large number of people long for peace, and are willing to accept government under United States. Insurgents not surrendering after defeat have divided into small guerrilla bands under general officers or become ladrones. Nearly all prominent generals and politicians of insurrection, except Aguinaldo, have since been captured or have surrendered and have taken oath of allegiance.

"Policy of leniency culminating in amnesty had marked effect to induce surrenders until defining of political issues in United States, reported here in full, gave hope to insurgent officers still in arms, of changed policy and stayed surrenders to await result of elections. Disturbances in parts of islands, kept up and avowed by insurgent proclamation and orders, to influence election, do not show unfriendly attitude of majority of people of provinces where they occur, but only activity of small insurgent bodies in mountain fastnesses whence they issue for usually harmless night attacks, or murderous ambush of small American squads, or to collect contributions or recruit from people terrorized by cutting out tongues, cutting off limbs, burying alive, murder and plunder. Difficulty of detection enables insurgents to maintain surveillance over people even in some garrisoned towns. Uncertainty as to future policy of United States and defenselessness of people without arms largely prevent them aiding Americans in suppressing outrages.

PROGRESS TOWARD PEACE.

"Despite these difficulties, maintenance of status quo makes for more peaceful conditions. All Northern Luson, except in Neuvaecija and Bulacan, is substantially free from insurgents. People are busy planting and are asking for municipal organization. Railway and telegrph lines from Manila to Dagupan, 123 miles, have not been molested for five months. In excepted provinces and paris of provinces of Southern Luzon, insurrecto bands dodge from one mountain refuge to another and give occasional trouble. Tagalogs alone active in leading guerrilla warfare, have succeeded in recruiting bands among the Visayans in Samar, Leyte and parts of Panay, which maintain themselves by method described. In Negros, Cebu, Romb on, Masbate, Sibuyan, Tablas, Bohol and other Visayan islands, little disturbance exists, and civil government is eagerly awaited. Near Cayagan in Mindanao, old Tagalog penal settlement, considerable force of ladrones makes neighboring country dangerous and disturbance exists at Surigao, but in south of this large, sparsely-settled island at Zamboanga, Cottabatto and other points, the country is tranquil.

"Four years of war and lawlessness in parts of islands have created unsettled conditions and unguarded American or foreigner traveling ordinary trails far from garrisons and attracting cupidity, runs risk of violence even in pacified provinces. Native constabulary and militia which should be organized at once will end this and the terrorism to which defenseless people are subjected. Natives desire to enlist in these organizations. If judiciously selected and officered, will be sufficient force for maintenance of order and will permit early material reduction of United States troops.

CHANGE MEANS ANARCHY.

"It is conceded by all but men in arms, and is implied in their proclamation, that if election confirms present policy remnant of insurrection will disappear within sixty days by surrender of leaders and fading out of rank and file. Ladrones, in part a heritage from Spanish rule, will continue, but can be suppressed by measures. Existing insurrecto organization now maintained with greatest difficulty for purposes stated. Effort is to mass enough insurgents to crush one of our small garrisons for political effect, but hitherto without result. Change of policy by turning islands over to a coterie of Tagalog politicians will blight their fair prospects of enormous improvement, drive out capital, make life and property, secular and religious—most insecure; banish by fear of cruel proscription considerable body of conservative Filipinos who have aided Americans in well-founded belief that their people are not now fit for self-government, and reintroduce the same oppression and corruption which existed in all provinces under Malolos insurgent government during the eight months of its control. The result will be fractional strife between jealous leaders, chaos and anarchy, and will require and justify active intervention of our government or some other.

BUSINESS MUCH IMPROVED.

"Business interrupted by war is much improved as peace extends, but investment of new capital is retarded by doubt concerning the policy of the United States. In Negros more sugar is in cultivation than ever before. New forestry regulations give impetus to timber trade and reduce high price of lumber. Cultivation of rice in some provinces is retarded by loss of draft cattle through disease and war. Meat is now 15 cents a pound. Customs collections for last quarter were 50 per cent. greater than ever in Spanish history, and August collections show further increase. Total revenue for same period was one-third greater than any quarter under Spain, though Cedula tax chief source of Spanish revenue, has been practically abolished. Economy and efficiency of military government have created surplus fund of six millions, Mexican, which should be expended in much-needed public works, notably improvement of Manila Harbor, the conditions of which with consequent delay and expense in landing goods, is a greater embargo on business than many nearly prohibitory tariff rates inherited from Spain and still operative. With proper tariff and facilities Manila will become the great port of the Orient. Spanish revenue laws throwing burden of taxation on the poor give the wealthy comparative immunity.

"Tariff now prevents importations from America of canned goods, machinery and other necessaries. Spanish inland revenue chiefly derived from poll tax, tax on small business, fishing license, the like, but no land tax. Are formulating laws remedying these evils, and confident that by judicious customs laws, reasonable ad valorem land tax, and proper corporation franchise tax, imposition of no greater rate than that in the average American State will give less annoyance, and with peace will produce revenue sufficient to pay expenses of efficient government, including military and constabulary. Bad condition of currency hinders business. Steps should be taken toward early resumption of gold standard. Are preparing stringent civil service law giving equal opportunities to Filipinos and Americans, with preference for former when qualifications are equal to enter at lowest rank and by promotion reach head of department. Municipal corporations are being organized on popular basis. Much needed reform in civil and criminal procedure; criminal code and judicial system favored by Filipino bar will be effected.

RAILROADS AND SCHOOLS.

"Railroad franchises should at once be granted. Railroads will revolutionise life and business in these wonderfully rich, beautiful and healthful tropical islands. Forty-five miles of railroad extension under negotiation will give access to large province rich in valuable minerals, a mile high, with strictly temperate climate curing tropical diseases. Railroad construction will give employment to many, and communication will furnish market to vast stretches of rich agricultural land.

"Calls from all parts of the island for public schools, school supplies and English teachers are greater than commission can provide until comprehensive school system is organized. Night schools for teaching English to adults are being established in response to popular demand. Native children show aptitude in learning English. Spanish is spoken by a small fraction of the people, and in a few years the medium of communication in courts, public offices and between different tribes will be English. Creation of central government within eighteen months, like that of Porto Rico, under which substantially all rights described in bill of rights in Federal constitution are to be secured to the people of the Philippines, will bring to them contentment, prosperity, education and political enlightenment.

[Signed]

"WILLIAM H. TAFT.
"DEAN C. WORCESTER.
"LUKE E. WRIGHT.
"HENRY C. IDE.
"BERNARD MOSES."

BRING HOME THE DEAD.

PLAN OF WAR DEPARTMENT.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Col. William S. Patten of the Quartermaster's Department on duty at the War Department has completed arrangements for the transportation to the United States of the remains of soldiers and sailors and civilians who lost their lives and were buried in the island of the Philippines and China.

According to the present plans of the department a burial corps will take passage on the transport Hancock, scheduled to leave San Francisco on October 1 for the Philippines. At the request of the Secretary of the Navy the same burial corps will undertake to perform similar service with respect to officers and enlisted men of the navy and Marine Corps buried in China and the islands of the Pacific. The corps will be in charge of D. H. Rhodes, inspector of national cemeteries, who was sent to the Philippines in November, 1899, on a similar errand.

When the transport stops at Honolulu to coal the bodies buried there will be taken up and made part of her cargo. Similar action will be taken at the Island of Guam and in the Philippines. Col. Patten says that the prevailing conditions in China will scarcely render practicable any disinterments in that country earlier than next spring.

All the remains recovered are to be given honorable burial in the United States at places selected by the next of kin. In all cases where not otherwise ordered, interment will be made in the national cemeteries, with preference for the cemetery at the Presidio at San Francisco and Arlington, near Washington.

The approximate number of remains to be exhumed is 1331, distributed in the following places: Honolulu, 86 enlisted men of the army and 1 marine; Guam, 8 men of the navy; China, 3 officers of the army, 58 enlisted men of the army, and 37 men of the navy; Philippine Islands, 17 officers of the army, 1150 enlisted men of the army and 28 men of the navy.

SOLDIER DEAD.

MACARTHUR CABLES LIST.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Gen. MacArthur cables the following death lits:

Dysentery—August 15, Co. C, Nineteenth Infantry, Charles Sharp; August 31, Hospital Corps, Edward Nicholls; August 29, Co. L, Eighteenth Infantry, Herman Nagel; September 13, Co. M, Twenty-eighth Volunteer Infantry, Corp. Harold McLaughlin; September 8, Troop L, Third Cavalry, Fred Lacharite; Co. L, Twenty-ninth Volunteer Infantry, Lawrence Curley; September 7, Co. G, Thirteenth Infantry, Henry Hillman; August 21, Co. C, Forty-third Volunteer Infantry, Foy Gearhart; September 14, Co. G, Fourth Volunteer Infantry, James P. Gardiner; July 13, Co. A, Thirty-first Volunteer Infantry, Laurel Brown; August 5, Co. M, Sixth Infantry, John A. Sloan.

Diarrhoea—September 11, Co. L, Twenty-ninth Volunteer Infantry, Harry Foll; Co. L, Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry, George M. Sampsel; July 19, Co. L, Fourth Volunteer Infantry, John Sloan.

Typhoid fever—September 13, Co. H, Twenty-fourth Infantry, James T. Watson; September 1, Co. F, Forty-seventh Infantry; Musician Arthur W. Miles; August 29, Co. B, Forty-third Volunteer Infantry, James R. Campbell.

Malarial fever—August 26, Co. I, Forty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, John E. Bryan.

Drowned—September 4, Co. M, Forty-third Volunteer Infantry, Milton Anderson, Frank W. Johnson; August 4, Co. K, Eighteenth Infantry, Albert C. Laigie; August 24, Troop M, Fortieth Cavalry, James Dixon.

Killed by comrade—September 13, Co. C, Seventeenth Infantry, Sergt. Joseph McEntee.

Uraemic poisoning—September 18, Co. I, Thirty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, Quartermaster Sergeant Raymond Clark.

Anaemia—September 2, Co. G, Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, Edson B. Moore.

Oedematus laryngitis—August 23, Co. L, Cook Henry J. Klocking.

Appendicitis—September 8, Troop G, Eleventh Volunteer Infantry, Henry Frederick; September 14, Co. M, Twenty-second Infantry, Frank McAdams.

Pneumonia—September 11, Troop E, Fortieth Cavalry, George Manderville.

Cardiac degeneration—September 11, Co. L, Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry, Herman W. Kraemer.

REBELS BECOME MORE ACTIVE.

Ninety Americans Engage One Thousand Natives—Several Other Attacks.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

MANILA, Sept. 19.—[By Manila Cable.] During the last seven days there has been a distinct increase of insurgent aggression, particularly near Manila along the railroad and in the provinces of Laguna, Morong, Bulacan, Nueva Ecija and Pampanga, culminating Monday in an engagement near Similoan, at the east end of Laguna de Bay, in which detachments of the Fifteenth and Thirty-seventh United States Infantry regiments, ninety men all told, met 1000 insurgents, armed with rifles and entrenched.

The Americans' loss was twelve killed, including Capt. David Mitchell and Second Lieut. George A. Cooper, both of the Fifteenth Infantry; twenty-six wounded and five missing, who are probably dead. The enemy had been pursued for several days.

There are rumors of attacks on the railroad and of trouble in Manila. Refugees are arriving here from Lagun, Morong and Pampanga provinces. The natives of Manila are restless and many are leaving the city. The hostile demonstrations are particularly marked along the railroad and on the shores of Laguna de Bay. The insurgents have attacked garrisons and outposts. In some cases they have charged towns, fleeing when pursued. Guiguinto, Polo, Malolos and Caloocan have been subjected to this treatment.

The Manila mail escort of thirty men was attacked at Cabugao Lake, a two hours' fight ensuing. Cabugao was also attacked, the telegraph office there being destroyed. The insurgents have burned the village of Rosario. They have been cutting the telegraph and railroad a certain point.

Armed insurgents have appeared in the districts of San José, Guimba and Mariquina. In the province of Nueva Ecija ration wagons with escort of twelve were attacked and wagons burned. Five men of the escort are still missing. Advices from Cebu describe several attacks on American garrisons near the city.

The American casualties in the Similoan engagement it is impossible to ascertain, but they are estimated at fifteen.

The Philippine Commission is in long session today and passed the civil-service bill.

PLUGS PULLED BY SPANIARDS.

Hobson Says Dewey's Shell Fire Did Not Sink the Spanish Ships.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

VANCOUVER (B.C.,) Sept. 19.—In an interview with Lieut. R. P. Hobson, published in a local paper, Hobson is quoted as saying that Admiral Dewey did not sink the Spanish ships at Manila, but that the Spaniards opened the valves and scuttled the ships themselves. He bases his conclusions upon the fact that he saw the hulls of the Spanish fleet when the ships had been taken to Hongkong for repairs, and he says those hulls were uninjured below the water line. The pertinent part of the interview follows:

Asked in what condition he found the hulls of the Isla de Cuba, the Isla de Luzon, and the rest of the fleet when he arrived at Hongkong to superintend repairing operations, Lieut. Hobson said:

"The damage to the hulls was mainly the result of the six months' submersion. The upper works had been badly damaged by fire, the wood work having been destroyed and the iron plates being badly twisted by the heat."

"What, in your opinion was the direct cause of the foundering of the vessels?" he was asked.

"Oh, the Spaniards pulled out the plugs and opened the valves. They sank the ships themselves. Our shell fire did very little damage."

"Then they were not injured below the water line?"

"Very little," replied Hobson. "We had practically done them no damage there at all."

WE USE NO DUMDUM CARTRIDGES WRONGLY L[illegible]

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—[illegible] nance Bureau of the War Department recently called upon manufacturers of cartridges to stop printing on the label for cartridge boxes which indicated that the United States government was using soft-nosed or dumdum bullets. The bureau received reports from officers in the Philippines that the pasteboard boxes in which the cartridges are packed, upon which was the label saying that the cartridges were soft-nosed bullets used by the Krag-Jorgensen or standard United States rifles. As none of these cartridges have been purchased or manufactured for this government, the two departments the label were notified that such must stop.

GRAIN TRAFFIC POOLED.

Railroads Entering New York Enter into Agreement for Division of Business.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—[illegible] of Commerce says the railroads entering to this port have entered into an agreement, the effect of which will be to pool all their grain traffic. The agreement is not officially announced, and it will undoubtedly be kept secret in such a way as to avoid a violation of the interstate commerce law. But in practice it will amount to the pooling of the Central and West Shore roads, which 55 per cent. of all the lake grain coming to New York from Buffalo, while the Erie will get 20 per cent., leaving 20 per cent. to be distributed between the Lehigh Valley, the Lackawanna in the form of 16 per cent. for the Lehigh Valley and 4 per cent. for the Lackawanna.

The two roads last named are going to secure a slightly increased percentage of the business, which is possible, in view of the fact that the Vanderbilt roads are the owners of the new pool, that they will probably grant the Lehigh Valley and the Lackawanna from their own shares a little better percentage. Beyond these details have been arranged. The pool will, until recently, [illegible] agent of the Erie, has been appointed manager of the lake and canal traffic and will, in a day or two, issue a circular announcing to shippers and all others the new rates east of Buffalo. Mr. Harriott has full power to change rates from time to time as the circumstances of the situation may require, and will, in fact, have autocratic power. The warnings had been given and the fruit crops were stacked. Conditions have been favorable for grape picking and the gathering late crops.

The larger part of the grape crop has been gathered, and is now on the way to the markets. Reports of better than had been estimated, though not of good size in some sections, but the bulk of the crop will be undersized. Certain picking and curing are progressing, and in many sections of the State are moving better than expected. San Mateo reports that the grapes are unusually large and the yield very good. In the apple-growing districts the trees are heavily laden and good crops are expected. Canneries and dryers are handling enormous quantities of deciduous fruits, and eastern shipments of Gravensteins are ripening in large heavy. Southern California; there will be an unusually large percentage of small fruit. Citrus fruits continue in excellent condition, but would be benefited by the rain; the orange crop will probably be larger than usual, especially in Southern California. Wine making continues.

The cool, cloudy weather has been favorable for growth of corn, and there will be a good crop in many sections. The bean harvest is progressing. Sugar beets are yielding a light crop. Hop picking continues. Farmers are plowing for the coming season, and considerable work is being done in seeding summer fallow. There will probably be a large acreage of wheat sown this season.

BOY POISONER UP.

THEORY OF THE DEFENSE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

RENO, Sept. 19.—The trial of Fred Himes, the boy poisoner, on the charge of murdering his father two months ago, began in Judge Webb's department of the Superior Court today. The early part of the day was spent in a tedious endeavor to obtain a jury, there being a marked dislike to serve on it.

When the jury had been sworn, District Attorney Everts made his opening statement, which reviewed in full the facts of the poisoning. The witnesses for the prosecution were Dr. Davidson, the county physician, who had attended the poisoned man; Dr. W. F. Miller, who held the autopsy, and the stenographer, who swore to the transcript of testimony from the preliminary examination, which included the boy's confession.

The theory of the defense, as developed by the cross-examination and the direct testimony of three of its own witnesses, that were heard today, was that Himes was a drunkard and abusive of his children; that Fred Himes was a hard-working boy to caring for his younger brothers and sisters, and was unaware of the moral enormity of his crime; and, furthermore, that there was doubt as to the cause of Himes's death, whether it was the poison or the excessive use of liquor.

MANIAC'S MAD ACTS.

KILLS AND CREMATES CHILD.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SUMPTER (Or.,) Sept. 19.—Fred Kane, who resided with his wife and step daughter, a child about 7 or 8 years of age, six miles northwest of this place in a fit of temporary insanity today shot his wife and daughter, and burned the body of the latter by setting fire to their cabin home. He then attempted suicide by shooting himself. Persons passing on the road found Kane and his wife in a dying condition, and brought them to Sumpter. Both are thought to be mortally wounded. Kane shot himself through the lungs, and his wife was struck by a bullet just below the heart. Kane was married only a few months ago.

TRIAL OF DR. BOGLE.

DEFENDANT BACK IN JAIL.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA ROSA, Sept. 19.—The trial of Dr. S. S. Bogle, charged with killing J. M. Miller last April, began this morning before Judge Carroll Cook. Contrary to expectations, a jury was

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SANTA FE ROUTE
FOR—
CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY AND [illegible]
Personally Conducted Excursions
Ticket office Second and Spring Streets

ave been cutting the telegraph w
nd railroad a certain points.
Armed insurgents have develope
districts of San José, San
nd Mariquina. In the
ueva Ecija ration wagons with
escort of twelve were attacked and
agons burned. Five members of
escort are still missing. Advices fr
ebu describe several attacks
merican garrisons near the capita
The American casualties, outside
nilean engagement it is difficult
certain, but they are at least
en.
The Philippine Commission held
ass session today and passed
vil-service bill.

WE USE NO DUMDUMS.

ARTRIDGES WRONGLY LABELE

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Or
nce Bureau of the War Departme
ently called upon manufacturers
rtridges to stop printing and usi
el for cartridge boxes which
ted that the United States gover
nt was using soft-nosed dumd
llets. The bureau received from t
ficers in the Philippines the type
ateboard boxes in which the
dges are packed, upon which was
el saying that the cartridges w
ll-nosed bullets used by the Eng
vernmen or standard United
tes. As none of these bullets
n purchased or manufactured
e government, the two firms
e label were notified that such
ust stop.

AIN TRAFFIC POOLED.

Railroads Entering New York C
Enter into Agreement for the
vision of Business.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

EW YORK, Sept. 19.—The Jo
Commerce says the railroads
this port have entered into an
t, the effect of which will be t
their grain traffic. The
t is not officially termed a
it will undoubtedly be con
such a way as to avoid a vio
the interstate commerce law.
practice it will amount to the
bills getting over the New
tral and West Shore roads
per cent. of all the lake and
e coming to New York from
, while the Erie will get 2
, leaving 20 per cent. to be d
between the Lehigh Valley
two cents per cent. for the Lehigh Valley
per cent. for the Lackawanna.
the two roads last named are
to ensure a slightly larger
age of the business, and it
ible, in view of the fact that
derbilt roads are the initial
new pool, that they themselves
at the Lehigh Valley and the Lac
nna from their own share a slice
per percentage. Beyond this no
have been arranged. Frank H
until recently general
t of the Erie, has been appoi
ager of the lake and rail gra
and will, in a day or two, ha
vidual announcing to
pers and all others
new rates east of Buffalo.
rbilt has full power to change
from time to time as the
of the situation may require
fact, have autocratic
railroad grain situation
ain. Under the new arrang
will be made by Mr. Ke
will have to be lived up to
managers of the various
to Mr. Harriott all
grain shipments that they
with this information at his
Harriott will be able to
ficiency of the various rou
when necessary route the
to keep intact the variou
ages as agreed to. Grain rat
ffalo have recently been
rely cut. The lake and rail co
ed with wheat from Buffa
York on the basis of 3 cents
corn, at 2½ cents and oat
per 100 pounds. These
to have been cut ¾ to 1
wheat, and 1 for corn, while
for oats has been cut 1 or
per bushel to 1½c.

SUMMER RESORTS
Farm Day
—IN—
September
TO BE SPENT AT
Hotel del...
Coronado
DAYS
COMFORTABLE
THERE
—Fine Service—Splendid Table
Everything the Best.
CORONADO AGENCY,
200 S. Spring Street
F. Stevens, Agt.
ROUTE
AKE CITY AND BOSTO
by
ial Excursions.
and Spring Season.

[COAST RECORD.]

BANK ROBBED IN DAYLIGHT.

Daring and Successful Attack at Reno.

The Desperadoes Escape With Thousands.

Trial of a Boy Poisoner Begun at Fresno—Weather and Crop Conditions.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

RENO (Nev.,) Sept. 19.—A special to the Gazette from Winnemucca says the First National Bank was robbed at noon today by three desperate men, who entered the front door of the building and, with revolvers, made all present throw up their hands. There were five people in the bank at the time, Cashier Nixon, Assistant Cashier McBride, Book-keeper Hill, Stenographer Gibson and a horse-buyer named Thomas. The robbers threatened with instant death the first man who made a show of resistance.

The robber, at the point of a pistol, made Cashier Nixon open the safe and took from it three sacks of gold coin. He threw this in an ore sack, together with all the gold in the office drawer. The robbers then marched the party out through a back door to the stable, where they had three horses hitched. The men were kept covered with guns until the desperadoes had mounted their horses and escaped. The whole affair occurred in but five minutes and was a most daring piece of work.

A posse was quickly given and several shots were fired at the desperadoes as they sped through town. The robbers returned the shots, but no one was hurt. Officers and armed men have started in pursuit of the robbers, who took a course up the river. A posse has also started from Golconda to head them off, and it is thought they cannot escape. The amount secured by the robbers is not known to a certainty, but it is in the neighborhood of $15,000.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

SUMMARY OF WEEK'S CONDITION.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—The Department of Agriculture has issued the following summary of the weather and crop conditions existing during the week just ended:

The weather has continued cool and cloudy, or partly cloudy, and light rain has fallen in many parts of the State. Fruit drying has been retarded, but no damage has been done by the rains, as coverings had been given and the fruit was were stacked. Conditions have been favorable for grape picking and gathering late crops.

The larger part of the prune crop has been gathered, and is now on the dryers. The fruit is reported of better quality and has been estimated, and a good size in some sections, but the yield of the crop will be undersized. Grape picking and curing are progressing well, and in many sections this crop is moving better than expected. Telegraph reports that the grapes are unusually large and the yield very good. In the apple-growing districts the trees are heavily laden and good crops are expected. Canneries and dryers are handling enormous quantities of deciduous fruits, and eastern shipments are very heavy. Walnuts are ripening in Southern California; there will be an unusually large percentage of small nuts. Citrus fruits continue in excellent condition, but would be benefited by the rain; the orange crop will probably be larger than usual, especially in Southern California. Wine making continues.

The cool, cloudy weather has been favorable for growth of corn, and there will be a good crop in many sections. Harvest is progressing. Sugar beets are yielding a light crop. Hop picking continues. Farmers are preparing for the coming season, and considerable work is being done in seeding summer fallow. There will probably be a large acreage of wheat sown this season.

BOY POISONER UP.

HISTORY OF THE DEFENSE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

FRESNO, Sept. 19.—The trial of Holmes, the boy poisoner, on the charge of murdering his father two years ago, began in Judge Webb's department of the Superior Court today. The early part of the day was occupied in a tedious endeavor to obtain a jury, there being a marked dislike to serve on it.

When the jury had been sworn, District Attorney Deuprts made his opening statement, which reviewed in full the facts in the case of the poisoning. The witnesses for the prosecution were Dr. Davidson, the county physician, who had attended the poisoned man; Dr. W. P. Miller, who held the autopsy, and the stenographer, who swore to the transcript of testimony from the preliminary examination, which included the boy's confession.

The theory of the defense, as developed by the cross-examination and the direct testimony of three of its own witnesses, that were heard today, was that Himes was a drunkard and a source of his children; that Fred Holmes was a hard-working boy in caring for his younger brothers and sister, and was unaware of the moral enormity of his crime; and, furthermore, that there was doubt as to the cause of Himes's death, whether it was from poison or the excessive use of liquor.

MANIAC'S MAD ACTS.

KILLS AND CREMATES CHILD.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SCOTTER (Or.,) Sept. 19.—Fred Kane, who resided with his wife and only daughter, a child about 7 or 8 years of age, six miles northwest of this place is a fit of temporary insanity today shot his wife and daughter, and burned the body of the latter by setting fire to their cabin home. He then committed suicide by shooting himself. Persons passing on the road found Kane and his wife in a dying condition, and brought them to Sumpter. Both are thought to be mortally wounded. Kane shot himself through the lungs, and his wife was struck by a bullet just below the heart. Kane was married only a few months ago.

TRIAL OF DR. BOGLE.

DEFENDANT BACK IN JAIL.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA ROSA, Sept. 19.—The trial of Dr. E. E. Bogle, charged with killing C. M. Miller last April, began this morning before Judge Carroll Cook. Contrary to expectations, a jury was secured today. The introduction of evidence will begin tomorrow. On account of the prominence of the parties connected with the case, the trial has attracted much attention. When court adjourned this afternoon, both Dr. Bogle and the jury were remanded to the custody of the Sheriff. Dr. Bogle has been out on $20,000 bail.

Miller was a merchant and the trouble arose over a disputed bill alleged by Miller to be due him from Bogle. On the evening stated Bogle was passing Miller's residence on the corner of Johnson and Mendocino streets, when words passed in regard to the alleged bill. Bogle fired four shots, two taking effect. After Miller was carried to his home it was found that a pocket knife was the only weapon in his possession.

Neither Bogle nor his attorneys have ever made a statement what his defense would be, but friends close to him say it will be self-defense.

SALINAS FOREST FIRE.

BURNING THROUGH FOOTHILLS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SALINAS, Sept. 19.—The fire which has been burning for several days in the foothills on the eastern side of Salinas Valley, is still raging. It shows no signs of abatement it has spread around to the rear of Natividad, a small town near here, and is rapidly extending through the hills in the direction of Carneros, destroying everything in its path.

Mrs. J. Johnson and Miss Annie Lauritzen of Santa Rosa were severely injured in a runaway accident near Spreckels this afternoon.

MILL FOR SANTA CRUZ.

WHOLE TOWN CELEBRATES.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA CRUZ, Sept. 19.—There is much rejoicing tonight over the fact that the amount necessary to secure the woolen mill has been subscribed. Forty thousand dollars was raised. The Board of Trade held a jubilee meeting with a band and fireworks. The mill will be moved from Dallas, Or., and begin operations next January. It will employ about two hundred hands and have a monthly payroll of $5000. The work on the buildings begins next month. The money was raised by dividing a tract of forty acres into lots, which were sold for $200 each.

OFFICERS PAY FINES

FOR SMUGGLING CHINESE GOODS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—The officers of the United States hospital ship Solace will pay duty on the goods brought over from China after all, but they will make their payments in the shape of fines equal to the customs dues. Capt. Winslow, in behalf of his subordinates, has made this agreement with the revenue officers, who followed the vessel to the Mare Island navy yard. The goods consist of 135 packages of silks, Chinaware and other articles. The Solace brought over twenty Chinese without certificates, who will not be permitted to land.

CARELESS OPERATOR.

CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

VICTORIA (B. C.,) Sept. 19.—Nathan P. Dougan, the telegraph operator at Ladysmith, has been committed for trial on a charge of manslaughter for having caused the railroad accident in which four lives were lost on Saturday last. He admitted at the Coroner's inquest that the disaster was due to his neglect. In his evidence, he said that he had not looked to see if the train was in the yard when he reported it. He took it for granted that it was in, and wired the dispatcher without ascertaining whether it was or not.

VAIN ATTEMPT TO DIE.

RETIRED RANCHER INHALES GAS

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—E. W. Cowing, a retired rancher of Walnut Grove, Sacramento county, made an unsuccessful attempt to end his life this morning by inhaling gas in his room. He was removed to the Receiving Hospital, where it is stated he will recover.

Cowing disposed of his ranch a short time ago and came here to engage in the fruit business. His success was not as flattering as he had hoped for, hence the attempt to end his life.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Boy Poisoner on Trial.

FRESNO, Sept. 19.—Fred Hines, the thirteen-year-old boy who poisoned his father, was called for trial for murder today. The greatest difficulty is being experienced in securing a jury. A special venire was ordered.

Raisin Prices for Season.

FRESNO, Sept. 19.—The directors of the Raisin Growers' Association will fix this season's prices on all grades of raisins next Saturday afternoon. It is not thought there will be any radical change. It is expected that reports as to the crops will come in Friday.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—George W. Spotswood, a blacksmith of Petaluma, filed a petition in bankruptcy today in the United States District Court. He owes $319.95.

O. W. T. Ketelsen of Petaluma also filed a petition. He owes $1202.65.

J. H. Brackett, another petitioner, has liabilities to the amount of $2010.17.

Suicide or Accident.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—Robert R. Carlisle, an English mining man, was found dead this afternoon in his room in a French hotel at No. 726 California street. Gas flowed from one of the jets. The body lay on the bed. It is not known whether he committed suicide or lost his life accidentally.

Suicide of a Stranger.

RENO (Nev.,) Sept. 19.—A man committed suicide here this afternoon by taking laudanum. On his person was a letter signed Harry Livingston, No. 1212 Polk street, San Francisco, recommending him as a harness or shoemaker to parties at Overton, Cal. He was 40 years of age, with a heavy dark mustache, interlaced with gray. His name was probably Frank Castleton or Costello.

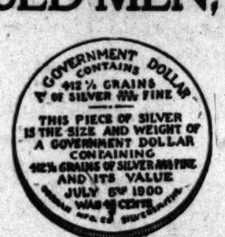
Women Want to Vote.

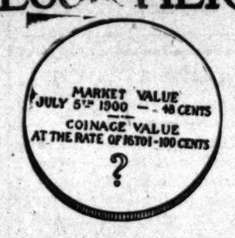
SANTA CRUZ, Sept. 19.—Today, a member of the W.C.T.U. demanded to be registered by County Clerk Miller so she could vote at the next election. The clerk told her it was contrary to law for women to register. She requested that he look further into the matter as she and a large delegation of ladies would appear at his office tomorrow and demand registration.

Marks Makes His Talk Good.

HAYWARDS, Sept. 19.—John Marks, one of the best-known farmers in Palomares Cañon, was found dead in his barn early this morning. He had taken a dose of strychnine some time during the night. For nearly a year Marks has been in poor health and had often talked of taking his life.

GOLD MEN, LOOK HERE!





DO YOU WANT AN UNANSWERABLE POCKET ARGUMENT for your silver friend? When next you meet him and he starts in on 16 to 1, take out this little pocket token and show it to him, and he will be dumb as an oyster. We have a limited number only. You want one sure—it's cheaper than talk. Our price is One Dollar each. By registered mail 10 cents extra.

Montgomery Bros., Jewelers and Silversmiths,

Douglas Building, Spring and Third Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

[TEXAS DISASTER.]

FAST RISING TO ITS FEET.

Work Goes on Unabated at Galveston.

Gov. Sayers Says Twelve Thousand Died.

Money and Supplies Sent Outside Districts—Texans Are Grateful.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

GALVESTON (Tex.,) Sept. 19.—Normal conditions are fast being restored in Galveston. The work of clearing the streets of débris continues unabated, and all relief work is now thoroughly systematized. Several human bodies were found today. No attempt was made to identify them, and they were immediately cremated.

MISS BARTON REMAINS.

The report that Miss Clara Barton is ill, and that she has been compelled to leave is an error. She is indisposed, though not seriously so, and remains in her room, from which she is directing the work of her associates. The Red Cross work is progressing smoothly, in conjunction with the local Relief Committee.

Efforts are being made to open the public schools on October 1, the date set before the storm for their opening. Three of the school buildings can be made habitable at slight cost.

The losses to the life-insurance companies are estimated at $500,000. Most of those who carried old-line policies escaped. The fraternal orders will lose quite heavily.

The lighthouse-department steamer Arbutus arrived today from Key West, and was tendered to the General Relief Committee.

MUCH GRAIN DAMAGED.

The wheat in elevator A is being turned over and put in shape to deliver to vessels. There were about ten thousand cars of wheat on track here and most of these show a peculiar condition on inspection. It appears that in nearly all of them there is a foot of wheat on the bottom to which the water arose. It was salt water and the wheat caked so hard that the "trier" used by the inspector will not penetrate it. The grain above this waterline appears not to have been damaged. The good grain is being transferred by hand to other cars today.

Hanna & Leonard's new elevator began business tonight. The British steamer Endeavor went under the spouts and is taking on a full cargo of wheat.

ESTIMATES OF DEAD.

The most reliable information obtainable places the number of dead at between 5000 and 5500.

A census bureau was established and placed in operation today. A mortuary bureau has also been opened where relatives or friends are to make oath of the known deaths of persons lost in the storm. These bureaus will materially assist in a more accurate record of the dead.

Insurance Inspector Youens has begun to go over the city to make a detailed report of the houses destroyed. The fire insurance companies are arranging to refund a pro rata on policies on houses and on furniture which have been destroyed and the holders thereof want them canceled.

Dr. George Lee inspector of hospitals and dispensaries today made a favorable report on the sanitary condition of the city.

TO CLEAR AWAY DEBRIS.

At a meeting of the General Relief Committee no one was found who would undertake to remove the city's débris on contract, as all state it would be impossible to make a definite statement. The nearest estimate the expert wreckers will make is that it will take 2000 men ninety days to clear away the débris and to get all of the bodies out, and that it will cost half a million dollars.

The board adopted a resolution stating that it was the opinion of the board that the best way to solve the problem of clearing away the débris was to let a contract to some one to do this work. They recommended to the General Committee that this be done.

GOV. SAYERS'S STATEMENT.

TWELVE THOUSAND FATALITIES.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

GALVESTON (Tex.,) Sept. 19.—Gov. Sayers tonight telegraphed the following signed statement to the Associated Press:

"The situation in all parts of the stricken district, so far as known to me, is improved, and will, I believe, should we have fair weather, continue to improve. The method of distributing the benefactions of the people has been systematized, and has been reduced to the lowest expense possible, and in this I have had the hearty and voluntary assistance of the railway, express and telegraph and telephone companies, all of whom have promptly and without charge transmitted supplies and messages, besides contributing to the relief of the sufferers. Galveston is being managed by its own municipal authorities, supplemented by the assistance of committees composed of its best citizens and also by the aid of Gen. Scurry. I am also informed that the United States Marshal, Dr. Grant, has rendered and is rendering most valuable aid.

RELIEF OF OUTSIDE TOWNS.

"The State revenue agent, Mr. Jamieson, has also been sent to Galveston and will assist in the pending work. Judge Tallaferro of Houston, a gentleman of integrity and experience, has taken charge of Brazoria county and the mainland of Galveston county, and I have already transmitted to him quite a large sum of money to be used for supplying that particular district, besides having previously shipped to Angleton, Alvin and Velasco a very large quantity of flour and bacon. The County Judge of Fort Bend county has charge of supplies for that county. He has already been furnished with a large shipment of flour and bacon. The Sheriff of Waller county has been directed to organize the suffering communities in that county, and so soon as I am notified of the organization in Waller county, supplies will be rapidly forwarded and there need be no apprehension but that each and every afflicted community will at the earliest moment practicable, receive an abundant supply of provisions. In purchasing these provisions, I have bought only those of good quality and at wholesale prices, their transportation from the place of purchase to that of destination being free of cost.

LABORERS BEING PAID.

"I have supplied Galveston with sufficient money to pay reasonable wages to all laborers who will assist in cleansing the city and removing the vast amount of débris that has accumulated. Provisions and clothing have also been shipped there to supply those who are needy and unable to provide for themselves. I have also made ample provision for the relief of sufferers as they reach and pass through Houston from Galveston. As soon as I am able I shall give to the public a complete itemized statement of all money received by me, how it has been distributed, etc.

TWELVE THOUSAND DEAD.

"The loss of life occasioned by the storm in Galveston and elsewhere on the southern coast cannot be less than 12,000 lives, while the loss of property will probably aggregate $20,000,000. Notwithstanding this severe affliction, I have every confidence that the stricken districts will rapidly revive and that Galveston will from her present desolation and sorrow rise with renewed strength and vigor.

TEXANS ARE GRATEFUL.

"To the people of the United States, whose munificent generosity has, without solicitation from me, contributed so much to the relief of the storm sufferers, I, as Governor, beg to tender my most profound and most grateful acknowledgements, assuring them that their generosity will be held in lasting remembrance by the people of Texas.

"We have not been left to stand alone in our trouble, but messages of earnest sympathy, accompanied by large contributions in money and supplies, also in personal assistance, through the Red Cross and other benevolent societies have had the effect of relieving the situation of much of its sadness and misfortunes.

[Signed] "JOSEPH D. SAYERS."

TOKENS OF SYMPATHY.

MESSAGES FROM ALL PARTS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Formal manifestations of sympathy with the people of Galveston in their great affliction continue to come from all parts of the world. In addition to those already received, such expressions have come from the President of Chile, the Spanish Minister, the Belgian Minister, the Mexican Minister, the Peruvian Minister and the Haytian Minister. Where these communications come directly from the head of state they are acknowledged by the President himself. The others are formally accepted and acknowledged by the Department of State.

PHILADELPHIA FUND.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—Thirty thousand dollars was forwarded to the Governor of Texas yesterday by the Permanent Relief Committee, making the grand total of cash forwarded to date by this committee $55,000.

BARK IN HURRICANE.

SAILOR'S STORY OF DISASTER.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SANTIAGO (Cuba,) Sept. 19.—[By West Indian Cable.] A sailor from the Portuguese bark Gertrude, from Galveston for Rio de Janeiro, who landed from a small boat on the coast about twenty miles west of Playa del Este, declares that the recent hurricane washed the sea over the ship, disabling her, and that afterward lightning struck her and set her on fire.

Capt. Estaban Oliviera committed suicide, and the crew abandoned the vessel, ten going in a large boat in charge of the quartermaster, and two in a smaller one. The boats drifted apart. The quartermaster and his companion died on the high seas and were buried at Playa del Este. Fears are entertained for the safety of the large boat.

THIRTY VESSELS DOOMED.

News of Additional Disasters in the Straits of Belle Isle—Shipwrecked Men Brought South.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

ST. JOHNS (N. F.,) Sept. 19.—Forty-two fishing vessels are ashore in the Straits of Belle Isle and as many as thirty will be totally lost. This is in addition to the disasters previously reported. Shipwrecked crews aggregating seventy-nine persons have been brought south by the mail steamer, and a special steamer will go for the others.

Immense stocks of codfish have been lost with the shipping. Reports of the loss of three more lives were received today.

It's All Linen.

We told you a few days ago what would happen if we advertised a Linen Sale. We only threw out a few feelers then, and it created such a good feeling we decided to cut into the whole stock of linens. Today and balance of week, we will have a veritable linen sale. When Hale's say this there is no hidden meaning. Out of the hundreds we can mention only a few of the bargains in this space. Please note former price, then the sale price.

Handkerchief Linens.

We probably carry a more complete line of Handkerchief Linen than any two houses in the city, at prices ranging from 40c to $1.50 a yard, and each price indicates an exceptional fine piece of goods for the money.

Towels.

5c Strange to say, this is an all-linen, huck, good size, hemmed, with colored borders. 14½x32 in.

10c A pure linen huck towel, size 18x36 inch, a former 15c one; hemmed and bordered.

14c This is our 20c one, a heavy piece of huck, 18x39 inch, a splendid towel to wear.

16½c This also is a 20c towel, a finer piece of goods, 18x38 inch, it would pass for 25c.

Table Damasks.

19c A 58-inch bleached damask, in floral pattern and linen finish.

35c An all-linen damask, full bleached, 62 inches wide and a regular 50c quality.

40c Our 60c bleached all-linen damask, 64 in. wide; a handsome assortment of patterns.

50c This is a 70 inch, extra heavy all linen bleached damask and makes a most durable cloth.

Napkins.

75c 18 inch French napkin, plain centers, striped borders worth $1.25.

98c A 20 inch heavy cream loomdice, German linen, has been a favorite at $1.50.

$1.25 A 21 inch $2.00 napkin, full bleach, pure linen and a fine dinner napkin.

$1.50 This is an extra heavy cream damask napk'n that we sold for $2.00; size 20 inch.

A 70 in. bleached linen damask an extra nice quality, will compare favorably with any $1 linen 65c

A 56 inch cream, all-linen damask; a weighty piece of linen at the price of cotton..... 25c

58 inch loomdice, heavy linen damask, especially adapted for restaurants and board'g houses 23c

64 in. all-linen cream damask, splendid piece of goods, never had trouble in selling at 60c.... 45c

Crashes.

Here is a good 10c crash, pure linen, bleached, with colored and plain borders..... 6c

A glass toweling, 20 inches wide, that has been selling for 12½c, blue or red plaid..... 7½c

A 17 inch plain bleached linen, 12½c quality, and a very fine piece of toweling..... 10c

Another 17 inch plain bleached linen crash, and one of the best wearing crashes we have..... 12½c

Hale's

307-309 North Spring St.

[SOUTH AFRICA.]

"FIRE BRAND'S" MOVEMENT.

Gen. Viljoen Going to Protract the War.

Three Thousand Men and Thirty Guns.

Nelspruit Occupied by British Without Opposition—Kruger's Sailing Date.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SPITZKOP, Sept. 18.—[By South African Cable.] Gen. Viljoen, who succeeded Louis Botha in the supreme command of the Transvaal forces, is reported to be moving northward in the direction of Hectorspruit, with 3000 men and thirty guns. He is known as "The Firebrand," and will endeavor to protract the war.

NELSPRUIT OCCUPIED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 18. — Lord Roberts telegraphs from Nelspruit, Vaal River Colony, under date of Tuesday, September 18, that the town was occupied on the previous day without opposition. He adds he is in communication with Gen. Buller and is able to send him supplies. Lord Roberts further says Gen. Buller reports that the bulk of his opponents are now mercenaries and Cape Colony rebels.

RHODES MAKES DENIAL.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Cecil Rhodes, according to the Cape Town correspondent of the Mail, denies that he is in favor of importing Chinese labor into Rhodesia. On the contrary, he declares that he is opposed to any such step.

GOVERNMENT STILL LIVES.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Charles D. Pierce, Consul-General of the Orange Free State and trustee of the Boer relief fund, has received the following cablegram from the Boer envoys, who are now at Dordrecht, Holland:

"We have been informed that a proclamation issued by Lord Roberts, commander-in-chief of the British troops in South Africa, contains a statement to the effect that President Kruger has crossed the borders of the republic, and consequently should have formally resigned as president, and that his forsaking the cause of the Boers ought to convince the burghers how useless it will be to go on fighting. We feel obliged to protest against this new insinuation, desiring to say that if the State President of the South African Republic should have crossed the borders of his country he must have done so by the order of the Executive Council, which body by virtue of a special warrant of the Volksraad in its session of 1899, is fully entitled to authorize the President to go abroad for some purpose or other. According to the constitution the Vice-President in such case enters upon the duties of the State President and the government is carried on as before. So there is no question about abdicating as President or of forsaking the cause of the Boers, the proclamation thus can have no other purpose than by a false representation of facts, harming the enemy who cannot be brought into submission even by the application of measures contrary to law and justice."

NOT ON A GERMAN SHIP.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LORENZO MARQUEZ, Sept. 19.—Mr. Kruger, the former President of the South African republic, will not sail for Europe on the German steamer Herzog, Monday September 24, as he originally intended.

HOLLAND'S OFFER ACCEPTED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

THE HAGUE, Sept. 19.—The government of the Netherlands has been informed by Mr. Kruger of his acceptance of the offer to place a warship at his disposal to convey him from Lorenzo Marques to Holland.

The largest cotton compress at Texarkana, Ark., burned yesterday, causing a loss of more than $150,000. Insurance partial.

RAILROADS ARE AGREED.

Formation of a Transcontinental Passenger Association Now Almost a Certainty.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The sub-committee appointed at the conference of western railroad presidents Tuesday to consider the proposition to form a transcontinental passenger association, met in this city today. Sufficient progress was made to render the formation of the proposed association almost a certainty. The Southern Pacific is strongly in favor of the project and the objections raised by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé are practically overcome.

E. P. Ripley of the Santa Fé said this evening: "I think that all differences are in a fair way of being settled and the proposed transcontinental passenger association is likely to be formed."

TO HIRE PORTO RICANS.

Project to Relieve the Needs of Hawaiian Sugar Planters from West Indian Island.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] George E. Baldwin, formerly with the Treasury Department, but now of Honolulu, is in the city in the interests of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association. There is a great dearth of laborers in the Hawaiian Islands, and Mr. Baldwin wants to get 4000 Porto Ricans to go there to work in the canefields. The planters will pay their expenses there, and will give from $20 to $22 per month in gold, plus house rent and medical attention, to the field hands.

Treasury officials, however, refuse to say whether Porto Ricans can come into this country under such a contract. George Arus was recently admitted to this country from Porto Rico under contract, but treasury officials now say his admission was a mistake.

MOBBED A NEWSPAPER.

Plant of El Diario of San Juan Porto Rico, Wrecked Because of Attacks on the Mayor.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN JUAN (Porto Rico,) Sept. 19.—[By West Indian Cable.] The plant of El Diario, organ of the Federal party, was completely destroyed by a mob last night. The type and presses were smashed. The supposed cause of the disturabnce were articles attacking Mayor Egoscuo, who is a Republican. No arrests were made. Munos Rivera, the editor of the paper, is preparing a protest to Gov. Allen on the ground that no protection was afforded by the authorities. The protest will be sent to Washington.

OBITUARY.

Gen. John McClernand.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.,) Sept. 20.—Gen. John McClernand died at 12:30 a.m. His death was the result of old age and a general breakdown. He has been in feeble health for years. About two weeks ago he was attacked with dysentery, but though this was cured, he never rallied. He had been unconscious for the past twenty-four hours.

Belle Mingle Archer.

WARREN (Pa.,) Sept. 19.—Belle Mingle Archer, the actress, died at the emergency hospital here tonight. An examination revealed the fact that Miss Archer died from a clot on the brain. She was 33 years old.

Dr. Hunter McGuire.

RICHMOND (Va.,) Sept. 19.—Dr. Hunter McGuire, who was "Stonewall" Jackson's medical adviser, died at his country house near this city today.

Alex M. Byers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Alex M. Byers, a wealthy iron and steel manufacturer of Pittsburgh, died tonight at the Holland House.

Zumwalt Jury not Completed.

PLACERVILLE, Sept. 19.—In the trial of Isaiah Zumwalt for the murder of his son, George Zumwalt, but nine jurors have been obtained, out of a venire of ninety jurors examined. Those chosen are J. G. Uhlenkamp, Owen McPhee, F. Brindutky, Jacob Zangraf, William Barney, Alex Skinner, Delmonte Blair, J. W. Summerfield and George Williamson. The court has ordered another venire of twenty jurors to appear tomorrow.

You wouldn't think that your indigestion is caused by tea and coffee drinking, would you?

Well, it is. You need

Cof-farin

For Breakfast.

Steep it like tea in the proportion of a dessert spoonful for each cup.

[THE MINING FIELDS.]

STORM'S HAVOC AT NOME.

Treasure Steamer C. H. Hamilton Driven Ashore—Numerous Other Disasters.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Sept. 19.—The treasure steamer C. H. Hamilton from Dawson to St. Michael, with 130 passengers and $1,500,000 in dust, was driven on the beach on the Yukon flats, September 6, during a severe storm. She later got safely off and made St. Michael all right. One report that reached here today was to the effect that the steamer was wrecked, but the North American Trading and Transportation Company, which owns the vessel, received information that she made St. Michael safely.

The steamer St. Paul brought full advices of the terrible havoc wrought at Nome by the recent storm. The following is a complete list of the vessels either wrecked or driven ashore: Hulk Catherine Sudden, broken in pieces on the sandspit; schooner Sequoia, 334 tons, blown on beach, Capt. Banks slipped his cable during the night and attempted to beat out to sea, but failed and was driven ashore; schooner Harriett, owned by Chicago parties, driven on beach; schooner Edith, driven on beach one mile west of the depot; schooner Arthur B., driven on beach; tug Arrvtia, driven on beach at Penny River; tug Gov. Stoneman, driven on beach near Penny River.

In addition any number of tents and buildings situated on the beach were entirely swept away. The Alaska Commercial Company's wharf and Capt. Geager's Latrina are among the wreckage. I. S. Doud of San Francisco and a Capt. Johnson are both said to have been drowned in the storm.

Capt. J. D. Thackberry of Portland, Or., aged 60 years, who has been navigating the Alaska run for the past ten years, is another victim of the storm. His body will be sent down on one of the first steamers.

HOWARD MAKES DENIALS.

Defendant in Kentucky Murder Trial Contradicts Testimony of Prosecution's Witnesses.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

FRANKFORT (Ky.,) Sept. 19.—The defense began ingroducing its testimony in the Howard case today. The statement of facts which the defense expects to prove, will tend to show that Howard arrived in the city about thirty minutes prior to the assassination, and did not go to the State house until several hours after the tragedy; that Howard was clean shaven, and had been for a year past, and that he was not the man seen running from the Capitol grounds, or later standing on the steps of one of the buildings, as that man, according to the witnesses, had a beard.

Attorney Little, in outlining the plan of the defense, said the defense would prove that Howard had to borrow money to go home when he left Frankfort, and that he had consequently received no money for killing Goebel, or from any other source, and that the records show he had never received a pardon of any kind, though the commonwealth alleges that both money and a pardon were to be his reward.

In his own behalf, Howard testified that his train was late and that he went from his train to the Board of Trade Hotel, and was there when Gov. Goebel's body was being carried by. Howard in a general way contradicted everything of an incriminating nature told against him by James Stubblefield and other witnesses in regard to alleged remarks concerning the murder.

ACUTE CRISIS IN CHINA CAUSED BY GERMANY'S DEMAND.

BROUGHT TO AN ACUTE CRISIS.

German Note Has Put New Kinks in the Chinese Situation.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The general impression here is that the German note of yesterday, demanding the punishment of Chinese responsible for the outrages upon foreigners as a condition for consent to peace negotiations, has brought the Chinese trouble to an acute crisis, as far as the United States government is concerned. This conclusion is based upon the belief in official circles that the Chinese government cannot accept the German position, so that it is now for the United States government to withdraw its forces from China immediately or to join Germany and England and perhaps some other of the allied powers in a prolonged war against China.

Baron von Sternberg, the German Chargé d'Affaires, just returned to Washington, called early at the State Department today to talk with Mr. Adee, in explanation of the points of the German note.

Mr. Wu, the Chinese Minister, had preceded him, showing visible signs of nervousness and disquiet over this latest move. Mr. Adee made an appointment with him for Dr. Hill, who having returned to Washington, is acting Secretary of State. Mr. Adee proceeded to the White House to communicate to the President the substance of the conversations he had had with the two diplomats, and to assist in the consideration of the German note. He refused to discuss the latter publicly in any phase.

Attention was directed in some quarters to the fact that in the very beginning, in the note of July 3, Secretary Hay had notified the Chinese government that he expected the faulty parties in connection with the outrages would be punished. However, this demand was not made a condition precedent to negotiations. Now the belief is growing that if the United States government is forced to a speedy decision as to the German proposition, it may resort to direct negotiations with the Chinese government, and, having settled its scores with that government, withdraw from China, giving notice to the allied powers there of the arrangement in order that conditions may remain in full force unaffected by any settlement that the allies may thereafter make as to China.

MINISTER WU WROUGHT UP.

He Hopes Germany Will Reconsider and not Take Snap Judgment.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Minister Wu was greatly interested today in Germany's note to the powers asking combined action in a demand that those responsible for the trouble in China be punished as an indispensable preliminary to any peace negotiations. When seen at the legation he had before him a copy of the published text of the note.

"I can hardly believe that this step has been taken," he said, "and if it has, it is so unfortunate in its influence upon the general question, that I am greatly in hopes Germany will reconsider. The condition imposed upon China would amount to determining one of the subjects of negotiations before negotiations had commenced. The Chinese envoys are invested with complete power to make terms with the powers, so that when the negotiations are opened this question and all others will be proper subjects for consideration and general settlement by those having complete authority to deal with them. But to take one subject in advance, settle it, and make its execution an indispensable preliminary to negotiations, is extremely hard.

"But, more than this, such a condition, if imposed, is simply impossible, and, being impossible, the effect would be to bring the peace negotiations to a complete standstill. Suppose the situation were reversed and this unfortunate trouble had occurred in some one of the countries now dealing with China. In the midst of excitement suspicion might have been directed against persons high in authority, even against the members of the royal family in that country. Would that country, when the question of the settlement came up, for a moment consider the surrender of those persons vaguely suspected, or would it not ask that all questions be considered by the court which was to pass upon the entire subject? Who could tell to whom this condition would apply? There have been intimations against those high in Chinese affairs, but it would be very hard, yes, impossible, to say in advance before the negotiators had considered the question, that these persons should be given up. Who would furnish the proof? It is an indispensable requisite, according to your recognized methods, that persons accused have the right to be heard, and that their evidence shall be taken into account in proving an accusation. But, according to this proposition, there would be a surrender of the party first, before the negotiators had an opportunity to consider all questions of proof which might be presented.

"Under these circumstances I am most hopeful that Germany's note is less positive than the published reports indicate. Recent indications have been that the difficulties over beginning peace negotiations had been overcome and that very soon the negotiations would begin. For that reason I feel that it would be unfortunate to impose a condition which being impossible, would bring the negotiations to a halt. The effect of such a step in all proceedings would be of disadvantage to all parties concerned, to the powers as well as to China. In short, its effects would be so far-reaching that I am extremely anxious that Germany may see her way clear to reconsider the proposal."

PRESIDENT'S RETURN.

OCCASIONED BY GERMANY'S NOTE

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—President McKinley, accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou, reached Washington this morning from Canton. They were met at the station by Assistant Secretary Pruden and Adjt.-Gen. Corbin, who after today will be acting Secretary of War, in the absence of both Secretary Root and Acting Secretary Meiklejohn.

The complications which have arisen in connection with the Chinese situation decided the President to come to Washington at this time. The decision to come here was reached on Monday before the President had any knowledge of the new German demand for the punishment of the leaders of the anti-foreign movement.

Since the departure of Secretary Root, Atty.-Gen. Griggs has been the ranking Cabinet officer, and has had charge of all important matters in the President's absence. The President, it is said, has not sent out a call for the absent Cabinet officers to return, and those who come back will do so voluntarily. Secretary Long has already notified the President that he will be back on Friday.

The President conferred with Atty.-Gen. Griggs after Assistant Secretary of State Adee had placed him in possession of all the details of the situation known at the State Department. Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn also saw the President, but his visit, it is said, had no relation to the Chinese situation. Mr. Meiklejohn leaves tonight for Nebraska, where he will make a speech Saturday night, and simply called to pay his respects. The President will return to Canton Friday night unless something unexpected occurs to detain him.

Senator Foraker of Ohio was also among those who saw the President. He stopped over on his way back to Ohio after a campaigning tour in the East. Senator Foraker will resume his campaign work at Urbana Friday night and will spend the greater portion of his time for the remainder of the campaign in the Buckeye State.

It is believed that after talking over the situation with Atty.-Gen. Griggs and Mr. Adee today, the President reached a conclusion that a response should be made by this government to the German note. Mr. Adee hurried back to the State Department from the White House and after a talk with Dr. Hill began the preparation of an answer embodying the President's views. It is believed that this draft is purely tentative, for it is known that it is to be submitted to the President and to the Attorney-General, as well as to any other member of the Cabinet who may return to Washington within the next twenty-four hours before being forwarded.

The German government is manifesting a disposition to secure a speedy disclosure of the views of the United States respecting its last proposition. This result is likely to be attained, though it is entirely possible that the American answer will involve a counter proposition, or at least will seek to prevent threatened interruption from efforts which are now giving so much promise, looking to the initiation of peace negotiations.

It is said that the answer of our government cannot in any case be made ready before tomorrow. That the decision arrived at today has not changed the military situation is known from the fact that no additional orders have gone to Gen. Chaffee.

BRITAIN DELIBERATING.

NO REPLY TO GERMANY'S NOTE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The British Foreign Office informs the Associated Press that no reply has yet been sent to the German note.

Referring to the alleged telegram of Lord Salisbury, to Li Hung Chang, outlined by the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, the Foreign Office officials say the British premier has not sent any message to Li Hung Chang.

It is pointed out at the Foreign Office here that the Washington press messages averring that the British and Japanese governments have already announced their support of the German governments policy in China, are unfounded so far as Great Britain is concerned.

CHANGE OF MINISTERS.

M'DONALD TO GO TO TOKIO.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 20, 4 a.m.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The only news of importance from China this morning is contained in a dispatch to the Times from Shanghai, dated yesterday, asserting that Sir Claude Maxwell MacDonald will become British Minister at Tokio and will be succeeded at Peking by Sir Ernest Mason Satow, the present British Minister at the Japanese capital.

"This," says the Times correspondent, "is disappointing to Britishers in the Far East, as they had hoped that a stronger diplomatist would be sent to Peking."

It is probable that Vice-Admiral Seymour will meet Sir Claude MacDonald at Tien-Tsin.

Reports from Nanking point to the increasing activity and influence of the anti-foreign party. The manner in which the Yang Tse Viceroys have been ignored by the throne in reference to peace negotiations, while imperial edicts order the Manchura leaders to resume the control of affairs, is capable of only one interpretation. Shanghai reports seem to show quite a shower of edicts regarding negotiators, to which little importance is attached.

According to the Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent, Russia will claim an indemnity of £100,000,000.

A Washington special says: "The change of front on the part of the United States government regarding Russia's evacuation proposal was due to the fact that Mr. Conger and Mr. Tower confirmed information obtained by the British Minister in St. Petersburg, showing that Russia's proposition concealed a well-designed plan to seize Manchuria."

STEPS TOWARD REPARATION.

Imperial Edicts Place a Lot of Chinese Heads in Jeopardy.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Boersen Zeitung today prints a special dispatch from Shanghai dated Monday, September 17, saying that an imperial edict dated September 7 commands all the Chinese generals under pain of death to avoid hostile acts; orders all high officials to return to Peking and assist in restoring order and peace, and orders the suppression of the Boxers, whose leaders must be captured.

A second edict, the dispatch adds, orders comprehensive reform in the entire administration of the empire.

The allies at Peking, it is also declared in the dispatch, must insist upon the Emperor's return and the punishment of all the Boxer leaders.

INSTIGATION OF GERMAN NOTE.

Li Hung's Attempt to Make Scapegoats of Innocent Mandarins.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—[By Atlantic Cable.] It is understood that the immediate cause of the issuing by Germany of the circular note to the powers regarding the Chinese settlement, was the fact that Li Hung Chang during his recent interview with Dr. Mumm von Schwartzenstein, the German Minister to China, mentioned a number of names of high mandarins hitherto wholly unknown, as those responsible for the Peking outrages, and said that China was willing to punish them. This explanation seems to be borne out by the statement made by the German Foreign Office today to the correspondent of the Associated Press in Berlin:

"What we want to avoid is an opportunity for allowing China to impose any sham concessions upon the powers by delivering up for punishment persons who had nothing to do with the Peking atrocities. Hence, it is advisable for the representatives of the powers in China to designate beforehand all who are notoriously guilty. Germany does not wish to prejudice the case in any way. She wishes to reach an agreement with the powers regarding the guilty, and their punishment."

Sato, first secretary of the Japanese Legation here, said today:

"I think there will be no difficulty in getting the powers to agree in principle to the German proposition to punish the guilty. The real difficulty will be on deciding how high to go. If they decide to include Prince Tuan, then they will find that the Empress Regent was behind him.

"Russia, in my opinion, will not now withdraw her troops from Peking, inasmuch as Germany and the other powers remain. She will decide that circumstances have changed, and that she must remain also."

The chief of one of the embassies, discussing the question this afternoon, observed:

"Probably all the interested powers will agree to adopt the German proposition, with the possible exception of Russia, who has hitherto carefully avoided mentioning the punishment of the guilty. Certainly the United States will adopt it."

The German papers, with scarcely an exception, approve the circular note.

MURDER OF REFORMERS.

THIRTY OF THEM EXECUTED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

VANCOUVER (B. C.,) Sept. 19.—Regarding the apparently treacherous murder of thirty Reformers at a feast at Hankow the North China Daily News of August 8, says the thirty men or so captured and executed by the viceroy were Reformers, followers of Kang Yu Wei, and members of the China Independence Association. Their main objects are three—to replace the Emperor Kwang Hsu on the throne, to fully protect all foreign and Christian lives and property, and to establish a civilized government in China.

Li Hung Chang is reported as having said that as China could not possibly pay indemnity which will be demanded of her, there will be no alternative but to give territory instead of money, in which case Japan would get Shin King, Russia would be given Shin Kiang and Thibet would go to England.

ANOTHER EDICT.

APPOINTING NEGOTIATORS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

HONGKONG, Sept. 19.—[By Asiatic Cable.] An imperial edict received at Canton appoints Li Hung Chang, Prince Ching and Sheng to be peace negotiators.

Since the suppression of newspapers in Canton still more damaging leaflets have been circulated, announcing Chinese victories and that the allies are seeking peace. It is supposed that these were written by the litterati with a view to fomenting the anti-foreign feeling. The viceroy is powerless to suppress this foreign agitation.

FOUGHT AGAINST ODDS.

FOREIGNERS FACE BOXERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—[By Atlantic Cable.] A special dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger describing the capturing and burning, September 11, of Liang Hiang Hsien, southwest of Peking, by a German naval battalion, accompanied by forty Bengal Lancers, says the foreign force faced six thousand Boxers and a number of Chinese regulars, the enemy losing 330 killed.

SEYMOUR SAILS NORTH.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SHANGHAI, Sept. 19.—Vice-Admiral Seymour, on board the British dispatch vessel Alacrity, sailed today for the north.

LAYING IN FUEL.

AMERICAN SUPPLIES AT TAKU.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—A cable message from Maj. Byron, quartermaster at Taku, announces that he has purchased 2000 tons of coal at Taku. He is sending ships to Nagasaki for 8000 tons purchased at that place, of which 2000 tons have arrived. He says he will try to get 6000 tons more at Nagasaki. The department has purchased 2500 cords of wood in Japan for the use of the troops in China. These supplies will not be unloaded at Taku, if it shall be decided to withdraw the United States forces.

TROOPS MUST STAY IN PEKING.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PEKING, Sept. 12, via Taku, Sept. 16, and Shanghai, Sept. 18.—[Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.] Mr. Conger, the United States Minister, says that Peking must be occupied by foreign troops until some settlement is effected, as otherwise the value of the expedition will be lost.

Gen. Chaffee has issued orders prohibiting the American troops from shooting from boats, looting or foraging. Every facility is to be given the Chinese who desire to reopen their shops, and everything taken must be paid for.

ALLIES ATTACK PETANG.

TAKU, Sept. 20.—[By Asiatic Cable. Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.] The allies attacked the Petang forts at daybreak. Heavy cannonading is going on.

DISTRIBUTION OF TROOPS.

PLANS FOR WINTER CAMPS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PEKING, Sept. 14, via Shanghai, Sept. 19.—[Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.] Gen. Chaffee expresses a preference in favor of tents for the winter camp rather than unsanitary buildings.

The indications are that 10,000 of the allied troops will winter at Peking. The German force will be the largest. Some of the troops will probably be distributed in the surrounding cities to relieve the strain. The Japanese will withdraw the most of their force to Nagasaki. The Russians will retain at least 2000 here.

A joint expedition to Pao Ting has been planned by the British, German and French forces.

The Dowager Empress has expressed her willingness to return to Peking if guaranteed protection. The generals in command and the ministers of the powers are unwilling to assume such a responsibility.

A number of small bands of Boxers have been reported in the neighborhood recently.

Events in Society.

Rabbi and Mrs. S. Hecht celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary yesterday evening by entertaining their friends with a large reception held in the Concordia Club rooms in the Burbank Theater building. The rooms were crowded to the doors with members of the Temple B'nai B'rith congregation and other friends of the pastor and his wife. The reception was the largest and most elaborate affair of the season. The large ballroom was exquisitely decorated by Miss Frede Hellman, assisted by Miss Adele Lewis and Miss Agnes Kremer. Silver, white and green predominated. Rev. and Mrs. Hecht received their friends under a handsome canopy arranged in one end of the room. Suspended from the canopy were three large silver bells, and carnations, ferns and palms were used in great profusion. The Reception Committee included: Mmes. H. W. Hellman, M. Kremer, A. Sweet, Prenslauer, Morris Jacoby, I. Norton, J. E. Waldeck, Lazarus, H. Baruch, B. Baruch, Sunderland, Herman Frank, Kingsbaker, L. Loeb, Morris Meyerberg, Max Meyerberg, and J. Murphy. Mmes. Frank, Prenslauer, M. Jacoby and Marschuts had charge of the refreshments, and they were assisted by thirty young ladies of the congregation. Throughout the evening the Klaus Orchestra furnished delightful music, and a musical programme, under the direction of Mrs. Orr Haralson, was rendered, as follows: Piano solo, "Fete Bachique" and "La Secret," Mrs. Cornelia A. Spense; the famous Rigoletto Quartette, Mr. and Mrs. C. Modini-Wood, Mrs. J. G. Scarborough and Dr. Ludwig Semlar; vocal solo, "I Sing Thee Songs of the Araby," Mrs. Orr Haralson, accompanied by the Klaus Orchestra; duet, "L'Aveau," (Emile Millett,) Mr. and Mrs. C. Modini-Wood; vocal solo, "I Love You," by Gottschalk, Dr. Ludwig Semlar; vocal solo, "Without Thee" (Guy d'Hardelot,) Mrs. J. G. Scarborough; vocal solo, "Time and Tide," C. Modini-Wood; duet, "A Figlia Incanta" (Donisetti,) Mrs. Haralson and Mrs. Scarborough; C. Howard Pendleton rendered a group of popular airs, playing his own accompaniment on the guitar. After the programme, elaborate refreshments were served in the dining-room, which was decorated with pink carnations, pink-satin ribbons and potted ferns and plants. A check for a large sum of money was mailed Rabbi and Mrs. Hecht yesterday, and in the evening Rabbi Hecht was presented with a handsome loving-cup, a gift from his congregation. Mrs. Kahn made the presentation address, and Rev. Hecht responded with a few appropriate remarks of appreciation. Many smaller gifts and flowers were received by the couple throughout the day.

* * *

Miss Carolyn Sheldon of Los Angeles and J. Chauncellor Bliss of Mojave were married yesterday at noon at the residence of the bride's brother, Willard M. Sheldon, No. 2321 Menlo avenue. The wedding was celebrated quietly, only relatives and a few friends being present. Rev. Hugh K. Walker, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian Church, officiated. The bride wore a traveling gown of blue broadcloth, tailor-made. She was attended by her little niece, Katherine Sheldon, who assisted as flower girl. She wore a gown of white and red. The rooms were artistically decorated, white carnations and ferns being used in the parlors and hall. La France roses, smilax and pink-satin ribbons were arranged in the dining-room. The service took place in the parlor under a canopy of white lillies, ferns and ribbons, from which was suspended a large white floral bell. Mrs. Millard M. Sheldon furnished the music, playing the "Bridal Chorus" from "Lohengrin" and "Call Me Thine Own," with violin accompaniment by Edwin Sheldon. Breakfast followed the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. Bliss left for a short trip. They will be at home after October 1, at Mojave, the groom's home.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. M. A. Wilcox and her daughter, Mrs. Mary Longstreet, of West Adams street, have returned from a three months' stay in San Francisco.

Misses Mabel Norris, Ethel Mullins and Lillian Reed; Messrs. Karl Klokke, Joseph Easton and Waldo Norris formed a box party at the Orpheum Tuesday evening.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the entertainment to be given in Kramer's Hall this evening by the Robert E. Lee Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy. The proceeds of the entertainment will be applied to the Galveston fund.

Miss Regina O'Kane returned last Friday from a year spent in New York and Boston. She will receive every Saturday afternoon in her studio.

An impromptu musical and dance was given last evening by the management of the Abbotsford Inn in honor of the Misses Bessie and Susie Bradley, who, with their parents, have been guests at the Inn. The young ladies will leave shortly for school at Pasadena. A pleasant evening was spent.

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[STRIKE.]

QUIET DAY IN COAL FIELDS.

Strikers March, but Keep the Peace.

Ranks of Idle Men are Augmented.

Hot Debate Between Mitchell and Markle—No Negotiation for a Settlement.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—All was quiet in the entire coal field today. Even the much-advertised clash in the Lykens region of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was sidetracked through the decision of the strikers at Lykens that it would be unwise to march on the non-union strikers at Williamstown and force them to quit work. Nevertheless there were fewer men at work today than yesterday, President Mitchell claiming that more than 126,000 men are now idle. Contradictory reports come from the Schuylkill region, one to the effect that the strikers at Morey, after being out two days, had decided tonight to return to work tomorrow, but this is received with incredulity at strike headquarters.

OPERATORS ARE FIRM.

The mine operators after generally maintaining a silence for several days are showing a disposition to talk for publication, and as a result several statements from their side are printed. All breathe the same spirit—no recognition of the United Mine Workers and a fight to the finish with President Mitchell and his followers.

STRIKERS ON THE MARCH.

Marching makes the timid men and women in the Hazleton region nervous because of the terrible result of that sort of campaign in 1897, when the deputies shot down the marchers. Marching began in earnest there today. The marchers were peaceful, however, and they succeeded in inducing several hundred men to quit work, temporarily, at least.

READING COMPANY PROFITS.

The Reading Company is getting ready to reap the harvest presented to it by the tie-up in the other coal districts. Nearly all of its collieries in the Schuylkill region have been working three-quarters time, but orders were today issued placing them on full time, and henceforth all the mines will be operated to full capacity. Even with this extra output the company cannot supply the demand, and it served notice on the West today that extraordinary orders could no be filled. Meanwhile reports are coming from all parts of the country of large increase in the price of coal to consumers to keep the orders down.

EVENTS OF THIRD DAY.

UNION TACTICS COMPLAINED OF.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

HAZLETON, (Pa.,) Sept. 19.—The third day of the strike passed off as quietly as the two preceding days. Beyond the occasional stoning of a mine worker going to or from his work, there has been no disorder. It was estimated tonight that about 70 per cent. of the mine workers of this region were idle today, which is quite an increase over yesterday's figures. President Mitchell did not issue a formal statement tonight because of his absence from headquarters. He said, however, from reports he had received, he figured on more than 126,000 men being idle in the anthracite district. He added that most gratifying reports were received from this and the Schuylkill district.

NO SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

No negotiations for a settlement of the strike are yet in sight, and the situation in that respect is precisely the same as it was yesterday. The United Mine Workers of this section are confining their efforts to get the men to quit work everywhere, believing that they cannot successfully carry on the contest unless every operation in the three districts is tied up completely. The operators appear to be doing nothing toward a settlement of the trouble. They are working the collieries which are crippled as best they can.

The mine owners in the Hazleton district complain bitterly of what they call the "cruel tactics" of the union. They claim that the workmen who are still going to the mines are being intimidated and even threatened with serious bodily harm if they do not quit work. They also add that most of the men now idle desire to resume work, but through fear of assault they do not leave their homes.

REMARKABLE MEETING.

The meeting this afternoon at Jeddo of the employés of G. B. Markle & Co., who operate the Jeddo, Eberwein, Highland and Oakdale collieries, proved to be probably the most remarkable gathering of its kind ever held in the anthracite regions. It was expected to be a heart-to-heart talk between John Markle, managing partner of the firm, and his employés, who number 2500, but it developed into a joint debate, in which Mr. Markle, President Mitchell, Rev. Father Phillips and National Committeeman Benjamin James took part. It began in a dignified manner, but gradually degenerated into an impassioned argument and wound up very close to personalities.

Over a thousand persons were present at the meeting. Before the arrival of the Markles, one of the miners in the crowd moved that the men in the Markle mines strike. A viva voce vote was taken and there was a great roar of "yes."

MITCHELL'S REGRETS.

President Mitchell was in the crowd and he was invited to speak. As he walked up the steps of the schoolhouse, John Markle, Alvin Markle and General Superintendent Smith of the mines came along the track and the trio stood on the cinder embankment of the road and listened to the strike leader exhort his hearers. All around them, sitting on the embankment, were the wives, mothers, sisters and sweethearts of the men, while the school children gazed from the windows of the one-story building and the schoolmaster stood at the door.

Mitchell said in brief that he regretted that the men of the Markle mines were divided, but was glad that those who opposed the strike were in the minority. He said the eyes of 138,000 miners were looking toward them and that if they all stopped work the victory would be won; but on the other hand, if a few went to work it would injure the interests of all the men.

AGITATORS DENOUNCED.

Then John Markle made his way toward the crowd of miners and started to address the men. Markle was unable to speak for a while because of interruptions by many in the crowd. Several of the United Mine Workers' officials attempted to get the crowd to disperse and not to listen to Markle. The latter, however, won over the gathering.

He told them the company stood ready to arbitrate any differences with the men. He said the company had an arbitration agreement of long standing with the men and that he would live up to it and expected the men to do the same. He also said that he would abide by the decision of the arbitrators, no matter what the award might be. Markle concluded his address by paying his respects to the United Mine Workers' officials, calling them agitators and charging them with being responsible for all the turmoil in the region.

TALK OF ARBITRATION.

Mitchell then got on the steps, and, standing beside Markle, told the crowd that the United Mine Workers would not accept arbitration on that basis. It must be the whole region and not a part of it.

Markle again addressed the men and reiterated what he said last Sunday, that he would accept Archbishop Ryan as an arbitrator, to which Mitchell replied that he would accept the archbishop on the basis that the United Mine Workers proposed—arbitration for the whole region at one and the same time.

At this point, Father Phillips, who was in the crowd, was called upon, and delivered a speech favoring arbitration. He told the men that there was a chance to arbitrate their honest differences, and if they did not seize the opportunity they would be giving organized labor the hardest blow it has ever been dealt, and that all the men who refused the offer deserved all the hardship that the operators could put upon them in a hundred years.

President Mitchell and Markle again spoke, and Benjamin James dressed the men, but their were largely of a personal The meeting lasted two hours ing up at twilight.

STRIKERS CLAIM VIC

The strike leaders claim result of the meeting, mines will be closed tomor the firm claims that the a packed one, and that operate tomorrow as usual.

The McAdoo marchers b ber of 250 marched to Che afternoon, where they gathe crowd and listened to a strike leaders.

FIGHT TO A FINISH

OPERATORS WON'T SU

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. Pardee, owner of the Le Harwood collieries in the district, in an interview to "Under no consideration operators yield to the Un Workers. It will be a fight and the operators will win as I am personally concer ordered the mules to be take the Harwood and put to w am preparing for a long "My superintendent re morning that the pressure bear upon my men at Ha so great that only a few work today, and that the mine is practically at a day. At Lattimer the s a distance from the mine to pear for work this morning is working, but with a "I am informed that a body went to Colérain to mine workers there.

"So much has been publish the small wages paid, that I make a statement, showing the earnings of all employés at wood and Lattimer collieries wood, from which 25,000 ton were shipped in August, the ings of the 740 employés month amounted to $38,06 average of $40.06 per capita Lattimer colliery, 54,000 ton were shipped in August. The ployés' net earnings were or an average of $38.33 per miners are better paid than age workingman."

ELSINORE.

BUSINESS MAN

ELSINORE, Sept. 19.—[Co respondence.] E. Dixon, a man of this city, fell from platform of a car while on Riverside Monday and was injured about the head which rendered him unc some time.

ELSINORE BREVITIES.

The ladies of the Methodi gave an enjoyable entertain day evening.

Rev. John Nicholson, pastor Methodist Episcopal Church his farewell address before Sunday morning, to a large

Ex-Gov. Horace Austin has to his home on Heald avenue an absence of several months.

Spring Lake, N. J., a summer near Sea Girt, was destroyed by early yesterday. Among the burned were three of the hotels in the place, eleven cottages, eral stores. The total loss is at $250,000. Most of the hotels cottages had closed for the season.

The Venezuelan government requested the United States Minister Caracas, F. R. Loomis, to ask through the authorities at Washington, with a view to inducing the government to annul the duty imposed on coffee. Prior to one-third of the Venezuelan exp

Breaking Away...

Men are fast breaking away from the false notion that in order to dress well they must patronize merchant tailors. Such suits as we show this fall are convincing arguments in favor of saving money on clothes.

$10.00 to $35.00 a Suit.

Mullen & Bluett Clothing Co.

N. W. Cor. First and Spring Streets.

Come and See the

New Coats and Jackets and Capes

A large shipment received Monday and a larger shipment arrived yesterday. Not many a kind, but of so very many kinds. Choosing is easy. New box coats, Eton and tailor suits—something new in golf capes and handsome dress capes. Broadcloths, Meltons, Kersey Boucle—Oh! all the desirable weaves. The garments are beauties, and, best of all, not expensive. We are doing our utmost to suit you women to dress well for a very modest sum. One thing certain—you'll not find such some garments priced so reasonable elsewhere.

Jackets start at $5.00 and up to $25.00.
Capes from $3.75 to $20.00.

Jacoby Bros.

OUTFITTERS FOR ALL MANKIND

331-333-335 S. BROADWAY

STUDEBAKER

Buggies, Carriages and Delivery Wagons

NEWELL, MATHEWS CO. Agents

200-206 N. Los Angeles

We Move Oct. 10th...

Up to that time you can buy Bicycles and Sundries at your own price or nearly so. LACLEDE BICYCLES—$20.00 for $50.00 Wheels.

AVERY CYCLERY, 408 and 410 SOUTH BROADWAY

[SPORTING RECORD.]

CORBETT A PENITENT PUG

Sorry He Left His Happy Home for Mag.

Cables His Wife That He Loves but Her.

Vera Was Happy Till Jim Met Defeat, but She Can not Forgive and Forget.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Mrs. James J. Corbett today received the following cablegram from her pugilist husband in London: "Vera Corbett, Toby's Saloon, Thirty-first street and Broadway, New York. Stories about woman false. Come over here quick, darling. Will prove it. Love you only. Answer. JIM, Hotel Cecil."

Mrs. Corbett says she has only contempt for her husband and will never forgive him for his acts. She has the utmost confidence in the successful termination of her divorce suit. She says:

"When I married Corbett, I did so to avoid the very notoriety which he himself has brought about, and understanding was that I should leave him if he ever met with defeat. Since he has suffered defeat from Fitzsimmons, Sharkey and Jeffries, notwithstanding which I remained with him, suffering all sorts of ill treatment and abuse.

"His excuse that he left America and that his departure was known to me is on a par with his other statements. It is absolutely untrue. When he should have engaged his passage on a European steamer under the assumed name of Martin and paid for the passage of another woman under the same name is beyond my comprehension, unless it was for ulterior motives.

"His entreaties now that he will prove to me his love make him all the smaller in my eyes. It was only recently that he retained an attorney to employ private detectives who have shadowed me during the past two months. This was done with the view that I, without his knowing it, should take no legal steps to attach the receipts of the fight with McCoy and moneys he received for his share of betting, which was made a surety by McCoy's willing assent to 'lay down' in the fight.

"Corbett undoubtedly felt I would take some action to protect myself and hurriedly left this country to avoid personal service of papers on him. I am assured, however, that the New York courts will protect me in my legal rights and that any transfer of his property with a view to defrauding me of my rights will not hold good."

BRADY ISSUES A DEFI.

FITZ IS GIVEN MORE TIME.

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Brady declares Jeffries's injured arm is in shape to stand a vigorous course of training, and adds that the champion is now prepared to set a date for a battle with "Yanky Bob," something he was unable to do a few weeks ago. To show sincerity Brady states he will bet $12,000 to $10,000 that Jeffries will beat the Cornishman, and that he will give Bob $2000 the moment he signs articles of agreement and $3000 more when he steps into the ring to fight.

"In regard to Ruhlin," said Brady, "we are perfectly willing to do business with him, provided Fitzsimmons refuses to entertain a match with Jeffries. If Ruhlin wants a match after Fitz says he will not fight, he must post $2500 at once, and $2500 more when articles are signed on December 1, the match to take place before the club offering the best purse on February 1. On that date Ruhlin must post $5000 more to cover Jeffries's money.

"Ruhlin must also agree that the winner take all the purse, including picture privileges, etc. The referee must be named, too, on February 1. If these two men do not care to fight let them stop talking. Jeffries is champion, and if they want to gain his honors they have to beat him first."

FORT ERIE EVENTS.

SUMMARY OF THE WINNERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BUFFALO, Sept. 19.—Results at Fort Erie:

Six furlongs: Lamp Globe won, Silver Garter second, Gold May third; time 1:15¼.

Six furlongs: Momentum first, Solace-Boat second, Crankel third; time 1:15½.

Mile and a sixteenth: Othelia won, Orontus second, Chopin third; time 1:49.

Five furlongs, selling: Alex won, King's Favorite second, Formatis third; time 1:02.

Mile and a sixteenth: Sir Florian won, Lady of the West second, L. V. third; time 1:48¾.

Six furlongs: Cherry Gold won, Clipsetta second, Nancy Till third; time 1:14¾.

TURF CONGRESS MEETS.

RACING RULES TO BE CHANGED.

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Among those present today were James Howard, of Washington Park Club; W. S. Schuite, Louisville; W. E.

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Among those present today were James Hevard, of Washington Park; Chas. W. S. Schuite, Louisville; W. E. Applegate, Latonia; Martin Nathanson, Harlem; Richard Fitzgerald, Hawthorne; J. A. Murphy, St. Louis, and Secretary Hopper, of the Turf Congress.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—The election of officers occurred at 2 o'clock this morning, as follows: President, James Howard; Washington Park; vice-president, Robert Aull, St. Louis; secretary, E. O. Hopper, Covington, Ky.; assistant secretary, John B. Dillon Covington, Ky.; Treasurer, E. S. Lee Covington, Ky.

[ON THE TURF.]

CLOSE FINISHES AT STOCKTON.

Exciting Contests in the Harness Events—Favorites Fare Badly East.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Sept. 19.—The feature of the third day's racing was the close finishes in every event. It took five heats to decide the 2:20 trot, and six heats were trotted by the 2:24 horses, and the race is still unfinished. Almost every finish in the harness events was very close, and three or four horses came down the stretch nose and nose time and time again.

Juan Chico managed to win the 2:20-class trot, and Atherine, Maggie McKinney and Gen. Smith each have two heats in the 2:24 event. The judges overlooked Limber Jim in the five-furlong dash. He finished several yards in advance of Fine Shot, but was not placed. Results:

Trotting, 2:20 class:

Juan Chico (H. H. Hellman)	2	1	1	2	1	
Vendome (C. F. Bunch)	1	2	2	1	2	
Hank (J. Edge)	3	3	3	3	3	

Time, 2:22, 2:23, 2:21¼, 2:21¾, 2:23¾.

Trotting, 2:24 class, stake $500 (unfinished:)

Gen. Smith (J. Shaner) and (M. Sanders)	2	2	2	1	1	
Maggie McKinney (W. G. Durfee)	4	2	1	1	2	2
Atherine (P. W. Hodges)	1	1	3	4	4	3
Ben Liebes (C. A. Durfee)	3	4	4	3	3	ro

Time, 2:21, 2:16¾, 2:17½, 2:18½, 2:17¾, 2:20½.

Running, five furlongs: Yule (Shucough,) won; Nomadic (Kelly,) second; Royal Fan (Pearey,) third; time 1:02¼.

St. Appolinaris, Isabel, Judge Shropshire, All Silk and El Arte also ran.

Running, six furlongs: The Miller (Kelley,) won; Fine Shot (Flynn,) second; Dolore (Frawley,) third; time 1:15. San Augustine, Limber Jim, Alvarea and Twinkle Twink also ran.

FAVORITE PLAYERS LOSE.

SURPRISES AT GRAVESEND.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Favorite players had a bad time at Gravesend today, as only one actual first choice was first past the judges. This was Modrine in the second race. Lunia was equal favorite with Inshot in the fourth race, and her victory furnished consolation to a few.

The weather was cool and bright and the track fast. Bullman was fined $200 and set down for the remainder of the meeting for what the stewards called reckless riding in the first race on Annoy. Summary:

Mile and a sixteenth, selling: The Chamberlain won, Annoy second, Carbuncle third; time 1:48 4-5.

About six furlongs: Modrine won, La Tousca II second, Motley third; time 1:10 4-5.

Mile and an eighth: Rockton won, McMeekin second, Killashandra third; time 1:54 2-5.

Five furlongs. Lucrana won, Bill Conroy second, Luck third; time 1:01 4-5.

Mile and a quarter: Favonius won, Decanter second, Duoro third; time 2:07 3-5.

Five furlongs: Kid won, Fannie Maud second, Pleasant Sall third; time 1:02 1-5.

CROWD AT COLUMBUS.

MOLO SHOWS GREAT SPEED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

COLUMBUS (O.,) Sept. 19.—The largest crowd of the meeting witnessed the races today. The weather was cloudy but warm, and the track fast. Fred M was a prohibitive favorite in the 2:14 pace, and won in straight heats with speed to spare.

The 2:20 trot furnished the only surprise of the day. Wilhelm Meister was picked to win, but Molo, who had been a strong second choice, proved to be a great sprinter and won in straight heats. Molo's finish in the third heat was sensational. He broke in the back stretch and dropped back to sixth place, but after he passed the three-quarters pole he went around the bunch and won from Gale, who looked a sure winner.

Daisy J was the favorite in the 2:19 pace. Nichols laid up the mare in the first and then went on and won in consecutive heats. Summary:

Pacing, 2:19 class, purse $900: Daisy J won second, third and fourth heats in 2:12¼, 2:13, 2:15. Cuda won first in 2:12¾. Violation, Legal Hal, Walter K, Insure, Be Sure, Jr., E. M. G. and Hughey V also started.

Trotting, 2:20 class, purse $800: Molo won in straight heats; time 2:17¼, 2:16¼, 2:19¼. Gale, Spring Lock, Superior Wilkes, Aerile Highwood, Wilhelm Meister, Wilbur and Pauline B also started.

Pacing, 2:14 class, purse $800: Fred M won in straight heats; time 2:13¼, 2:14¾, 2:14½. Daisy Elder, Tom Tipton, Red Light and Hazel Wood Hal also started.

FIRST CHOICES BEATEN.

KINLOCK PARK OUTRIDERS WIN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.—Unpropitious weather caused a marked falling off in the attendance at Kinlock Park today, only the regulars being present. The easy going brought disaster to every favorite, the winners turning up in four outsiders and two second choices. Results:

Six furlongs, selling: Percy R. won, Terralene second, Seguranca third; time 1:22¾.

Six furlongs: Our Lady won, Orleans second, Curd Gillock third; time 1:22½.

Mile and a half, selling: Zazel won, Oriandine second, Fox Bard third; time 2:35¼.

Mile and a half: Titus won, Silent Friend second, Eva Moe third; time 3:03½.

One mile: John Morris won, Bannockburn second, Alice Turner third; time 1:59½.

Seven furlongs, selling: Kindred won, Meddlesome second, Maggie Davis third; time 1:28.

EVEN BREAK AT WINDSOR.

KID HAMPTON TAKES HANDICAP.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

DETROIT, Sept. 19.—Three favorites and the same number of second choices were successful at Windsor today. Kid Hampton proved himself a very shifty two-year-old by capturing the all-aged handicap in clever style. The weather was cloudy and the track fast. Results:

One mile: Old Mike won, Charley Estes second; Antagon third; time 1:44.

Five and one-half furlongs: Kid Hampton won, Cotton Plant second, Miss Soak third; time 1:07.

Mile and a quarter, selling: Sir Fitzhugh won; Hermencia second, Beau Ideal third; time 2:09.

One mile, selling: Handicapper won, Acushla second, Raffled third; time 1:43.

Four and one-half furlongs, selling: Ferrant won, Quibo second, Tempt third; time :55¾.

Six and a half furlongs, selling: Doustehswivel won, Marion Lynch second, Chanter third; time 1:21¾.

BESSIE MACKLIN BEATEN.

MEDIOCRE CARD AT HAWTHORNE

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—The feature of today's rather mediocre card at Hawthorne was the defeat in the third race of Bessie Macklin, the much-touted speed marvel, at her favorite distance, six furlongs. The all-night rain made the course a perfect sea of mud and form players suffered in consequence, favorites being badly beaten in the first three races. Summaries:

Four and a half furlongs: Nellie Forest won, Sweet Dream second, Alene Abbott third; time :57¾.

Seven furlongs: Blue Lick won, Hand Press second, The Elector third; time 1:32.

Six furlongs: Sly won, Lady Curson second, Bessie Macklin third; time 1:17¼.

One mile: Ravenne won, Louisville second, Hoods Brigade third; time 1:46¾.

Mile and a sixteenth: The Lady won, Florizan second, Boney Boy third; time 1:54 3-5.

RAIN AT FORT WAYNE.

DAY'S PROGRAMME POSTPONED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

FORT WAYNE (Ind.,) Sept. 19.—Rain caused a postponement of the races scheduled for today, and the 2:14 pace and 2:08 pace went over until tomorrow.

In the 2:10 trot, unfinished from yesterday, Cornelia Bell was an easy winner in straight heats and Lady Alright gave a similar straight performance in the 2:30 pace.

In the 2:13 pace, Pussy Willow, My Choice and Vesper won a heat each. Pussy Willow was the favorite at odds of 2 to 1. But one heat of the 2:08 pace had been gone when a steady rain started and the two events were postponed. Summary:

The 2:12 trot, unfinished Tuesday, purse $1000: Cornelia Bell won three straight heats in 2:13¼, 2:12¾, 2:11¾. Nell Gwynn, Silver Wilkes, May Alcom, Tudor Chimes, Chain Shot, Annie Burns, Genevieve and Aggie Medium also started.

The 2:30 pace, purse $800: Lady Alright won in three straight heats; time 2:14¼, 2:15¼, 2:15¼. Orll B. Daisy, Mito S, Minetta, Decoration and Coration also started.

The 2:14 pace, New Aveline Hotel Stakes, purse $1000, unfinished: Vesper won first heat in 2:13¾; Pussy Willow won second heat in 2:11¼; My Choice won third heat in 2:13¾. Ballamy L., Tod Williams, Toleta and Red Wilkes also started.

The 2:08 pace, purse $1000, Wayne Hotel Stakes, unfinished: Agitato won first heat in 2:10¾. Lady Pipes, the Admiral, Sidney Pointer, Col. Bert, Red Seal and Atlat also started.

[BASEBALL.]

BROKE UP IN A ROW.

St. Louis Catcher Assaults Umpire Gaffney and the Game Awarded to Brooklyn.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BROOKLYN, Sept. 19.—Today's game between the Brooklyn and St. Louis clubs ended in a row in the third inning, and Umpire Gaffney declared it forfeited to Brooklyn by a score of 9 to 0. With Farrell at third Jones sent a grounder to Wallace, who threw badly to the plate. Farrell slid under Robinson's hands and was declared safe. Robinson jumped up and after throwing the ball at Gaffney rushed up and struck him in the chest with his fist. The umpire swung his mask at the player, just grazing his nose. He ordered the big catcher out of the game, but he refused to go and McGraw backed him up.

After waiting the customary time Gaffney declared the game forfeited, McGraw withdrawing his men from the field. McGinnity and Jones were the opposing pitchers and the game promised to be interesting. Brooklyn had scored a run on a homer by Jennings in the first and another in the third on Farrell's double, McGinnity's sacrifice and the play above mentioned, while St. Louis was blanked, although they gave indications of batting hard, having made five hits to two for Brooklyn. The 800 spectators received their money back.

PHILADELPHIA-CINCINNATI.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—By winning today's game Philadelphia succeeded in capturing the series with Cincinnati. The visitors hit Bernhard and Donahue was substituted in the fifth, holding Cincinnati down to two hits during the remainder of the game. The attendance was 1500. Score:

Philadelphia 8; hits 13, errors 2.
Cincinnati 7; hits 12, errors 3.
Batteries—Bernhard, Donahue and Douglass; Phillips and Peltz.
Umpire—Hurst.

PITTSBURGH-NEW YORK.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The New Yorks lost another game to Pittsburgh this afternoon owing to their inability to hit Chesbro, who pitched good ball from beginning to end. The attendance was 1000. Score.

New York 2; hits 5 errors 2.
Pittsburgh 5; hits 12, errors 0.
Batteries—Carrick and Bowerman; Chesbro and O'Connor.
Umpire—Snyder.

LOS ANGELES BEATEN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Sept. 19.—In a hotly-contested game this afternoon the Phoenix ball team defeated Los Angeles by a score of 6 to 4. The batteries were Hartwell and Long; Simons and Mangerina.

VENTURA COUNTY.

QUEEN VOTING CONTEST.

VENTURA, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The result of the voting in the contest for Queen of the Ventura street fair was as follows at noon yesterday:

Miss Helen Nidever	627
Mrs. Charles B. McDonnell	573
Miss Lewanee Woodruff, Hueneme	464
Miss Lucy Ruiz	352
Miss Bertha Roth	298
Miss Blanche Rice, Oxnard	159
Miss Jessie Todd, Santa Paula	132
Miss Minnie Jones	127
Miss Ada Stone, Fillmore	66
Scattering	123

The ballot boxes will be closed, and not opened for count, from 5 p.m. Friday until 5 p.m. Monday, when they will be opened in the presence of the representatives of the candidates and all ballots recounted. Votes can be cast until Monday at 5 p.m.

The first part of an athelete's training relates to the care of the stomach. The nourishing quality of his food is considered. The quantity he eats is carefully weighed and measured. It is curious that this care of the stomach is looked upon as an extraordinary thing only to be practiced in special circumstances.

It should be every one's care. Life is a struggle for the prize of success. The man who wins must take care of his stomach. It is not lack of energy or exercise that has caused so many a break-down in the race. It is neglect of the stomach.

Incessant dull headache aggravated by eating, flatulence, gnawing in the stomach, heartburn, acid eructations, coated tongue, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, mental depression, sleeplessness; these are only a few of the symptoms of a weak stomach and an enfeebled condition of the digestive and nutritive functions. Not all these symptoms will be experienced at once, but any one of them means danger.

"It has made a new man of me," is the constant testimony of those who have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This remarkable remedy has such a perfect control of the stomach, digestive and assimilative organs and blood making glands that it speedily corrects the derangements which weaken them, re-establishes them in healthy working order, so that once more the whole body—blood, brain, nerves and muscles—is nourished, and built up into rugged health.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant. Its protracted use does not create a craving for stimulants.

The dealer's after the dollar and the customer's after the cure. Its the dealer with his eye on the dollar who proposes substitution. Let the customer keep his eye on the cure and insist on "Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets do not gripe. They effectually cleanse the system of accumulated impurities.

KIPLING INTERVIEWED.

He Gives His Opinion of Hospital Methods in South Africa During the Boer War.

[London Correspondence of the New York Journal:] A gust of South African windstorm penetrated a room of the Hospital Commission in Burlington Gardens.

Sweeping up the wide staircase, it tore past the liveried attendant at the head of the stairs, rushed into the lofty chamber, played havoc with an accumulation of official cobwebs, and finally settled down in a clear atmosphere through which facts, bare and naked, loomed distinct as kopjes on the horizon of the veldt.

Rudyard Kipling in the witness chair was the occasion of the breezy interlude of the drowsy proceedings of the commission.

An hour before Mr. Kipling put in an appearance the chairman, Lord Justice Romer, had occasion to complain of the lack of public interest in the investigation.

"There apears to exist in some quarters an idea that the commission has pursued its investigations in private," said His Lordship. That was a complete misapprehension. Everything was public and the evidence was taken down by shorthand writers.

There was a visible brightening up of the members of the commission when the author of the "Absent-minded Beggar" presented himself as a target for questions. That he knew all about it, and, moreover, could tell all about it, and, better still, tell it in a way that everybody would hear and understand, was a foregone conclusion. Just where to begin, however, was another matter.

Lord Justice Romer solved the difficulty by inviting Mr. Kipling to make a statement. And while the gentlemen around the table leaned forward so as not to miss a single word, Mr. Kipling, without even a preliminary cough, began to tell his story.

From the day of his arrival in Capetown on February 5, until the end of that month he was in and out of the hospitals. He discussed matters generally with the doctors and nurses, and asked if they wanted anything and was told they did not.

"I did not go to Woodstock," he continued, with a peculiar pause which seemed to imply the familiar "but that is another story."

The first request he received came from the nurses. They wanted pajamas. Not only did they want pajamas, but they wanted the pajamas so badly that they asked him to smuggle them into the hospital by the back door.

From the "Absent-minded Beggar" stores Mr. Kipling procured ninety-eight pairs of pajamas, loaded them into a Cape cart, and in due course delivered them to the nurses by the back door of the hospital. News of this easy method of dodging official red tape traveled quickly between hospitals.

More requests for pajamas met him at the next hospital he visited, requests coupled with the injunction about delivering the much-needed clothing by the back door route. Then followed requisitions for drugs, pillowslips and sundry other articles. "These drugs were sent privately," added Mr. Kipling, "because the general impression was that was the better and more expeditious way to get them in."

"If you had given these things openly, what then?" asked Prof. Cunningham.

"I imagine I should have got the people into trouble who complained that they wanted them," replied Mr. Kipling dryly.

"But how could a medical man who wanted drugs object to that course?" persisted Dr. Church.

"As they say at the Cape," began Mr. Kipling, "you would never get them. It was all done to save time. When a man is ill you cannot wait for routine. He wants the drugs. I do not say there were not drugs there. They could not be got at. As a matter of fact I was expressly told that they had drugs at the hospital."

Clear and incisive came the sentence, delivered in the tones of a man of few words, but every word to the point.

There was no doubt as to the minds of the commission as Mr. Kipling finished speaking. Almost unconsciously Lord Romer voiced the absolute concurrence of himself and his associates with Mr. Kipling's views by his next question, which was rather a suggestion to fill in an omission:

"You sent the pajamas for the same reason?" his lordship said.

"Absolutely. Simply that they should get them more quickly."

Having settled the efficiency of the back-door method of circumventing official red tape, the commission did not pursue the matter further.

Of his experience in Bloemfontein Mr. Kipling had little to say. He was there before the outbreak of an epidemic, but he saw enough to show how sick patients might expect to fare.

The hospitals preferred wounded to sick, he said. They did not want dysentery or enteric patients. They were long and troublesome cases, and not so interesting as wounded.

In reply to the president, Mr. Kipling candidly admitted that he found the hospitals at Bloemfontein perfectly clean. Everybody worked very hard, and the only complaint was the slowness in getting anything that was necessary.

The curious reference to Woodstock in the beginning of Mr. Kipling's evidence had not escaped Dr. Church. Seeing the possibility of eliciting something which might offset the damaging reply to his former question about drugs, Dr. Church asked:

"You did not go to Woodstock?"

"No," replied Mr. Kipling. "The hospital there was unspeakable. It stunk. You could smell it from the train."

With this parting shot Mr. Kipling's evidence concluded. And as he left the witness chair some one passed around another quotation from his "Departmental Ditties:"

"I believe in well-flushed culverts.
This is why the death-rate's small,
And if you don't believe me, get
shekarred yourself. That's all."

REGENERATION OF TUNNELS.

A Proposal to Introduce Electric Motors for Hauling Cars Through City Tunnels.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Many cities in the United States are intimately interested in the outcome of a situation which will soon have to be dealt with in New York City. The unmitigated nastiness of the atmosphere of the tunnel running north from the Grand Central station, in that city, in an infliction, which in view of the modern improvements now available, many persons are coming to regard as a positive imposition. In the discussion of the subject in the daily papers, a curious statement has been made as emanating from the general superintendent of one of the interested roads. This official is alleged to have said that changes of motors cannot be made at any point near the Grand Central station, and that so far no electrical motor has been made which will be able to draw the cars through the tunnel, and thus enable the smoke and dust and fumes of the steam locomotive to be done away with. An electrical authority shows that so far as the former question is concerned, all that is necessary for switching is a properly-constructed switchyard. There is abundance of yard room at places on the line which would be chosen as the most natural and advantageous points for switchings and sidings. There is no necessity for any exchange of locomotives for electric motors, or vice versa. This is conclusively proved in the Baltimore tunnel, through which locomotives can be hauled along with the rest of the train, with dampers closed, without giving off enough gases and smoke to make it seriously objectionable. To keep the tunnel clean requires only the simplest kind of mechanical ventilation. But a better way is to do away with the locomotives, and use the almost noiseless and entirely odorless electric machines. As to the second statement in regard to no electric motor being available for the purpose in question, the authority already referred to offers to furnish interested railroads a list of about a dozen of contracting companies of the highest commercial reputation and ample capital, any one of whom would gladly undertake to construct the plant and maintain it for a reasonable period. Sooner or later, all the suburban service of a city of suburbs like New York must be operated by electricity, and the lines running out from the Grand Central and other stations in the city and on the New Jersey side of the Hudson River must be converted into electric lines. No better beginning for such an inevitable development could be made than in the noisome tunnel of which so many hundreds of thousands of have unpleasant and probably resentful memories.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

One of the last of the Balaklava survivors, James A. White, is dead at Upper Sandusky, O. He had lived neart that place since 1857.

It was said at the Netherlands Hotel, New York yesterday, that Marcus Daly, who has been ill at that place for some days, was considerably improved.

small town in Rice county, was entered by burglars and looted early Sunday morning. The safe was blown open and the robbers got away with $5000 in cash and $30,000 in securities. The bank carried an insurance of $5000 on its certificates in the Bankers' Casualty Company. There is no clew to the robbers.

The Egyptian mail steamer Charkieh is ashore on the reefs near Athens with a broken shaft. Some of her passengers have been drowned. She is of 1500 tons net, 274 feet long, 34 feet wide and 24 feet deep.

A terrific explosion of dust at the Lakeside oatmeal mills at Joliet, Ill., yesterday, started a fire which resulted in the total destruction of the main plant. The estimated loss is $50,000; insurance $41,000. No one was hurt.

The State Bank of Bushton, Kan., a former Secretary of State, John Sherman yesterday placed on record at Washington a deed, conveying to his adopted daughter, Mrs. Murye McCallum, his handsome marble-front mansion and his adjoining property on K street, that city. The consideration named in the deed was "one hundred dollars, love and affection." Mr. Sherman arrived in Washington yesterday.

Chico Smallpox Case Fatal.

CHICO, Sept. 19.—A. Silva, who became afflicted with smallpox at Bidwell's sheep camp last Tuesday, died this morning. The other patients are doing well.

FIRE THIS MORNING.

The burning out of a chimney flue in the Nadeau Hotel at 3 o'clock this morning caused an alarm of fire from box 37. There was no loss.

The Broadway Department Store

You had better get acquainted with what we are doing on Friday. Tomorrow's bargains will add another chapter to this brilliant bargain series. To miss what's offered is to lose money.

$10 to two School Children--- To the Boy and Girl who will write us the best story or article.

No strings to it—an outright offer. We are anxious to see what talent our young friends have. Choose any subject—don't go more than 400 words. Illustrate it with two drawings. Put on it your name, age and address and leave it with Miss Bettersworth of the Book Department before next Saturday night.

A Striking Bargain in Felt Hats---69c

Some stores would ask you $1.50.

We have heard some folks say that it was foolish for the Broadway to sell felt hats so cheap. It's likely our prices do seem funny to folks who look at them purely from a mercenary standpoint.

We could easily get a half more for these hats.

We would rather not, preferring your good will to the temporary gain of a few dollars.

It's not a skimpy, off-style, off-color lot—choose from

The favorite reigning styles,

Among which are Pretoria, Belle, Capetown and Ladysmith Shapes. Soft wool felt in navies, pearls, castors, modes, garnet, brown or black. Some with plain, raw-edged brims and narrow silk ribbon bands, others with silk-bound brims and bands to match.

Ladies' 75c Flannellet Gowns 59c

In light colors, various checks and stripes, double yokes in the back and lay-down collars. Good 75c values, we've priced 59c.

Children's Flannellet Dresses 23c.

Light or dark shades, neat stripes or checks, trimmed with embroidery flounces over the shoulder and fancy braid. For children 1 to 4 years old. Regular 35c values, now 23c.

Nickel Plated Safety Pins 3c.

Medium, small or large sizes—what usually sell up to 5c, will go today at one price—3c card.

Curling Irons 1c.

The good, every-day kind that sell for 3c—here today for one-third that—1c.

Bone Hair Pins, Doz. 3c.

In black and brown—the 5c size—today only—3c.

Boys' "Champion" Waists, 29c.

Of excellent quality percale, well made, with plaited fronts and finished with pearl buttons. The regular 45c kind.

Men's Fedora Hats, 98c.

Of pure fur felt, in black, brown, gray, and pearl—newest shapes—the kind sold by exclusive hat dealers for $1.50.

Men's Suits, $4.98.

Of cheviot, tweed and kersey, with heavy sateen linings and well tailored—come in black, blue, brown and gray—plain, striped or checked—these are suits for which others ask $7.50.

Sale of Tooth Brushes.

Every one of Standard Worth and Merit.

If you buy today you may save money on good tooth brushes. We are building up business at the drug counter by lowering prices. At the prices we have named

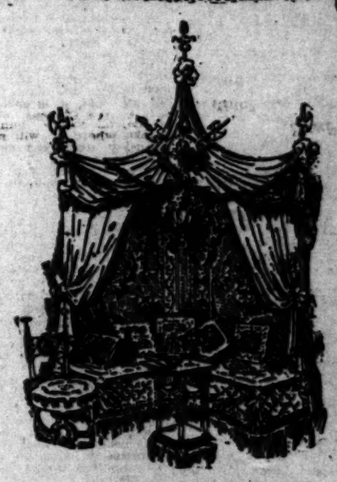
You folks ought to buy two and three brushes apiece.

First we want to assure you of the safety of the bargain. This is not a trashy, job lot, rather, brushes we have taken from regular stock.

2½c—Pure White Bristle Tooth Brushes.
Three rows of bristles. The handle is polished.
10c—Five row Bristle Tooth Brush.
15—Pure white Bristle Tooth Brushes.
19c—For the best 25c Bristle Tooth Brush.
25c—Finest Bristle Tooth Brushes.

You must see them, to get a definite idea of the values. However poor a judge you may be, you will readily see what unusual bargains they are.

Lace Curtains Portiers Drapery Bedroom suits Iron beds Hallstands Refrigerators Sideboards Couches Toilet tables Writing desks China closets Music cabinets Bookcases



This is our Opening Week for

ORIENTAL RUGS.

Los Angeles never saw a Rug show like it. Such quantity, such variety, such beauty has, in fact, never been assembled under one roof in the West.

Our going direct to bonded warehouses gives us an inside on prices as well as first pick.

You will find here now the Rarest of Persian, Turkish and Indian Rugs, comprising such favorites as Goerwan, Serapi, Lahore and Amritza Carpets. In smaller sizes are the Giek Rugs from Persia, Senna, Kirman, Sedjadis, Iran Dohkars, Daghestan, Carabugh and more than 50 other makes from the different districts of the Orient.

Lovers of the quaint and antique will find much here to see, enjoy and study.

The past three days have brought many visitors, and with them the busiest selling we've known. The temptation to buy is irresistable. The best time to see this display is now—while assortments are complete.

BARKER BROS.,
420-22-24 S. Spring St.

Carpets Orientat rugs Linoleum

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

"Liner" advertisements for The Times left at the following places will receive prompt attention. Rate: one cent a word each insertion. Minimum charge for any advertisement, 15 cents:

F. D. Owen, Drug Store, Belmont avenue and Temple street.

Doyle Heights Drug Store, 1952 East First street.

Chicago Pharmacy, F. J. Krutil, Ph. G., prop., Central avenue and Twelfth street.

National Pharmacy, corner Sixteenth and Grand avenue.

E. W. Drenkel's Prescription Pharmacy, Twenty-fourth and Hoover. Phone Blue 1102.

The Times will receive at a minimum charge of 50 cents "liner" advertisements by telephone, but will not guarantee accuracy.

Liners.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

MRS. CASE, SCIENTIFIC PALMIST AND astrologer, formerly conducting the palmistry department of the Los Angeles Herald, begins a class in palmistry, October 1; instructions in classes or private; terms moderate; character readings, oral or written; horoscope cast; diplomas, with 1000 testimonials from prominent Los Angeles people; three years' successful practice in Southern California. Call and be convinced. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 117 HELLMAN BLDG., 250 W. Second, corner Broadway. 30

MEN'S SUITS DRY CLEANED AND pressed, $1.00.
Coats dry cleaned and pressed, 25c.
Ladies' chiffon dry cleaned and pressed, 75c.
Ladies' tailor-made suits dry cleaned and pressed, $1.25.
Ladies' waists dry cleaned, 50c and 75c.
Felt hats dry cleaned, 25c.
First-class work guaranteed.
We call for and deliver. Tel. James 82.
BOSTON DYE WORKS, 221 N. Spring.

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL send and lay carpets, to yard; window washing, floor waxing, furniture polishing; we guarantee work; refitting specialty. 139 W. Second. Tel. main 74. H. E. Bennett, Prop.

GREAT EASTERN STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, cor. Tenth and Los Angeles. Carpets cleaned and relaid, to per yard. Cleaning rugs to specialty. Work guaranteed. Tel. Ex. White 3151. A. BRENTON, Prop.

ACME LAUNDRY. TELEPHONE MAIN 821. driver No. 3; pleases by courteous, immediate attention and unsurpassed workmanship.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED BY HAND, 25c pair. MRS. GRACE HEATH, 232 S. Broadway. Tel. Main 6425. Ex. Brown 2006.

CITY STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, Rear west in the city. JNO. BLOESER, proprietor, 454 S. Broadway. Tel. main 42.

BOOKAKERS—WE DEVELOP, PRINT AND finish your kodak films for you. 24 S. Main. F. VAN CRAIGE, 123½ S. Spring st. 3

WANTED — VESTS TO MAKE; FIRST-class work done. MRS. ISABELLA BUTLER, 1107 Cherry ave.

WANTED—CHILDREN TO BOARD; WILL be kindly cared for at 861 N. ORANGE GROVE, Pasadena.

E. W. CLARK, ACCOUNTANT, 320 COMmercial st. Tel. Main 34; expert work given special attention.

HAVE YOUR PAINTING AND PAPERING done by responsible parties. Walter, 237 Bry'g.

WE SELL COAL AND GASOLINE STOVES repaired. 923 S. MAIN. Tel. main 8427.

WINDOW SHADES—SLICKLES MAKES them. Factory, 232 W. 8TH. 'Phone James 3418.

JORDAN'S PIONEER CARPET-CLEANING WORKS. 247 S. Broadway. Tel. main 82.

SCREEN DOORS, $1.50; SCREENS, 20c. ADAMS MFG. CO., 742 S. Main. Tel. Main 5422.

FOR ADOPTION—TWO FINE BABY BOYS. Apply 737 BELLEVUE AVE.

HAVE YOU TRIED THE LILLIE WEBB soap? Nothing equals it.

WANTED—
Help. Male.

SUMMER BROS. & CO.
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.
A Strictly First-class, Reliable Agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.
252-254 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 838.
(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.
Laborers, brick yard, $1.75; lather, $2.00; man and wife, and over time; $75 month; meat market, $25, etc.; two stone masons, $6; two mason tenders, $1.75; cabinet-makers, city; horse clipper, 40 per cent; 5 boys, $1; bench hand; blacksmith, $3; helper, $2; etc., and $2.50 a day; wood chopper, $1.25 to $2 a cord; driver delivery, $25, etc.; trench and orchard hands, $26 to $30; gardeners, $3 and $2 and board; laborers, $2; gasoline pump man, $1.50; milkers, $35, etc., to $50, etc.; hard wood finishers, $3; soft wood finishers, $2.50; families to pick walnuts; man and wife, $35, etc.

HOTEL MEN'S DEPARTMENT.
Chef, $100 and meals; pastry cook, baker, $40, etc.; shop baker, foreman, $60; kitchen helper, $20; camp flunkey, $30; waiter, $1, etc.; colored cook, Arizona, $60; waiter, country, $30, etc.; boy assist to pantryman, country, $10; restaurant cook, $30, etc.; dishwasher, $5 a week; lunch-counter man, $25 and board, etc.; restaurant waiter, $7; two dishwashers, $20, etc.; camp cook, $50, etc.; third cook, $25 and fare; night lunch cook, $30 and fare; colored waiter, $25; pantryman, $5 a week.

HOUSE DEPARTMENT.
Cook and second girl, country, $25; cook, Redlands, $30; cook Santa Barbara, $30; second girl, city, $20; housegirls, city and country, $15, $20, $25 and $30; young girls to assist.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.
Waitresses for Santa Barbara, Redlands, Pomona, Riverside, Santa Monica, Arizona and city, $20 and $25; mangle girl, country hotel, $20; woman to clean in store, $2 a week; stenographer; restaurant waitresses, city, $6 and $7 a week. no Sunday work.
29 HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

E. W. REID'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, WILSON BLOCK, 128 W. FIRST ST.
TEL. MAIN 2694.
The oldest, most reliable agency in the city, 13 years in the business. Correspondence solicited. Office open 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.

10 teamsters, free fare, $1; 3 men for livery stable, $20; 6 ranch hands, $25; 2 milkers, 20 cows, $25; man and wife (Swedish,) $40; man to clean and press clothing, $75 month; man for job, $2 a day; private laborer, $2; to gather bulk, $25; dairy man able to make butter, $30; elderly man for private place; laundry man, take charge of laundry, $15 week; single hand drillers, $2.25; man to take charge of small place, $15 and found; boy with $5 cash.

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT HELP.
2 chefs, $15 and $20; 2 second cooks, $3 and $40; pantry man, dishwashers and other hotel help. Call early many good places to cook in.

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.
Cooks, $30; second girls, Santa Barbara, city, $25; waitress, Riverside city, $25; restaurant, $6; home girls, $25; girls to assist, $20. REID & CO. 29

C. R. HANSEN & CO.
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.
123½-125½ Second st. 'Phone M. 322.
San Francisco office, established 1876.
Carpenter for car building, $3.50 to $5 day; 1 cart-setters, Arizona, $3.50 day, reduced rate advanced; 20 tunnel men, $2.50 day, free fare; 14 laborers, same place, $2 day, free fare, fee $1; 3 wood choppers, $2.50 cord, fare paid; camp blacksmith, $30 and found; stone mason, Arizona, $4 day, fare paid; 4 men for structural iron work, building and riveting steel bridges, etc., $3.50 day, free fare, Carlsbad, $30 and found; 4 stable men, $15 to $20 and found.
Second hotel cook, Arizona, $60; second cook, country hotel, $40; lunch-counter waiter, $30 and $40 and found; dishwasher, $30; hotel cook and dishwasher, $40; others; 7 more waitresses, $7 week; 8 hotel waitresses, $20 and $25 week; others, city and country; 10 housegirls, $20 to $30; others.
C. R. HANSEN & CO.

WANTED—SEVERAL ABLE-BODIED MEN at our saw-mill and logging camp; need not be experienced; wages $1.75 per day. Apply BOOKING LUMBER AND BOX CO., Highlands, Cal.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO LEARN the barber trade; situations guaranteed; $15 per week; special inducements. Particulars, address GORDON'S BARBER COLLEGE, 417 North Main.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, SEVERAL good lawyers for our logging camp; wages $2.50 per day. Address BOOKING'S LUMBER & BOX CO., Highland, Cal.

WANTED — GOOD HOSTLER TO WORK with trotting horses, two good wood choppers. Apply after 12 a.m. tomorrow. E. L. HATHERBY, 207 S. Broadway.

WANTED—WILL START ANYONE IN A paying business; $10 for particulars; easy work; answer today. BAY STATE CO., 803 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

WANTED — A GOOD BUSHELMAN, FOR pressing, repairing and altering; good wages and steady employment. AMERICAN DYE WORKS, 435 W. Sixth.

WANTED—
Help. Male and Female.

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE ON FRUIT ranch; man to do cultivating, etc., and care of horses; woman to do 3 hours' housework per day and washing; man's wages to start at $35 per month; woman's wages 12½ cents per hour; small house provided. Address C, box 29, TIMES OFFICE. 22

WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN AND WOMEN for work among invalids and tourists; good pay. Address C, box 55, TIMES OFFICE. 24

WANTED — DO YOU WANT TRAVELING job on salary. Answer, TRIUMPH, CO., Dallas, Tex. 22

WANTED—
Rooms and Board.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIvate family, by man working nights; must be west of Main st. and close in. Address C, box 61, TIMES OFFICE. 20

WANTED—
To Purchase.

WANTED—FOR OUR CLIENTS, SEVERAL houses and lots of 5 to 9 rooms; must be desirable and cheap for cash; send or bring description to our office at once. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st. 23

WANTED — VACANT LOT OR COTTAGE west of Main, north of 16th, south of Orange; state exact size, location and price. Address C, box 30, TIMES OFFICE. 20

WANTED—TO SECURE A HOME IN LOS Angeles. Can offer in trade, part of a desirable speculative investment. Address C, box 19, TIMES OFFICE. 24

WANTED—GOOD LOTS, ESPECIALLY CORners, in the business portion of city for cash customer. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st. 23

WANTED—HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR furniture, carpets and miscellaneous goods. MATTHEWS, 454 S. Main. 'Phone green 1253.

WANTED—IF YOU WANT THE HIGHEST possible price for your furniture, ring up GREEN 606, or call 606 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE SOME YOUNG calves, one week old and upward. WM. ALEN, 1502 Bridge st. 30

WANTED—I WANT TO BUY SMALL BUSIness; have $250 cash. Address C, box 37, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED — 3-HORSE LUMBER WAGON; also 1200-lb. horse. CARPENTER & BILES, 120 E. 23d st. 22

WANTED — TWO SECOND-HAND TENTS for camping. Address C, box 54, TIMES OFFICE. 20

WANTED — SECOND-HAND FURNITURE. COLGAN'S, 316-318 S. Main. 'Phone red 2121. 26

WANTED—
Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—$25 TO $50 DAILY EASILY MADE by our live agents, man or woman, selling our guaranteed, novelty, waterproof, Necktieat goods; entirely new and patented; agents delighted; sales unlimited; what others do, you can do; write today and secure exclusive territory; guaranteed best seller. Address, with stamp, M. & M. MANFG. CO., Dept. C., Springfield, Mass.

WANTED — FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER subscription solicitor; will pay regular salary or commission, as desired, to good, experienced man. Address C, box 64, TIMES OFFICE.

WINDSOR RUBBER COLLARS, CUFFS, etc.; wholesale, retail; liberal terms to agents. 1000 BROADWAY. Tel. green 2121.

WANTED—GOOD, LIVE AGENTS TO SELL the latest work. 2nest out. 515 E. PINE ST. Santa Ana, Cal. 25

WANTED—AGENTS, $25 A DAY, CITY. Address B, box 81, TIMES OFFICE. 20

WANTED—
To Rent.

WANTED—TO RENT FOR ONE YEAR, 5 or 6-room cottage, unfurnished or partly furnished; must be reasonable. Permanent tenant, prefer Arlington Heights. Address C, box 1, TIMES OFFICE. 20

WANTED—FURNISHED COTTAGE, 4 OR 5 rooms, bath and yard; rent about $15. Write E. MONNIER, 220 Potomac Bldg. 20

WANTED — TO RENT 6-ROOM MODERN house, southwest; no children. Address 213 N. MAIN. 22

WANTED—
Miscellaneous.

WANTED—HOME FOR USEFUL MORAL boy, 14, good to go to school; will pay $1 week board. Address MRS. STILES, 2948 W. Pico st., city. 29

WANTED—WILL PAY SPOT CASH FOR buildings to be moved, or torn down; also pipe or casing. WITKIND & CO., Seventeenth and Wall sts.

WANTED — STORE FIXTURES OF ALL kinds and for sale at 609 S. LOS ANGELES ST. 22

FOR SALE—
City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—

These elegant, fine, close-in lots in our Lone Star tract in the swell part of the city, for the present only $700, on terms to suit at 6 per cent. interest. If you prefer, we will lend you the full cost of your house at same rate of interest and you can select your own architect and build your own house, and then pay off a month or two after. Consult our man (house builder,) for building the house and advancing the money.

We are also selling choice lots worth $1500, and while the price is as quoted and the other opportunity thereto offered, you had better avail yourself of this chance of a lifetime to secure your home.

Several have already accepted our offer, and so soon as we get ten more nice homes in this tract the price of $700 will be advanced to $750.

CLARK & BRYAN, 127 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT CORNER, 150x140, 2 blocks south of Westlake Park; very sightly and at a decided bargain; see us at once if you want it. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st. 23

FOR SALE — BARGAIN IN A LOT, JUST west of Figueroa st. near Pico, 50x105; price $300. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ South Spring st. 23

FOR SALE—LARGE BUILDING LOTS, southwest, $400; $20 cash, $10 per month; near Log Cabin. I. H. PREFFON, 204 Stimson Blk.

FOR SALE—$250; $5 MONTHLY; 40-FT. LOT, cement walk, curb; Vernon car to End st. WIESENDANGER, 420 Douglas Block.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT BUILDING lots, we have them all prices. READ & CULLEN, 606 S. Broadway. 20

FOR SALE—
Country Property.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE — ELEGANT Pasadena home in aristocratic neighborhood, just off Orange Grove ave.; 9-room house, modern conveniences, cellar, furnace, three-quarters acre ground, stable cost $1000, with servants' quarters and bath; choicest fruits, flowers, ornamental trees; price only $6500; will take part Los Angeles realty, balance cash or mortgage, 6 per cent. 23 S. RAYMOND, Pasadena.

FOR SALE—WANT TO SELL FOOTHILL orange and lemon grove in Glendora; no frost; will pay 20 per cent. on investment. G. J. MILLER. 23

FOR SALE — RELINQUISHMENT TO 200 acres good agric land, with 100 inches water; price $500. WM. ALEN, 1502 Bridge st. 20

FOR SALE—
Suburban Property.

FOR SALE—SUBURBAN HOMES, ORANGE orchards, alfalfa ranches, houses and lots, hotels and rooming-houses, exchanges of all kinds. C. C. PLOYD, 213 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—
Business Property.

FOR SALE — FINE BUSINESS CORNER, 132x170, partially improved and close in; rapidly increasing in value. Full particulars with M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ South Spring st. 20

FOR SALE—
Hotels, Lodging-houses.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS ROOMING-houses at a bargain.
$1600—20 rooms, large and well furnished, rent $85.
$1800—28 rooms, Broadway, close in, nice clean furniture; always full.
$1800—20 rooms, nicely furnished, gas, electricity, 3 baths, choice location; $750 cash, balance on time. J. C. OLIVER, 213 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A MONEY-MAKER AT A BARgain; never offered for sale before; 40 rooms; must be seen to be appreciated. Room 122, STIMSON BLDG. 20

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSES, ALL SIZES and prices. READ & CULLEN, 606 S. Broadway. 20

FOR SALE—
Houses.

FOR SALE—$1450; IF YOU WANT A PRETTY cottage of 5 rooms and bathroom, all in excellent shape, together with two large lots, highly improved, bearing fruit trees and flowers; good stable, etc., call for key at this office; this up-to-date cottage with its improvements is delightfully situated, one block from Pico car; $250 cash; easy monthly payments. Sole agent, CRICHTON SMITH, 200 Currier Block. 20

FOR SALE—BY OWNER, CHEAP, SOUTHwest, close in, two-story, house nearly new; decorated, 7 rooms, gas and electricity, hot and cold water, modern and desirable location; half block car line; $2300; $1300 cash, or two or three payments; $1000 long time, 6 per cent. Address owner, box 25, TIMES OFFICE. 20

FOR SALE—633 W. 21ST, 5-ROOM MODERN cottage, gas, electric, telephone, coal and gas stoves; hot, cold water; bath, closets, lawn, flowers, barn, etc.; with or without furniture; must be seen to be appreciated; to be sold by October 1, cash or negotiable paper. Owner on premises; price reasonable. 20

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN; FINE NEW house of 5 rooms, all complete; electric lights; large lot, southwest, close to car line; price only $1450. Easy terms if desired. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st. 20

FOR SALE—A FINE 8-ROOM HOUSE, S.W., for $2500; ⅓ cash; also a $1450 house for $1000; also a fine residence on 25th, 100-ft. lot, cheap. W. P. LARKIN & CO., Byrne Bldg., room 426. 20

FOR SALE—LOVELY COTTAGE, 6 ROOMS, 1ST CHARGE; sightly location; to be sold at a sacrifice; new and modern; see this and make offer. HOVIS & MARTIN, 136 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF the city for sale, rent or exchange. F. L. PATTERSON, general broker, 206½ S. Broadway, room 2. 'Phone green 423.

FOR SALE—$3000; ONE-THIRD CASH, will buy modern 10-room house in Wilshire Boulevard tract. Address owner, No. 341 SAN PEDRO ST. 22

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT A HOME, WE have them, all sizes and prices. READ & CULLEN, 606 S. Broadway. 20

FOR SALE—$3400; BARGAIN; 5-STORY house, 6 large rooms. 1207 W. 25TH ST., near Hoover; no agents. 21

FOR SALE—$1500; EASY TERMS, 6-ROOM modern cottage; barn. 724 E. 27TH near Main. 20

FOR SALE — 1542 PLEASANT AVE. SIX-room cottage, lot 54x175; only $1700; snap. 20

FOR SALE—
Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—A BRAND NEW PORCELAIN-lined refrigerator, holds 100 lbs. ice, with two porcelain-lined compartments for meats and vegetables; handsome, neat and cleanly; just the thing for a small family; cost $40 new and best; none for sale on this coast. Purchaser will have advantage of discount and freight allowance. Address B, box 54, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE, CARPETS AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR CASH OR ON EASY PAYMENTS. WE DEAL IN NEW AND GOOD SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, STOVES, ETC. IF YOU WANT ANYTHING IN OUR LINE, IT WILL PAY YOU TO GET OUR PRICES AND TERMS. LOUDEN & OVERELL, 128-140 S. SPRING.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE OF 5 ROOMS AND small barn with lot, west of Figueroa st. near Ninth car line; 3 blocks to Pico car, and very cheap at $1300. M'GARVIN & BRONSON, 220½ S. Spring st. 23

FOR SALE—175 FT. OF 7⅝ CASING AT A bargain; 30-h.p. Erie gasoline engine, used but 90 days; 35-h.p. automatic Atlas steam engine, new. S. P. CATEY, 102 E. First st., room 10. 24

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND LADIES' BIcycle, $12; better one for $25. Also 3 gent's wheels in first-class shape at bargains. Cal land see them. 456 S. SPRING.

FOR SALE—NICE LINE OF SECOND-HAND sewing machines, $5, $8, $10 & Spring. L. J. DE CLERCQ, 240 S. Spring. Tel. Main 8. MOOREHEAD, manager.

FOR SALE—LOT OF LUMBER, OLD AND new, $8 per thousand and up; also shingles, lath, 1st timber material, very cheap. 123 E. SEVENTH.

FOR SALE—FINE LOCAL BARLEY HAY AT the HAMMEL & DENKER ESTATE HAY YARD, E. Los Angeles st., bet. Ninth and Olympic.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; GOOD FOUR-SPRING wagon, business buggy and wheel in running order; will trade for dozen chickens. 341 E. FIRST.

FOR SALE — PIANO, MAHOGANY, HIGH grade, New York make; must sell at once; a bargain. Address A, box 15, TIMES OFFICE. 21

FOR SALE—CHILD'S ENAMELED CRIB, mattress, white gasoline stove, go-cart, chair, etc. 1344 PALM ST., near Grand and Pico.

FOR SALE—MAGIC LANTERNS, NEW, SECond-hand; moving pictures, acetylene generators. PACIFIC, 344 S. Main. Tel. Main 5.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SHOWCASES, COUNters, shelving, doors and windows. WM. Levy and sell. Ring up green 978. 214 E. FOURTH.

FOR SALE—DURING SEPTEMBER WE will give special bargains in tentings. GOLDEN & OVERELL, 138 140 S. Spring st. 22

FOR SALE—APRICOT PIT SHELLS FOR fuel, $2 per ton, delivered; $2.50 at yard. N. W. COR. NINTH and ALAMEDA STS.

FOR SALE—NEW $60 THISTLE BICYCLES now $40 and $50; agents wanted everywhere. BURKE BROS., 403 S. Spring.

FOR SALE — 20-H.P. ATLAS ENGINE, cheap; fine condition. CARPENTER & BILES, 120 E. 23d st. 22

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS MEAT PEDdling outfit, cheap. At HAWLEY & KING, Los Angeles st.

FOR SALE — LADY'S AND GENT'S BIcycles in good shape, at a bargain. 422 S. SPRING.

FOR SALE—A WEBER PIANO AT A VERY low price if taken today. 344 S. SPRING.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND FURNITURE and office desks. 508 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—FIRE-PROOF SAFE, 2nd HEST; good condition. 508 S. BROADWAY.

FOR SALE—NATIONAL CASH REGISTER. 16 E. COLORADO ST., Pasadena.

FOR SALE—GOOD UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. 527 S. OLIVE ST.

FOR SALE—SURREY, $95. 1134 PELLISSIER ST., Pico Heights. 22

FOR EXCHANGE—
Real Estate.

FOR EXCHANGE—I HAVE A LARGE LINE of Eastern farm and city properties that can be advantageously exchanged for California; I make a specialty of such exchanges. C. CONWAY, 311 Bradbury Bldg. Telephone Red 2788.

FOR EXCHANGE—IF YOU HAVE A VAcant lot in good location and want a nice 6-room house, Maple ave., near 28th and assume mortgage, come and see me. FERRELL, 253 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—EQUITY IN ONE OF THE finest 10-acre orange and lemon groves in Covina for Los Angeles property. Address, at once, owner, 1012 S. OLIVE ST., or come and see me; no agents. 20

FOR EXCHANGE — IF YOU HAVE ANY real estate or personal property to trade we will make you an offer. Call and see us. ENTERPRISE REALTY COMPANY, 218 S. Broadway. Room 328.

FOR EXCHANGE—$4500; NEW HOUSE ON 28th st.; will reduce mortgage to $2000, and trade for clear ranch or other city property. W. N. HOLWAY, 309 Henne Bldg.

FOR EXCHANGE—VERY FINE 3-STORY house on S. Burlington ave.; no mortgage; want smaller place or what have you? EDWARD C. CRIBB, 216 Broadway. 20

FOR EXCHANGE—PAINTERS, WILL TAKE $500 in painting as part payment on 4-room cottage. TAYLOR, 105 Broadway. 20

FOR EXCHANGE—FIRST-CLASS MODERN 8-room cottage. See 1507 PLEASANT AVE.

SWAPS—
All Sorts, Big and Little.

FOR EXCHANGE — JUMP-SEAT SURREY, been run four months; want good furniture and set of dishes. Call or address 1433 CARROLL AVE. 20

FOR EXCHANGE—CARPENTER WANTED to do work for upright piano by leading music house. Address C, box 20, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR EXCHANGE — FINE LADY DRIVER, black, for chickens. Address X, box 85, TIMES OFFICE.

DENTISTS—
And Dental Rooms.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.—
167 N. Spring st. Painless extracting, filling, crown and bridge work, flexible rubber plates. Pure gold fillings, 50c up; alloy fillings, 25c up; cleaning teeth, 50c up; solid 22-k. gold crowns and bridge work, $3.00 up; plates, $4.00 up; full set, $4 to $25. Open evenings till 8, and Sunday forenoons.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 325½ S. SPRING ST. Est. 14 years. Tel. brown 1252.

DR. FRANK STEVENS, CROWN AND bridge work a specialty. 325½ S. SPRING.

E. & L. N. BEDFORD, D.D.S., COR. FIRST and Spring. Wilson building.

MACHINERY—
And Mechanical Arts.

FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS and machinists. Cor. Chaves and Ash sts.

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 955 to 965 BUENA VISTA ST.

FOR SALE—
Houses.

FOR SALE—$4250; IF YOU WANT A PRETTY home, close in, modern, 7 rooms, bath, gas and electric, lot 50x150, with alley, fine neighborhood, 1 block to car, 2 blocks to Pico car, 3 blocks to Hoover car, 4 blocks to Grand ave. car, 5 blocks to Vermont ave. car, 6 blocks to Normal School, 7 blocks to Westlake Park, 8 blocks to Broadway, 9 blocks to Main st., 10 blocks to Spring st., 11 blocks to Los Angeles st., 12 blocks to Alameda st., 13 blocks to Central ave., 14 blocks to Santa Fe depot, 15 blocks to Southern Pacific depot, 16 blocks to Arcade depot, 17 blocks to Salt Lake depot, 18 blocks to Terminal depot, 19 blocks to Union depot, 20 blocks to Redondo car, 21 blocks to Long Beach car, 22 blocks to Watts car, 23 blocks to Pasadena car, 24 blocks to Monrovia car, 25 blocks to Glendale car, 26 blocks to Whittier car, 27 blocks to Santa Monica car, 28 blocks to Hollywood car, 29 blocks to Ocean Park car, 30 blocks to Venice car, 31 blocks to Redondo car, 32 blocks to Watts car, 33 blocks 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PERSONAL—

"QUINTO"—

Personal—Scientific palmist in the world. Just arrived from London and New York. Call at once. THE NEW PALMISTRY

reveals in one harmonious whole, phrenology, palmistry, chirognomy, physiognomy, astrology and occult influences, giving unerring facts of past, present and future.

Startling revelations—

Advice on all matters; hundreds bless the day they consulted Quinto. Health, wealth, love, business. The system is based on the principles of Arpeligny, Cheiro and the illustrious Magus. Quinto has been consulted by the elite of England and New York society. Call and see the system.

QUINTOLOGY, CHEIROMANCY.

Parlors 1 and 2, 353 S. Broadway, from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. $1 for this week only: usual prices $2 to $5; don't miss it. Ought we to tell you? Is Quinto. Are you in trouble? Consult Mr. Quinto. 22

PERSONAL—BUTTER, 25c; COOKING BUTTER, 20c; cheese, 15½c; bacon, 15c; 10 lbs. lard, 95c; cans milk, 10c; 5 cans cream, 25c; 3 packages gelatine, 25c; baking powder, 15c per lb; dried fruits, 10c lb; 6 lbs. peas, 25c; 10 lbs. beans, 25c; 6 lbs. hominy, 25c; 10 lbs. rice, 25c; 10 lbs. oatmeal, 25c; Mocha and Java coffee, 35c; Mocha and Java, 30c; ECONOMIC, 357 S. Los Angeles st. 22

PERSONAL—MME. LEO IS LOCATED AT 257 S. 1ST ST. Tells past, present and future; causes lovers to be separated together; causes speedy marriage. All those in trouble over love affairs should see her at once. Hours from 9 to 8, except Sunday. 1

PERSONAL—LADIES! CHICHESTER'S English Pennyroyal Pills are the best; safe, reliable; take no other; ask druggist for Chi-chester's Diamond Brand Pills for Ladies, in letter by return mail; ask druggist. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PERSONAL—MME. WESLEY, THE CARD reader, begs to notify her friends and patrons that she has removed from South Main to 1051 S. Broadway, parlors 1 and 2, where she will be pleased to have you call; hours as usual, 10c. 20

PERSONAL—J. W. BROWN, PSYCHIC, MESSAGE from the spirit world; lectures Monday and Thursday, 7:30 p.m., on "True Spiritual Philosophy; Responsibility of Mediumship; How to develop it. 624 S. FIGUEROA.

PERSONAL—ADDRESS WANTED; $25 REWARD will be paid for the above reward will be paid for the address of Orville Aldrich, who left Ohio for the settlement of an estate. Address JAY A. HINDMAN, Hartford City, Ind.

PERSONAL—LAURA BERTRAND, SCIENTIFIC and expert card reader, gives advice on mining business, journeys and all matters pertaining to life; readings 50c. 1078 E. 4th st., Spring.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER R. PALMIST, reading, business, lawsuits, removals, mineral locations described; property, love, health and all affairs; 25c. 1127 S. BROADWAY, room 8, 2d floor.

PERSONAL—DR. GREEN, LIFE READER; tells past, present and future; advises you in business, love affairs, health, etc.; satisfaction guaranteed. 329½ SOUTH SPRING ST.

PERSONAL—SAROSA, EGYPTIAN PALMIST, card reader, unfolds the future; advises in business, unravels the mysteries of love; 25c. 653 S. SPRING ST. 20

PERSONAL—WE MAKE PHOTO BUTTONS while you wait; for one free this week, F. VAN CRAIGH, 123½ S. Spring st. 1

PERSONAL—MRS. WELFER REMOVES from hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Room 1, Hamburger Bldg., room 1.

PERSONAL—MRS. ELSIE REYNOLDS, SUCcessful palmist, 540½ S. Spring st.; greets 25 cents.

PERSONAL—MRS. FANNIE A. CARR IS now receiving on account of illness. 29

PHYSICIANS—

DR. ESTHER WELLS, OFFICE IN HER home, 257 East 3rd st., 1 to 4; residence 1051 S. Main st. 20

We, the undersigned members of the Medical Board for the First Judicial District, certify that we have examined Dr. Minnie Wells in all the departments of medicine, and finding her qualified, do grant her license to enter upon the practice in accordance with the law in such cases made and provided. A. F. Bandini, M.D.; W. S. Dinsmore, M.D.; Lucy V. Thompson, M.D. In her office can be seen any of the highest credentials as to her ability, such as the following: "Dr. Minnie Wells is well known to me. She is a skilled and careful physician, having had a great deal of experience in active practice."—J. McIntyre, M.D., State Pris. Surg., St. Louis, Mo.

DR. E. NEWLAND'S PRIVATE HOME FOR ladies during confinement; every convenience; special attention paid to all irregularities. Office, 1213 W. SEVENTH. Hours 9-12, 1-4.

DR. SOMERS TREATS SUCCESSFULLY ALL female diseases and irregularities, and all nervous and chronic diseases of either sex; 8 operations. 113-311 CURRIER BLDG., 257 W. Third st.

DR. EADS & CO. TREAT ALL FEMALE diseases and irregularities; all nervous and chronic diseases of either sex; (23 years' experience.) 431½ S. SPRING ST., rooms 2-4.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 216 and 217, Stimson Block. Attention given to obstetrics and all diseases of women and children. Hours 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. M. 127.

DR. C. EDGAR SMITH—FEMALE, RECTAL and stomach diseases. 325 S. BROADWAY.

S. MACRAE, ELECTRICIAN, HAS REmoved business at 1239 W. Eighth st.

BATHS—

Vapor, Electrical and Massage.

ELECTRO - THERAPEUTIC INSTITUTE—Baths, electricity and scientific massage, cure for rheumatism, nervousness, constipation, chronic stomach and liver disorders, etc., both sexes; ladies' department in full charge of lady physician; perfect satisfaction guaranteed; open at 7 a.m.; closes at 9 p.m. Tel. Main 5267. 1240 S. Spring st.

DR. J. D. ARMSTRONG, manager.

MRS. BURT'S ELECTRIC MASSAGE treatments, guaranteed to cure rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness, stomach and other troubles by absorbing and increasing the circulation of the blood; both sexes; one lady treatment, $1; good help always in attendance. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded; open until midnight. 258½ WEST FIRST ST. Tel. red 2831.

ELECTRIC TREATMENT, VAPOR BATHS, massage. Rooms 21 and 24, 120½ S. SPRING ST., third floor. 24

TURKISH VAPOR BATHS, MASSAGE a specialty. HOTEL NORMANDIE, rooms 1 and 2. 127 S. BROADWAY. 23

ELECTRIC, ALCOHOL VAPOR AND ELECtric baths. 317 S. BROADWAY, rooms 31-32. 25

DR. SPEAR, I. W. HELLMAN BLDG., 3d floor, 357 S. Broadway, cor. Second, rooms 215-216.

DR. PARMER, 252 S. BROADWAY, ROOMS 6, Massage, vapor baths. Tel. red 1291.

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THE NATION'S CHOICE:
McKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT,
REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

THE TIMES' TELEPHONES.

The new numbers of The Times' telephones are as follows: Business Office, Press 1, changed from Main 29; News Room, Press 2, changed from Main 674; Editorial Room, Press 3, changed from Main 37; Times-Mirror Printing and Binding House, Press 4, changed from Main 455.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The Times offers a reward of $10 in cash for the apprehension, arrest and evidence which leads to conviction of any person caught stealing copies of The Times from the premises of subscribers.
THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

THE CHINESE SITUATION.

The note from the German government, demanding the punishment of the Chinese responsible for the outrages upon foreigners as a condition precedent to peace negotiations, has brought about something of a crisis in the Chinese situation. If, as seems not improbable, the Chinese government is unable or unwilling to comply with the German demands, the German government will be confronted with the alternative of attempting either to enforce its demands, or to exact adequate reparation. Whether the other powers will support Germany in this position remains to be seen. So far as our own government is concerned, it is intimated in dispatches from Washington that direct negotiations may be opened with the Chinese government, and that our forces may be withdrawn from China immediately upon the conclusion of such negotiations. It is conceded that Germany's demands are not altogether unreasonable; but one of the difficulties of the situation lies in the fact that the persons responsible for the outrages may be found to be those who really constitute the Chinese government; in which case, the only solution would be a backdown on the part of Germany, or war against China.

A dispatch from Hongkong to the New York Herald says that the mandarins of the Namon district have requested the native Christians to send an account of their losses for compensation, and the names of the "rowdies" who committed the outrages. It is added that two of the ringleaders have been decapitated and their heads exhibited in the mission church at Tachiieg.

A bogus proclamation has been circulated in Canton, to the effect that the allies have been defeated and are appealing to the Empress Dowager for peace.

Li Hung Chang is quoted as having said, recently, that as China could not possibly pay the indemnity which will be demanded of her, "there will be no alternative but to give territory instead of money, in which case Japan would get Shin King, Russia would be given Shen Kiang, and Thibet would go to England."

A Berlin dispatch says that the Boersen Zeitung prints a special dispatch from Shanghai, dated Monday, September 17, saying that an imperial edict, dated September 7, "commands all the Chinese generals, under pain of death, to avoid hostile acts; orders all high officials to return to Peking and assist in restoring order and peace, and orders the suppression of the Boxers, whose leaders must be captured. A second edict, the dispatch adds, orders comprehensive reforms in the entire administration of the empire. The allies at Peking, it is also declared in the dispatch, must insist upon the Emperor's return and the punishment of Kauw Yi and all the Boxer leaders."

Minister Wu is quoted in a Washington dispatch as declaring that the conditions named in the German note are simply impossible; that the punishment of the persons responsible for the outrages upon foreigners may be made one of the conditions of the peace negotiations, but cannot be determined in advance of the negotiations, and if insisted upon would bring the latter to a complete standstill. Mr. Wu expresses the hope that "Germany may see her way clear to reconsider the proposal."

Orange county is keeping well up with the procession of material progress in Southern California. The County Auditor's report to the Supervisors showing a total assessed valuation of $10,676,363, while the total value of mortgages and other debt obligations assessed amounts to but $346,405, evidences a remarkably creditable condition of affairs.

The theories of the rainmakers should give Los Angeles a shower every night, at least over Washington Gardens.

FOLLOWING THE USUAL COURSE.

The strikers in the coal regions are resorting to the same tactics as were resorted to in the great strike of 1897, which resulted in the loss of numerous lives and the destruction of much property. Like causes will produce like results. It is probably only a question of a few days, or a few hours, before blood will begin to flow in the strike region, and the mob spirit will become rampant. Then there will be but one course for the authorities to pursue, and that will be to suppress lawlessness at all hazards. The authorities will be in duty bound to pursue this course. If they should fail to do so they would be recreant to the trust imposed upon them and reposed in them by the public.

Whatever may be the form of violence in which the mob spirit asserts itself, it must be sternly suppressed by the peace officers—for our government is a government by law, not a government by mob methods. The safety of the whole social fabric depends upon the preservation of the public peace. Without peace and order, no man's rights are safe from invasion.

Although the officers sworn to preserve the peace will have no alternative but to put down the mob or retire from office in disgrace, it is inevitable that they will be assailed for doing their duty. They will be assailed by the mob and its sympathizers as a matter of course. And worse still, they will be assailed by political demagogues for performing the very duty which they are bound by their oaths of office to perform, in a contingency such as that which exists or is likely soon to exist in the anthracite coal regions. This is the most serious phase of the situation—more serious, by far, than the mere possibility of bloodshed. When questions of this kind are dragged into politics, for the subserving of base partisan ends, justice and right are apt to be lost sight of, and the mob spirit is encouraged, to the undoing of the rioters themselves; for lawlessness must in the end be effectually suppressed if government by law is to be maintained.

A RAILROAD MAN ON RAILROADS.

The question of the growing power of the great railroad corporations, and the frequent lack of consideration shown by them for the public interest, which has been much discussed of late in the United States, is also occupying public attention in England just now, where a sentiment in favor of public ownership is growing. In an English publication a railroad manager, Richardson Rodrick, is quoted as expressing the following somewhat radical views, which are specially notable as coming from a railroad man:

"My experience convinces me that railway traffic is one of the most sympathetic things you can touch. It appreciates instantly, and to the utmost, every trifling encouragement you give it, and conversely it collapses, dwindles and withers under the slightest illiberality of management or immoderate rates. When a railway traverses a very populous district, I hold that its management is seriously at fault the moment a poor man stands and hesitates whether he shall ride or walk. The fare ought to be so low that as a matter of economy it would be an absurdity to walk; and until such a policy pervades the administration of railway affairs, we shall never have anything but low dividends. If railways were, as they ought to have been from the first, in the hands of the Legislature, and conducted on the principle of the postal system, of giving as efficient a service as possible for the lowest possible charge, the government would, I think, have derived a large surplus income; but even if such working resulted in a pecuniary loss of a million, or even two, on that particular head, I am sure the government would be recouped the amount five-fold by elaborating the commercial enterprise of the people, resulting in the development of new mineral districts now entirely unknown, and some known and neglected—making us the cheapest and best emporium for the world's supply of iron and manufacturers' goods. Our national wealth would increase in a measure, of which I believe we cannot form a conception."

There are some things to be said in favor of the public ownership of railroads and many objections to be urged thereto. If the railroad companies wish to defer what they probably consider an evil day they should endeavor to keep in touch with the public that supports them, and to remember that they are not the masters of the people, but the servants, a fact which the people may some day impress upon them with unwelcome force.

It is certainly a remarkable coincidence that of the four cities in the United States which show a decrease of population, three are located in the Bryan belt, viz., Omaha and Lincoln, Neb., and Sioux City, Iowa. Albany, N. Y., also shows a decrease in population—but that is in "the enemy's country."

We may now expect to hear at any time that it was the Republican party which put the coal under the ground where capital could control the means of securing it.

Mr. Hobson has come back to America, but he didn't come in a smack.

A PAIR OF BOGIE TWINS.

It cannot be that Mr. Bryan and his supporters are really serious in putting forward as a possible danger to this republic the bogie man of "militarism," as they are seeking to do in conjunction with its twin bogie of "imperialism." To assume that they are sincere in this matter is to impugn their intelligence; while to deny their sincerity is to impeach their political honesty. They are certainly welcome to take either horn of this dilemma which they prefer.

Mr. Bryan, in his formal letter of acceptance, after discussing free silver, the trusts and other current questions, declares in effect that all these issues are subordinate to the "paramount" questions of "imperialism" and "militarism." The issue of supreme importance he declares to be, "whether we shall adhere to or abandon those ideas of government which have distinguished this nation from other nations, and given to its history its peculiar charm and value." This, he says, "is a question the settlement of which cannot be delayed. No other question can approach it in importance; no other question demands such immediate consideration."

It is apparent to the most superficial reader that this is an attempt to evade the real issues of the campaign, and to set up in their stead issues which have no significance, and no existence, in point of fact, save in the minds of Mr. Bryan and his followers. These men know well enough that there is no thought on the part of the President and the Republican party to abandon the traditions and the policies which have made our nation great and influential among the nations of the earth. William McKinley is certainly no less a loyal and sincere American than is W. J. Bryan. The record of the Republican party for loyalty and patriotism is certainly as good as the record of the Democratic party. The idea of a system of government based on "militarism," or "imperialism," is surely as repugnant to Republicans, including the President, as to Democrats and Populists. No such system would be possible of establishment or of maintenance in the United States, under any administration, for the good and sufficient reason that nobody could be found, throughout the length and breadth of the land, to countenance or support a system so repugnant to all our traditions, principles, and practices.

The efforts of our opponents to raise this false and fraudulent issue amount to a confession of the inherent weakness of their cause, and to a tacit acknowledgment of their own insincerity. Knowing well enough that they could not win their way into power on the old and moribund issues of free trade, free-silver coinage, etc., they seek to raise a new and startling question based upon the twin bogies of "imperialism" and "militarism," and to frighten the American people into placing Mr. Bryan in the executive chair of the nation.

The American people are not easily frightened, and they will not be stampeded to Bryan in this instance. Every intelligent American recognizes the insincerity of our opponents and the selfish motives which impel them to their present foolish and indefensible course of action. Mr. Bryan and his supporters are wasting their breath in shouting "Wolf!" "Wolf!"

A PROBLEM OF GOVERNMENT.

In a letter from Manila describing the condition of affairs in the Philippine Islands, which was reprinted in The Times a few days ago from Collier's Weekly, the writer, after referring to the pressing need of civil administrators to take the place of army officers who are now acting in this capacity, goes on to say:

"It would have been much better to have sent out here twenty young men of high character to prepare themselves for a regular and permanent civil service under the government, such as the army is, than to have sent the commission. Three or four times as many such men, the oldest of them (assigned to the higher positions) not over forty, and the youngest just out of college. When this force was distributed through the islands they would settle down to become, in two or three years' time, so many skilled instruments which could not be replaced in a day, while governor-generals can. They would learn the language of the people; they would know the good, the bad, the influential citizens of a district; they could play one leader off against the others; know whom to trust and not to trust; how to reward the loyal and punish the disloyal; teach the people our motives and familiarize them with our manners, and prepare them for self-government."

This is exactly in line with suggestions that have been made in these columns from time to time. In administering the affairs of these new possessions, which have been forced upon us by the course of events, we must start right, and prepare to perform the task in a methodical and businesslike way, or we must expect to have heaps of trouble. As The Times has previously pointed out, we have an excellent example of how this may best be accomplished in the system of the great colonizing power of modern times—Great Britain. We should begin at once to lay the foundation for a first-class colonial civil service. Such a force would not only be of vast benefit to the section in which it operates, but would open an honorable career, with brilliant possibilities, to thousands of ambitious young Americans.

The census returns show a growth of 189 per cent. in the population of Butte, Mont. Butte, however, is practically a new mining town, and its growth cannot fairly be compared to that of older towns which are more permanent in character. The census of Randsburg, Cal., would show a much larger percentage of growth than that of Butte.

No matter how many spell-binders may be employed in the Demo-Populist cause, the McKinley administration, by its acts, speaks more eloquently in its own behalf than all the orators who may speak for it, and advances arguments which its opponents cannot refute.

THE CONVENTION'S CLOSE.

The Republican County Convention and its various subdivisions completed the work in hand by making the following nominations:

For Supervisor from the Second District—George Alexander.

For Supervisor from the Fourth District—P. J. Wilson.

For Supervisor from the Fifth District—Charles E. Patterson.

For State Senator, Thirty-seventh District—Fred M. Smith.

For Assemblymen—Seventieth District, W. S. Melick; Seventy-second District, W. H. Savage; Seventy-third District, H. C. Sittel; Seventy-fourth District, Cornelius W. Pendleton; Seventy-fifth District, Henry E. Carter.

Some of the legislative nominations do not measure up even to a moderately-high standard, and are not the best that could have been made; but with politics "as she is run" in these times, no better result could have been expected. If some Republican defeats ensue—needlessly result—it will cause no surprise to citizens who know how to reason from cause to effect. Nomination is easy when the machine is working full time; election is difficult when the people find themselves called upon in loud tones of voice by the "party workers" to rally at the polls and vote for candidates notoriously unworthy the support of honest and intelligent voters. The defeat of Supervisors Wirsching and Davis, experienced members of the board, was due to a combination of opposing influences, not to any single cause. Perhaps the most potent of the deciding causes was the fact that they are "ins" and the outs "wanted in." This reason is offered purely as a Bunsbyism; it is "an opinion as is an opinion." The loss of Mr. Davis, especially, will be felt by the Board of Supervisors. He is a man of character and integrity, and a public officer of skill, experience and attention to duty.

A bill has been introduced in the Mexican Congress providing for the appropriation of $30,000 for the benefit of the Galveston sufferers. This is a practical form of sympathy which speaks louder than proclamations and condolences.

Only a few days more remain for the registration of voters. Every loyal Republican should not only have his own name recorded, but see that his friends and neighbors who are entitled to vote are also registered before it shall be too late.

Henry George, Jr., has issued an address advising the single-taxers to vote for Bryan. As if every mother's son of the Georgeites were not already in the Bryan corral, without thought or hope of escape!

Old Sol seems to have recalled the fact that it is September in Southern California.

Bryan spoke in a circus tent at Armourdale. It was an appropriate place.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

[The Times freely publishes the views of correspondents, without holding itself responsible for writers' opinions. Be brief, write plainly; state clearly. The space of 250 words, on the average, is sufficient for the expression of an idea. No attention paid to anonymous communications.]

One Star for Each State, Forty-five.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18.—[To the Editor of The Times.] Several supposedly well-informed citizens differ as to the number of stars our flag should bear, and agree to leave it to you.
Very Respectfully,
C. T. H.

GALVESTON AID FUND, $5750.

The collections by the Los Angeles committee for the relief of the Galveston flood sufferers aggregated at the close of yesterday's work, $5750.

PILOT, LAN' DE BOAT.

De win' blow soft from de heavenly sho',
Pilot, lan' de boat.
Ou' backs soon carry de loads no mo',
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De han's on deck an' dey all done gwine
To hit de bank wif de long tow line;
Den de ransom' chillun all rise an' shine,
Pilot, lan' de boat.

De coostehs stan'in' 'roun' de' long stage plank,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
Soon gwine to la'nch 'er to de Zion bank,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De bright sho' crowded wif de angel ban'
Come down to de levee fo' to see us lan' lan',
Dey'll tell us "howdy" wif a welcome han',
Pilot, lan' de boat.

She's loaded down wif de poo' los' sheep,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De current's swif' an' de watch's deep,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De wheels poun' hard on de riveh's breast,
De sun gwine down in de fiery west,
We's nea' de po't of eternal rest,
Pilot, lan' de boat.

We's all dead weary, fo' de trip was long,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De deck han's singin' de landin' song,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De toll an' sorrow ob de trip am past,
De flag done lowered from de jackstaff mast,
We climb de levee an' we make her fast,
Pilot, lan' de boat.

De steam's shut off an' she's roun'in' to,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
De captain singin' wif de coal-black crew,
Pilot, lan' de boat.
We hea' de tinkle of de engine bell,
De waves wash de landin' from de ol' boat's swell,
Fa'well, ol, riveh, bid yo' long fa'well,
Pilot, lan' de boat.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] B. F. Allen, Jr., is at the Continental; J. K. Toler, at the Fifth Avenue; H. H. Doeg of Santa Barbara, at the Fifth Avenue.

A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says the Official Journal publishes facts concerning the origin of the bank crisis. It says that one year ago the directors of the Bank of the Republic informed the government that the situation was very critical. The government aided the bank by making deposits amounting to £1,300,000.

CAMPAIGN ISSUES.

Teddy and Billy—Bryanesque Sincerity—Bryan's Economics—Bryan's Monroe Doctrine—Defeat Memorable.

[COLLECTED, COMPILED AND ARRANGED BY THE TIMES.]

BRYAN AND THE SOLDIERS.

SPEAKING in Kansas where there were a good many veterans of the civil war, Mr. Bryan said: "The Democratic party may be trusted to do right by the soldiers." That depends on what Bryan thinks is right. If he thinks it is right to put every obstacle possible in the way of his getting a pension, the soldier may firmly rely upon Mr. Bryan's party to do him full justice. But the soldier vote will be very shy of trusting Mr. Bryan's party.

DEMOCRATS FOR M'KINLEY.

HAMBLETON & CO. of Baltimore, bankers of very great influence all through the South, weeks ago issued a circular setting forth their reasons for supporting the Republican national ticket. As the members of the firm are dyed-in-the-wool Democrats their reasons will have unusual interest for many. Among other things this circular says:

"About this time of the year in 1896, just before the election of that year, affairs were in a very bad condition. Money was scarce and rates high; the New York banks were discussing the advisability of issuing clearing house certificates, and gold was going out in large and alarming quantities. The government was on the eve of a bond issue to protect the reserve when, just about this time, the banks and bankers came to the rescue, and by manipulating the sterling exchange market stopped gold exports and imported large amounts from Europe. This steadied the market; but uncertainty and doubt continued up to the election, when confidence was restored by the defeat of Mr. Bryan.

"At present we are enjoying a period of quiet confidence. Money is easy, and although gold is going out it is not because of distrust, but because we have a surplus of gold and a surplus of loanable funds, which we are loaning abroad to those who need it more than we do. It is needless to say that this feeling of confidence is based upon the general belief that by no possible chance can Mr. Bryan be elected. The great danger to the Republican party, and hence to the country, is overconfidence in the reelection of President McKinley.

All throughout President McKinley's administration there has been a steady growth in trade, manufacturers, commerce and general business. We do not pretend to claim credit for President McKinley's administration for all these results or for the great advancement made by the United States in the past four years. But at the botom of it all was confidence, produced by the assurance that we would be spared the degredation of a debased currency and that the gold standard would be maintained.

"In prestige and national importance we have made extraordinary advancement. The quick and overwhelming victory of our arms over Spain, the gallantry displayed as well as consideration and tenderness shown by our sailors and soldiers to defeated enemies, and the extraordinary and satisfactory results accomplished by our army and navy opened the eyes of the world, not only to the prowess of our country but to the character of our people. From a position of inferiority, we may say almost obscurity, the United States took its place among the leading nations of the world. The prestige then gained has not only been retained, but we have made further advancement in the magnificent treatment by the administration of the Chinese question and the rare and most satisfactory handling of the question by our Department of State.

"To recapitulate, the position of the United States at this time is a most enviable one. We are looked up to as the most influential and effective nation among the great nations of the world, and our diplomacy and treatment of the Chinese question are paramount. We occupy a leading position as a nation whose products are in demand the world over; indeed, in many instances are indispensable. We have risen from a nation dependent upon European capital for the development of our industries and enterprises to a position where we are lending large sums of the accumulated wealth of the country to the hitherto leading nations of the world."

Only one thing, the circular says, could change all this—that is the election of Bryan.

BRYAN'S ECONOMICS.

THE fact that all the nations of the earth are coming here to borrow money, thus showing that this has become, through sound financial laws, the leading creditor nation in the world, is a bitter pill for William J. Bryan. The fact is bitter to him because it disproves every theory he ever advanced on the all-important subject of finance. In referring to this in Kansas during the current week, searching in vain for something to say which would becloud the part of the issues, he delivered himself of this: "When we loan money to people in Europe it means either that we think more of the fellow over there to whom we lend our money, or that the fellow over there pays us more interest for the money." One is staggered to believe that a man of Mr. Bryan's pretensions and one occupying the position he does could have said anything so utterly puerile. Sophomoric? Why, it is beneath the standing of a freshman, no matter how "fresh" he might be. The boy in a grammar school who should deliver himself of anything so incomprehensibly stupid ought to be flogged. What has likes or dislikes got to do with business transactions? And why should a man lend money to one and not to another responsible customer, but for the reason that one pays a higher interest than the other? And if interest rates are lower in the United States than they are in any other country on earth, where is Mr. Bryan's 200-cent dollar that used to trouble him gons?

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

MR. BRYAN, in his speeches, still harps on the Monroe doctrine as applicable to the protectorate he proposes to maintain over the Philippines, after he has first whipped them into subjection, and then endowed them with independence. Nothing could better set forth his unfitness for the Presidency, or his misconception of the fundamental meaning of a proposition, The Monroe doctrine applies explicitly, distinctly and definitely to the American hemisphere. It has not always been easy to maintain our position on this point with this most reasonable limitation to the scope of the principle. To attempt to stretch it to these far-off islands of the sea against the wishes and interests of the rest of the world would have but one result. It would embroil us in war with all Europe, with Japan thrown into the scale against us. And for what? For a most Quixotic sentiment in behalf of a band of cut-throat semi-savages, who would none of us, but who plotted treacherously to massacre every American in the islands. Mr. Bryan, you are a poor farmer, but you had better stay at home and grow oats.

MAKE THE DEFEAT MEMORABLE.

MR. BRYAN is sure of the electoral votes of twenty Southern States. They will vote for him because he is, in part at least, a Democratic candidate. His paramount issue is imperialism. Now, if the question of retaining the Philippines were to be submitted to those States, every one would return a majority of quite 5 to 1 in favor of their retention. That is, they are going to swallow their convictions of right and vote for a candidate solely because he calls himself a Democrat. This being true, it will not be enough to just defeat Mr. Bryan this year. His ticket should be absolutely snowed under, so the defeat would teach this generation of Democrats that before they can ever again expect to win an election they must attach some principles to their organization that men will respect.

The last generation of Democrats in 1864 exhausted themselves in vituperation and made a direct appeal to the cowardice of the people. They failed then, though the stress of the war at the time was terrible, and the distress of the people was great.

In forty years they have won twice. The first time a Republican Senate prevented the perpetration of any great wrongs, save where the Executive had full power, as in the Public Land Department, the Postoffice Department and the Pension Department.

The second term they went in with full control of both the executive and legislative departments of the government, and the result was such disaster to all the material interests of the country as war could have brought.

This year in their appeal to voters they begin by covertly charging that the present administration has violated that tenet of American faith which holds that just governments can only be instituted upon the consent of the governed. This is because the government is putting down an insurrection upon its territory, an insurrection which was kindled by murderers and thieves, while at the same time the only hope the party has of success lies in States where millions of native Americans are disfranchised with the approval of the whole party. This merely shows the absolute insincerity of the paramopunt cry of the party. Running the platform through and the whole platform is but denunciation of what is, promises of what might be—either fictions of the imagination or appeals to the passions and race prejudices of disgruntled men.

The defeat ought to be severe enough this year to teach the Democracy that they must profess something which appeals to the reason of intelligent men and cease hoping for success through filling the galleries and hissing the performance as it goes on.—[Salt Lake Tribune.

UNFULFILLED PROPHECY.

IN 1896 William J. Bryan in one of his speeches said:

"If McKinley and the Republican party are successful and put in power for the next four years, wages will be decreased, hard times will come upon us and over the land the price of wheat will go down and the price of gold will go up; mortgages on our homes will be foreclosed by the money lenders; shops and fartories will close. We will export no goods and we will import from foreign lands all the goods we use; thus will ruin, want and misery be with us."

Commenting on this prophecy the New York Mail and Express says:

"Every one of Bryan's prophecies has been refuted by events. The results of a Republican victory have been in every instance exactly the reverse of what he said they would be. Wages are anywhere from 20 to 40 per cent. higher than they were when he yelled 'Calamity;' at least 2,000,000 more workmen are profitably employed; the price of wheat and of everything else has gone up; mortgages, instead of being foreclosed, are being canceled; instead of exporting no goods, we are exporting millions upon millions more than ever before, the balance of trade in our favor having risen from $75,568,200 in 1896 to $544,471,701 in 1900, and in place of the ruin, misery and want which Bryan predicted, the country is in the most prosperous condition it has ever experienced."

WELLINGTON LIKE SCHURZ.

IT WILL be remembered that Wellington was elected Senator three years ago, after a contest that divided the Republicans of Maryland into factions. Charles A. Bonaparte, the defeated candidate, is undoubtedly much the better man, but Wellington's expertness in manipulation enabled him to win; but when he undertook to control all the Federal patronage in Maryland, and make a boss of himself, after the manner of Senator Gorman, who ruled that State for many years, he found that President McKinley is not the kind of a man who can be used by the bosses of any State, therefore Wellington became disgruntled, just like Carl Schurz did thirty years ago because he was not permitted to dictate the appointments in Missouri, and just like other Republicans have become disgruntled because they have not been permitted to rule in national or State affairs. Even Iowa has examples of this character and more are on the way. President McKinley weighed Wellington, as Lincoln and Grant weighed Schurz, and both of them were found wanting. Wellington, here again following Schurz, claims that he has found a conscience among his belongings, and that he is following its promptings. He probably does—just like a man follows a horse he drives. Every State has that sort of disgruntled bosses who were not able to gain everything they wanted for themselves and for their friends. The Democrats have made much of that sort of politicians during the past forty years, and they have been one of the main influences which have driven better men out of the Democratic party. Had Bonaparte been chosen from Maryland, instead of Wellington, he would never have made the failure to control patronage the cause for disagreement with the administration, because he has steadily opposed the spoils system. Wellington is much like Bryan, in that if he is not permitted to boss he will not play.—[Iowa State Register.

SOUTH FOR EXPANSION.

MANY of the old line Democrats of the South are evidently in joint with the present wishes of the party of their choice. Many Southerners are no less enthusiastic for expansion than for the gold standard.

Among more recent evidences of this are the articles of Judge John B. Gordon of Georgia (published in the Atlanta Constitution,) on "The Great Issue" (anti-imperialism) and the telegram of Thomas C. Crenshaw of Atlanta to Adjt.-Gen. Corbin, announcing the death of the former's son from wounds received in the Philippines, and saying "for the sake of all who have fallen there in defense of our country's flag and that the flag under which they sacrificed their lives may never be pulled down."

Southern newspaper men who dare not dozen make no secret of their opposition leanings, thus indicating the unmistakable popularity of the expansion idea. This is especially noticeable in the case—the Nashville American, the Memphis Scimitar, the Nashville Banner, the Chattanooga Times and the Memphis Commercial-Appeal, and, in fact, nearly all the leading papers of the South are giving openly expansionistic views. The Memphis Commercial-Appeal occupies a rather curious position of being less ardently in favor of expansion than of Bryan and free silver. Georgia, the Atlanta Constitution and the Macon Telegraph must be classed in the expansion column, and Alabama the influence of Senator Morgan in that direction is manifest. Virginia and the Carolinas are silent, the policy is implied rather than expressed; but there is no room for misunderstanding as to the position of the Richmond Times and the Charleston (S. C.) Observer. Kentucky's leading paper, the Louisville Courier-Journal avowedly in favor of extending our national limits and the expansion movement is particularly strong in that State. Moreover, the religious press of the South no less than that of the North tends to uphold and encourage a broad policy.—[Philadelphia Record (Ind. Dem.)

The South must be for Bryan. Bryan is for free trade.

TEDDY AND BILLY.

MR. BRYAN'S address to the graduating men at Chicago was by far the more artful appeal to class prejudices than the address of Gov. Roosevelt. Bryan's address, the full length in advocating the most extreme views entertained by labor leaders with reference to the regulation of wages, hours of labor, the interference of the courts for the repression of violence on the part of strikers, and the direct rather than representative system of legislation. Gov. Roosevelt, on the other hand, generalized. He avoided the discussion of subjects calculated to stir up strife between employers and employed, and strove to show that there could be no irreconcilable differences in the interests of classes or sections, but that all are bound to go up and down together. Mr. Bryan spoke as a partisan politician; Roosevelt as a philosopher.—[Philadelphia Record (Ind. Dem.)

And the real workingman who is willing to earn an honest living will prefer those who give him honest advice, and are not afraid to tell the truth.

SOME BRYANESQUE SINCERITY.

NOT long ago James K. [illegible] of the Democratic State committee of New York was reported as saying: "There are always going to be many things in a national campaign that cannot be emphasized in the campaign. Now we have decided upon a plan by which the speakers in the State will devote attention exclusively to the issue of imperialism, and let the rest of the platform go." Here we have the issue of imperialism a "paramount" thing. It is much more vital than the fanciful ills of free silver. The proposition of the Senate preventing foreign interference with our financial affairs for some years. But imperialism is at our very doors. Imperialism is a burning one sons this very day, while free silver won't be heard of in the campaign."

That was the way the Democrats worked." It is not a question of principle and right at all. It is a matter of fooling the people. But the people are not fooled.

Roubaix, France, was the scene of a fire yesterday, which destroyed 2,000 bales of wool and cotton valued at $1,000,000. An enormous warehouse belonging to the Magasins Generaux, packed with goods, was gutted; the flames also succeeded in saving the adjoining buildings. The conflagration is attributed to spontaneous combustion. The warehouse was worth $200,000, in addition to the contents.

TASTE—There is something better than the mechanical part in PICTURE FRAMING—let us demonstrate it to you.
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YOU CAN PLAY
On any one of our many instruments all the time you are paying for it. We make the terms so easy that it is possible for everyone to have the instrument they want.
So. California Music Co.,
Bradbury Building.

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A LARGE SUPPLY OF
The Conquest of Arid America
BY WM. E. SMYTHE.
The author is an authority on irrigation and is at present engaged in writing the subject throughout Southern California.
PRICE $1.25, POSTPAID.
AT THE BIG BOOK STORE.
Stoll & Thayer Co.
252-54 S. Spring St.
Stimson Block.

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The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Sept. 19.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer reduced to sea level stood 29.91; at 5 p.m., 29.86. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 61 deg. and 77 deg. Relative humidity: 5 a.m., 63 per cent.; 5 p.m., 45 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., west; velocity 7 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 9 miles. Character of weather, clear. Maximum temperature, 86 deg.; minimum, 54 deg. Rainfall reduced to sea level, .00.

Weather Conditions.—An area of high pressure overlies the mountain and plateau regions, accompanied by fair, cold weather. Killing weather is reported from Nevada and Central Utah to Central Arizona; there was a heavy frost at Flagstaff this morning, and a light frost at Baker City, Or. Cool, pleasant nights and moderately warm days continue in Southern California.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Continued fair weather tonight and Thursday, with moderate temperature and light to west winds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—Following are the season's rainfalls to date, as compared with those of the same date last season, and rainfalls in the past twenty-four hours:

	Last 24 hours.	This season.	Last season.
Eureka	0	.37	1.16
Red Bluff	trace	.29	.02
Sacramento	"	.03	.01
San Francisco	"	.02	trace
Fresno	"	.14	"
Independence	"	.17	.07
Los Angeles	"	trace	"
Point Loma	"	trace	.01
San Diego	"	trace	.07

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 70; minimum, 54; mean, 62.

The pressure has fallen over the Pacific slope except along the immediate coast, where it has risen. The pressure is highest off the Northern California coast and lowest in Southern Arizona.

The pressure has fallen over the western part of Washington and Oregon and in the Upper Sacramento Valley; elsewhere on the Pacific slope it has risen.

The weather is cloudy from Cape Mendocino to the upper portion of the Sacramento Valley; elsewhere it is generally clear.

Light showers are reported from the western part of Washington and Oregon. Forecast: Northern California: Partly cloudy in north portion; fair in south portion Thursday; fresh northwest wind.

Southern California: Fair Thursday; light variable wind.

Nevada: Fair Thursday.

San Francisco and vicinity: Partly cloudy in the morning, becoming clear during the day; fresh west wind.

Sacramento and vicinity: Partly cloudy Thursday.

RECORD OF OBSERVATIONS, 5 P.M.

	Max. Temp.	State of weather.
Red Bluff	92	Cloudy
Eureka	62	Raining
Fresno	94	Clear
Independence	94	Cloudy
Los Angeles	86	Part cloudy
Pt. Loma	76	Clear
Point Reyes	62	Clear
Roseburg	88	Clear
Sacramento	90	Part cloudy
San Diego	76	Clear
San Francisco	70	Clear
San Luis Obispo	84	Clear
Santa Cruz	74	Clear
Spokane	72	Part cloudy
Red Bluff	54	Raining
Walla Walla	76	Cloudy
Winnemucca	70	Cloudy
Yuma	100	Clear

The Times' Weather Record.—Observations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily:

September 19—	1 p.m.	Midnight.
Barometer	29.85	29.80
Thermometer	81	61
Humidity	42	72
Maximum temperature, past 24 hours		86
Minimum temperature, past 24 hours		61
Rainfall		.00

Tide Table.—For San Pedro:

		High.	Low.
Monday,	Sept. 24	4:47 p.m. 11:26 p.m.	11:26 a.m.
Tuesday,	Sept. 25	7:44 a.m. 1:31 a.m.	1:31 a.m.
		7:28 p.m. 1:19 p.m.	
Wednesday,	Sept. 26	8:06 a.m. 1:47 a.m.	1:47 a.m.
		8:07 p.m. 1:35 p.m.	
Thursday,	Sept. 27	8:33 a.m. 2:00 a.m.	2:00 a.m.
		8:29 p.m. 1:50 p.m.	
Friday,	Sept. 28	8:57 a.m. 2:33 a.m.	2:33 a.m.
		9:00 p.m. 2:12 p.m.	
Saturday,	Sept. 29	9:20 a.m. 2:54 a.m.	2:54 a.m.
		9:40 p.m. 2:29 p.m.	
Sunday,	Sept. 30	9:44 a.m. 3:15 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
		10:13 p.m. 2:55 p.m.	
Monday,	Oct. 1	10:00 a.m. 3:43 a.m.	3:43 a.m.
		10:46 p.m. 4:20 p.m.	
Tuesday,	Oct. 2	10:37 a.m. 4:07 a.m.	4:07 a.m.
		11:23 p.m. 4:50 p.m.	
Wednesday,	Oct. 3	11:09 a.m. 4:35 a.m.	4:35 a.m.
			4:52 p.m.
Thursday,	Sept. 20	0:21 a.m.	5:08 a.m.
		11:30 a.m.	7:09 p.m.
Friday,	Sept. 21	1:09 a.m.	6:12 a.m.
		12:47 p.m.	6:32 p.m.
Saturday,	October 1	2:45 a.m.	7:41 a.m.
		2:12 p.m.	8:40 p.m.
Sunday,	October 2	3:06 a.m.	8:25 a.m.
		3:59 p.m.	10:54 p.m.
Monday,	Oct. 3	3:50 a.m.	10:57 a.m.
		5:00 p.m.	11:46 p.m.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Sacramento wheelmen are planning a benefit of races in aid of Galveston.

Benjamin Hok of Stockton has just been granted a patent on a traveling hammer.

A case of smallpox was on Monday found at Auburn and taken to the pesthouse.

A large petition asking for the repeal of the bicycle ordinance recently passed at Bakersfield has been presented to the trustees.

The St. Helena Star mentions that the Napa Copper Mining Company is in process of incorporation, with a capital stock of $1,000,000.

A runaway horse plunged into a San Francisco hydrant Monday, snapping it off short and causing a geyser many feet high, that lasted for a half hour.

According to the Stockton Mail, Captain Andrew Wolf of that city does not believe that the earth revolves or that anyone ever has or ever can travel around it by going directly west for a year.

It is reported that night fishing for bass in the Sacramento is going on between Freeport and the city of Sacramento. The game warden is preparing to go after the trespassers with a force sufficient to make arrests.

The Fresno Democrat reports that A. C. Jewett, who constructed the San Joaquin Electric Company's line and the Los Angeles system, has been sent to India by the General Electric Company of Chicago, to construct an extensive plant that is to be used in developing the gold mines in Mysore owned by the British government. Mr. Jewett has just left Fresno for Salt Lake en route to San Francisco. He will go from India by way of New York and Europe.

A man named Davey has just passed through Sacramento, bound for the San Joaquin Valley with a large drove of horses that, according to the Sacramento Record-Union, were half dead from lack of food and proper care. One fell in the streets from sheer exhaustion and was left lying, with a broken jaw from the kicks of the other horses, until the humane officer was informed and killed it. The officer also compelled Davey to buy food for the remaining members of the drove.

William H. Mills, director in charge of the Southern Pacific's exhibit at Paris, writes of the recent visit to his office of a committee representing the greatest fruit-growing association in France; that the gentlemen of the committee suggested that the most profitable cultivation of fruit is that wherein all factors, as irrigation and drainage, are in the hands of the cultivator; and he adds that the visitors became convinced that natural conditions are as near perfect in California as it is possible for them to be.

TALK OF THE DAY AT 'FRISCO.

The Metropolis Can Stand Tall Billboards—Senator White's Recent Triumph.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—[Special Correspondence.] That almost everything goes in this gay and giddy metropolis, is shown by the terms of the bill board ordinance just passed by the County Supervisors. Los Angeles cut the boards down to ten feet and tried to lower them to six, but twenty feet high is the San Francisco limit. The double-deckers and anything short of a three-story fence may stand. The new ordinance applies to all kinds of fences—Belgian hare corrals, chicken coops and saloon screens, but none must be over twenty feet high. Isn't that awfully restrictive?

NO DODGING.

Mayor Phelan has given another setback to the people who try to dodge the city charter provision requiring that city supplies be purchased by contract. Even the City Hospital can't buy a quart of milk in an emergency without advertising for bids, under the ordinance, it seems, and the Mayor has held up the Hospital's latest milk bill, leaving the Hospital committee in a quandary.

THINGS POLITICAL.

The registration of voters in the city is about 20,000 shy, thus far, and the Republican workers are getting anxious.

There was a stir yesterday at the headquarters of the Republican State Central Committee in the Palace Hotel. Among the visitors was Governor Gage, who announced that he would take the stump for the Presidential ticket. Brusie of Sacramento will address the Stanford University Club at Palo Alto, Congressman Braham will speak at Santa Cruz next Saturday night, Congressman Needham has commenced the canvass of his district and Senator Perkins will take the stump. Congressman Julius Kahn will be given a reception by the Continental League Wednesday night at Saratoga Hall. S. M. Shortridge will open his Southern tour Thursday night at Fresno.

The sentiment among Republicans who take an active interest in party affairs seems to be in favor of supporting the slate for Judicial and Legislative Nominating Convention Thursday night, as it was fixed a week ago. A healthy opposition may develop, but the convention will be as harmonious as such assemblages may be when there is individual independence of action throughout the body.

There has been little of interest in political circles since the recent State conventions, which did not leave much of a wake. Looking back on the events at San José, the principal fact that stands out is the dominance of ex-Senator White. He loomed up above all the rest as a party favorite, no matter what his opponents may say. Mayor Phelan was overshadowed.

It is well recognized here that if White had said the word he would have been nominated for Congress for the Sixth District. He was besieged to take the nomination, but absolutely refused. All the other candidates were ready to step aside for him, but he would not yield to the pressure. He could not be induced to say he would run. But his triumph was none the less marked. The convention expressed its preference for him in no uncertain terms, and he could have had anything in its gift if he had desired it.

The influence of White was shown in the Fourth District Convention, which named R. Porter Ashe for Congress. White favored Ashe for the nomination, and McNab, Fay and Phelan tried in vain to stay the tide which carried Ashe to success.

ROBBED ON A CAR.

Sneak Thief Cuts a Woman's Handbag from Her Arm and Secures Her Cash.

Mrs. May M. Libby, who resides at No. 430 West Seventh street, was robbed yesterday on a Pasadena electric car by an expert thief. She was en route to Sycamore Grove. She carried a black silk hand-bag and placed her arm through the slings which closed the mouth of the bag. After paying her fare she did not remove the bag from her arm and therefore she thinks she could not have dropped it. She occupied an outside seat and when she reached Sycamore Grove her handbag was missing. It contained $38 in cash and a pair of gold spectacles.

Mrs. Libby is positive that some person cut the slings of the bag. She could not describe the person who sat next to her, but says he was a well-dressed young man. Before she discovered her loss the car was out of sight and she could not inform the conductor of her loss.

Two Cents' Worth of Yellow Lies.

Secretary Hay found twenty-nine lies and two correct statements in a quarter-column publication referring to himself, in one of the yellow journals. It is thought that the worry of being thus misrepresented, added to the strain of working day and night in hot weather, brought on his serious illness. It must be comforting to those who paid for copies of this paper to feel that they gave daily two cents worth of financial encouragement toward torturing into illness a hard-working and faithful public servant. —[Christian Endeavor World.

ANAHEIM.

POSTMASTERS AT SEA.

ANAHEIM, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Inauguration of three rural free delivery mail routes out of the city has been attended with much natural confusion and a great deal of equally natural kicking. At the three postoffices discontinued, Clair, Olive and Yorba, the postmasters are all at sea. They have received no instructions from the department and no reply to queries forwarded as to what to do. They receive no more mail, though people without rural boxes continue to call and send out none, though some patrons insist on depositing matter with them as formerly. These postmasters have stamps, mail pouches, keys and government supplies, of which they want to get rid if their offices are really annulled. As matters stand they are responsible without remuneration.

PINK-EYE SPREADING.

Pink-eye has appeared among cows in several upland pastures and quite a number of deaths have recently occurred. In the peatland the disease has been prevalent for some time. As it is contagious and no new cattle have recently been brought into the uplands from other than peatland territory, it is supposed that it is spreading.

ANAHEIM BREVITIES.

Fire in a distillery building at the Fischer winery did about $100 damage today. There was a fire in the same building about a year ago and about the same amount of damage done.

A scarcity of eggs prevails and prices are on the rise. Dealers say the product has not been so short in a year.

A Trial Suit of Clothes From Our Tailoring Department is a Profitable Investment.

There's an Individuality

About the Silverwood "Special" Hat not found in any other line. Selected stock and skilled labor enter every detail of their manufacture from start to finish. You're ahead an easy dollar on the price. The best are - - -

$3.00

F. B. SILVERWOOD
MEN'S OUTFITTER,
221 South Spring Street.

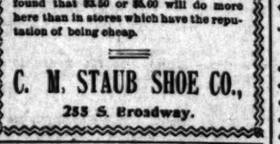
The Bath Comedy

A novel by Agnes and Egerton Castle; authors of Pride of Jennico, etc.

PARKER'S

246 South Broadway,
Near Public Library.

Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.



Your Head Ache?

May be your eyes are at fault—nine times out of ten they are—won't cost a cent to find out. If they are cylindrically ground lenses will remove the difficulty.

J. P. DELANY, 329 S. SPRING. EXPERT OPTICIAN.

What YOU . . . Want

In order to have a nourishing, palatable, perfect bread is a sack of

Capitol Flour

Every Sack Guaranteed.

Highest Quality For The Lowest Price.

Because We handle some of the finest and most expensive footwear made many people seem to think we are high-priced. People who trade here know better; they have found that $3.50 or $5.00 will do more here than in stores which have the reputation of being cheap.

C. M. STAUB SHOE CO.,
253 S. Broadway.

Looking for the Best Optician?

Don't fail to see us. The fitting and making of glasses is our EXCLUSIVE business—we do nothing else. We understand the science of fitting glasses and also the making of the lenses and frames to correspond to the results of your vision's test. Patent Aurocone Spectacles are best for ease and comfort. Only 50 cents extra.

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OPTICIAN. 245 S. SPRING

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Get a copy of the beautiful new song.

My California Home,

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DR. C. B. ELLIOTT. Eyes Tested Free. 316 S. Spring St.

OPTICIAN.

NODHOFF.

LIVELY REPUBLICAN RALLY.

NORDHOFF, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] A lively Republican rally was held here this evening. The band played and a big crowd turned out. The speaker was Hon. James McLachlan and the presiding officer was Willis M. Slauson. Great enthusiasm was manifested and it is evident that Nordhoff will figure all right in the election returns. The Republicans here are in the best of trim for the campaign.

A SPECIAL MEETING

Is called for Ladies' Sewing Society, auxiliary to Stanton W.R.C., Friday of this week, at home of Mrs. Leonard, corner Maple avenue and 37th street.

President, Mrs. Black.
Mrs. Tuttle, secretary.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 S. Broadway, Opp. City Hall, Los Angeles, Cal.

Nothing more elegant in the way of silk skirts is shown on the coast than are displayed at this store today. there is a charm about these

elegant silk skirts

which cannot be conveyed by cold words; it is much more than the mere beauties of the silks—you have the skill of the designer and maker to consider and the results, especially among the more elegant goods, ranging from twelve-fifty to thirty-five dollars, are bewitchingly charming. all of these higher priced skirts are in exclusive designs and superior in style to any others to be seen here. we name a few other leaders.

colored or black taffeta silk, made with extra wide ruffle $5.00

colored taffeta silk skirts made with double ruffle $6.00

special value—taffeta in handsome shades, accordion pleated $8.50

elegant peau-de-soie silk in all the high colors, deep accordion ruffles, special value at $10.00

our dressmaking department will open october 1st under the guidance of Miss Kinney, who will be glad to again see her many friends.

We employ no traveling agents. Send mail orders direct to the store.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

October Delineator, Butterick Patterns and Fashion Sheets now in.

H. JEVNE

Cakes, Loaf and Layer

Have your friends ever spoken of any cakes with as much enthusiasm as they have of Jevne's? They are the finest cakes baked, because they are baked by the most skillful bakers, of the best selected material, fresh two or three times a day. Small loaf cake 25c; large size 50c. Two layer cake 35c; three layer 50c.

Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

THE occasional cool mornings and evenings to be expected from this time on should remind you of the necessity of having a heating stove of some kind. We have all the different makes at low prices.

JAS. W. HELLMAN, 157-161 N. Spring St.

DINING CHAIRS . . .

Our Furniture will always be found thoroughly good, solid, dependable, finely finished, and in every respect constructed to afford complete satisfaction. As a matter of fact our goods have long since become noteworthy for their pronounced superiority over the general prevailing lines of furniture brought to this market. Our prices are always right.

A Solid Oak, Golden Finish, Brace Arm, Cane Seat Dining Chair as low as $1.00.

ALLEN'S 345-347-S. SPRING ST. BET. THIRD & FOURTH STS

..PLATES..

There never was so great a demand for fine Dresden and Limoges Plates, singly and in dozens, and we were never better prepared to show new and exclusive patterns and shapes. You are more than welcome to enjoy a peep at our new importations.

H. F. VOLLMER & CO. DIRECT IMPORTERS . . . . . COR. THIRD AND BROADWAY.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

The Salt of Salts

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE—IN THE OFFICES AND COURTS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

The Fire Commission yesterday discussed the quality of hay supplied for the department horses. They also set their approval on the merit system in making appointments to positions in the department.

Experiments in bacteriological research are made by Health Officer Powers to detect suspected cases of typhoid fever.

A petition was filed yesterday for the opening of Gates street, between Baldwin and Barber streets.

Many outages of lamps are reported to the City Electrician.

Rose Procter, colored, of Cincinnati, has won her damage suit against the Southern California Railway Company in the Supreme Court. The lower court gave her judgment for $575. The Supreme Court reduced it $37.25.

Bob Bolden, a colored boy, has turned States' evidence against Varney Davis and Riley Brown, and tells how they all held up Tom White. The three were examined before Justice Morgan yesterday and were bound over for trial in the Superior Court.

The Board of Freeholders last evening raised the question as to their right to frame a charter for submission to the people, in view of the fact that the city is operating at present under a special charter, framed in 1889, and the Constitution provides only for amendments to such charter, making no provision for the framing of a second instrument.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]

FREEHOLDERS RAISE POINT.

Question as to the Legality of the Proposed New Charter.

Has the Board of Freeholders any legal right to frame a charter for submission to the voters for adoption? If such charter is adopted by the people, will it have a legal status? These important questions were propounded to the freeholders at their meeting last evening, and the Judiciary Committee was instructed to confer with the City Attorney.

The point was made by Judge A. W. Hutton of the Judiciary Committee, who read the constitutional provision respecting the framing of charters, and who said the question was one of great moment and should be decided at once.

Section 8, article 11, of the Constitution of California, reads as follows: "Any city containing a population of more than 3500 inhabitants may frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the Constitution and laws of this State, by causing a board of fifteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified electors thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of said city at any general or special election, whose duty it shall be, within ninety days after such election, to prepare and propose a charter for such city, which shall be signed, in duplicate, by the members of such board, or a majority of them, and returned, one copy to the Mayor thereof, or other chief executive officer of such city, and the other to the Recorder of the county. Such proposed charter shall then be published in two daily newspapers of general circulation in such city, for at least twenty days, and the first publication shall be made within twenty days after the completion of the charter; provided, that in cities containing a population of not more than 10,000 inhabitants, such proposed charter shall be published in one such daily newspaper; and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said city at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereat shall ratify the same, it shall thereafter be submitted to the Legislature for its approval or rejection as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment. Such approval may be made by concurrent resolution, and if approved by a majority vote of the members elected to each House, it shall become the charter of such city, or if such city be consolidated with a county, then of such city and county, and shall become the organic law thereof, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof, and all laws inconsistent with such charter. A copy of such a charter, certified by the Mayor, or chief executive officer, and authenticated by the seal of such city, setting forth the submission of such charter to the electors, and the ratification by them, shall, after the approval of such charter by the Legislature, be made in duplicate and deposited, one in the office of the Secretary of State, and the other, after being recorded in said Recorder's office, shall be deposited in the archives of the city and thereafter all courts shall take judicial notice of said charter.

The charter, so ratified, may be amended at intervals of not less than two years by proposals therefor, submitted by the legislative authority of the city to the qualified electors thereof, at a general or special election held at least forty days after the publication of such proposals for twenty days in a daily neispaper of general circulation in such city, and ratified by at least three-fifths of the qualified electors voting thereat, and approved by the Legislature as herein provided for the approval of the charter. In submitting any such charter or amendments thereto, any alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others."

The point raised by Judge Hutton and other members of the Judiciary Committee was brought out by the last paragraph of the section, their contention being that the constitution provides for but one special charter to be framed by a Board of Freeholders and four amendments thereto, no provision being made for a second charter, such as is being framed by the present Board of Freeholders. The question is: Will the charter now being framed be legal if adopted by the electors, or should it be submitted to the people through the Council, in the form of amendments to the present charter? Messrs Hutton and Cosrey of the Judiciary Committee think the board has no legal existence and are anxious that the point be decided at once.

It was suggested by Judge Hutton that one solution of the difficulty would be to submit the charter as a whole to the people and also for it to be submitted by the Council in the form of amendments to the present charter, thus making the section binding.

Another method of obtaining an immediate decision would be to have some taxpayer enjoin the payment of bills incurred by the present board; take the matter before the Supreme Court and obtain a definite ruling.

In the mean time the board will hear the opinoin of the City Attorney, which is looked for at the next meeting, to be held Friday evening.

Mayor Eaton attended last night's meeting of the board, and in giving his opinion of the proposed new charter, said, in part:

"One point in regard to the new charter which I should like to speak of is the changing of ward boundaries. It doesn't seem to me to be essential that any change should be made, even if you wish to increase the representation in the legislative branch. To make eleven wards, as has been suggested, would involve the changing of the boundaries of nearly every ward in the city. By leaving the wards as they are and giving the Council the right to change the boundaries when necessary, it seems to me you would be taking the best course. With two Councilmen from each of the present nine wards, you would have eighteen Councilmen, only four less than the number called for in the proposed change.

"The defeat of the last proposed charter was caused in part by its submission at a general election, and in part by the fact that it cut the terms of incumbent officers in half. I don't think the people pay proper attenion to the charter when it is submitted at a general election, and I think a special charter election will give the best results.

"The Council may approve appointments made by the Mayor, but I think they should have nothing to say about removals. The Mayor should be permitted to make removals as he sees fit, without the permission of anybody.

"I don't think the Mayor should serve on any of the commissions appointed by himself. Leave the commissions to themselves and they will do better work.

"It might be well for the Mayor to act as chairman or president of the Council." Regarding a proposition to remove the Mayor, to be decided upon at a special election, the Mayor said a petition calling for such a removal should be signed by a large percentage of the voters, as at times public sentiment is strongly against the Mayor and changes would be of frequent occurrence.

"I believe in the application of civil-service rules to employés of the city. All employés to be removed for cause should be given a chance to be heard, but I do not believe that they should be permitted to take up too much of the board's time with attorneys' speeches.

"I think the police pension law is an outrage on the public. Policemen and firemen injured in the performance of their duties should be pensioned, but to pension such men for service is wrong. Firemen, though working more hours for less pay than do policemen, get no pension. I would suggest that the new charter do away with the present pension system and establish one on common-sense principles.

"The executive officer of a city should be empowered to perform the duties for which he is elected." The Mayor here referred to his experience in calling upon the Council to investigate the actions of certain police officers, at which time his recommendations were ignored.

"At present," continued Mr. Eaton, "I don't feel that I'm earning my salary, and should be glad to do more for the city, but as I have no power to carry out my own designs, I can do nothing.

"If you can get a lot of honest men to conduct the affairs of a city as they would carry on private business, you would need no new charter."

Regarding the removal of public officers by petition of a percentage of the voters, the Mayor said: "Two months ago you could have got the names of every minister and church member in the city praying for the removal of the members of the Police Commission. Now every saloon keeper in town would sign such a petition."

FIRE HORSES' POOR HAY.

BOARD DISCUSSES THE FEED.

There was a heated discussion among the Fire Commissioners at their regular meeting yesterday morning over a report by Chief Strohm that a quantity of hay delivered at the corporation yard, is unsuitable as feed for fire horses. Incidentally the clash of the Council and the commission in the purchase and inspection of supplies was given a brief airing.

The Chief said the Council had advertised for a large quantity of hay, much of it wheat hay, which is not suited to the department's needs.

"Don't receive it," said Mr. Kuhrts.

"How can we help ourselves?" responded the Chief. "The Council has appointed Mr. Pierce to see to the delivery of the hay."

"That's it," said Commissioner Williams, "we have nothing to do with the matter. We are like a lot of dummies, with nothing to say about purchases for the department. If anything goes wrong, however, we are made scapegoats, while we are in no manner responsible. Why don't the Council take the whole business? Here we are, trying to run an honest, straight department, and are completely ignored when it comes to one of the biggest purchases that the department has to make."

The Mayor suggested that before taking action, the Chief be instructed to investigate thoroughly and report. The Mayor added: "If they are trying to make this department take a lot of good-for-nothing hay, regardless of our wishes, they will have a fight on their hands. It is possible that the Council has advertised for hay for all the departments of the city, which is all right, but if this department is singled out from all the rest for the Council's interference, then the board has a right to resent the reflection cast upon it by that action. We should at least be consulted about the kind of hay needed and should be allowed to refuse it, if it is not fit for our horses, and we will, too, or no demands will pass by me."

Upon motion of Commissioner Kuhrts, the hay matter was referred to Chief Strohm for investigation, and he was authorized to reject unsuitable hay and purchase such quantity as may be needed until a further supply can be arranged for. A committee was appointed also to act with Chief Strohm in conferring with Councilman Pierce on the hay deal.

MERIT AND SERVICE WIN.

Merit and service won when Henry Augustine, a man who has served in the Fire Department since 1888, was given a position as engineer, which was coveted by Walter Bonner, who has served in the department but a few months. It was expected that a number of Bonner's friends would bring political pressure to bear to secure his appointment, but no such support developed, and Augustine received the appointment when it was shown that he is a competent engineer.

Bonner is admitted to be an excellent engineer and a skilled machinist. The Chief thought it was too bad to bury him in the position of call man at an outlying station, but as Augustine has a good record and can run an engine, he was give the position.

In discussing future appointments to the position of engineer, the Mayor said he would not be guided in his vote by any sentiment of time or service of the applicant, unless the man were shown to be thoroughly competent. Of two men, equally competent, he said he would support the man who had served the longer.

The Chief was directed to furnish the commission with an alphabetical list of all the employés of the Fire Department, together with the dates of appointment.

The Chief urged that the Council be requested to provide by ordinance for the placing of metallic shutters in light wells or air shafts of large buildings, for the prevention of the spreading of fire. The Chief was instructed to confer with the building superintendent upon the form of the new provision which should be so framed as not to conflict with the present building ordinance.

The resignation of J. B. Stowell, driver of Engine Company No. 11, was accepted.

TYPHOID GERMS.

BACTERIOLOGICAL ANALYSES.

City Health Officer Powers took a little tube of bouilion filed with typhus bacilli to his laboratory yesterday and proceeded to make some investigations with a view to determining whether or not certain persons, under the care of local physicians, are suffering with typhoid fever.

When a physician encounters a suspected case of typhoid fever he takes a drop or two of blood from the finger or ear of the patient, places it on a small piece of glass provided for the purpose, and sends it at once to the Health Officer. It is then that Dr. Powers takes his bottle of typhoid germs, which have been taken from a known case of typhoid fever, and places in bouilion to thrive and multiply. The beef extract in which the bacilli is kept is heated for several hours, in a slow oven before the experiments are to be made. When the minute organisms have multiplied several hundredfold, one drop of the liquid is placed on the side of a microscope, with the drop of blood furnished by the physician. After standing a few minutes the slide is placed under a lens which magnifies 500 times. If the germs are shown to have agglutinated or formed themselves in dead masses it is determined beyond reasonable doubt that the person from whom the blood was taken is a sufferer with typhoid fever. If the germs are not killed it is taken as evidence that typhoid does not exist.

A system of reports from physicians in charge of typhoid patients is valuable to the Health Officer in aiding him to locate the cause of infection, which occurs in the milk or water supply or from unsanitary conditions.

Dr. Powers says the milk and water supplies of the city are fairly good at present, and that little typhoid fever exists.

OUTAGES CONTINUE.

INCLOSED ARC SYSTEM.

The inclosed arc lamp system, which has been in operation on the city's lighting circuits for several months, continues to perturb the City Electrician's department and Assistant City Electrician Morton said yesterday that more outages of lamps have been reported so far this month than for a similar period of August. From six to thirty lamps have been reported out all night on different dates this month, and it is said this does not begin to represent the total number of lamps not burning. Some lamps, it is said, are out for hours at a time without any report being made to the authorities. All outages, of course, are deducted from the amount provided by contract for the lighting of the city, which makes it to the interest of taxpayers to report.

Mr. Morton says he thinks the trouble will be remedied as soon as the lighting company reduces the number of lamps on each circuit, as some of the smaller circuits are giving satisfaction. Some circuits are carrying from seventy-five to ninety lamps, where they should carry not more than sixty.

OPEN GATES.

PETITION FOR THAT STREET.

Thirty-two citizens and taxpayers of the First Ward have petitioned the City Council for the opening of Gates street between Baldwin and Barber streets. Gates street extends from Downey avenue to Main street, and is open for public travel with the exception of a distance of 355 feet between Baldwin and Barber streets. The Gates-street school and many private dwellings are on the street, and the petitioners represent that if the street is opened for its entire length, it would be one of the main thoroughfares from Downey avenue to East Los Angeles Park. It would, they say, be a great convenience to the traveling public, and would greatly improve that section of the city.

A portion of the street is now being graded and it is desired that immediate action be taken toward the opening of the thoroughfare.

Some of the petitioners are Sherman Page, Joseph Mesmer, Maier & Zobelein, R. A. Ling, F. W. Houser and W. B. Banning.

New Storm Drain.

A storm drain to cost $9000 is to be built at the Arroyo de Los Posos, on Elliott street, just north of Aliso street, for the purpose of diverting storm water from a large area of low land in that vicinity to the Los Angeles River. City Engineer Olmsted and Councilman Blanchard visited the spot Tuesday and took account of the situation. It is thought the drain will be installed before the winter rains commence.

Fires of a Week.

The fire department responded to seven alarms for the week ended the 18th inst., according to the Chief's report. The total loss was $5950, and the heaviest loss at one fire was that in the Hastings building, No. 120 South Spring street on Tuesday morning, at which the damage was $5000.

SLASHED HIMSELF.

Hostler Cuts His Wrist and Throat in an Attempt to Commit Suicide, But Fails.

George B. Frazey, a hostler, 42 years of age, whose home is near Zanesville, O., made a desperate but unsuccessful attempt to end his life last night in a cheap lodging-house near the corner of First and Los Angeles streets. With a small pocket-knife he slashed both his wrists and then tried to cut his throat. The wounds in his wrists are little more than scratches, but he succeeded in making two gashes in his neck, one under each ear, but although one of the wounds was nearly three inches long and half an inch deep, no large blood vessels were severed, and the wounds are not serious.

After thus slashing himself he started for the street and was met by several persons in the hallway. He was conveyed to the Receiving Hospital, where Dr. Bledsoe sewed up his wounds. Frazey said he had been sick for a long time; was out of work and money, and could not sleep. He declared he had not slept for three days, and did not remember how he had spent his time. He finally decided to "go to sleep for keeps," as he expressed it.

Mrs E. B. Gage and Mrs. Henry Kinsley and daughter are a party from Prescott who are staying at the Van Nuys.

[AT THE COURTHOUSE.]

PUT HER OFF AT PASADENA

Colored Woman Gets Damages in Supreme Court Against Railway Company.

Rose Procter, a Cincinnati colored woman, who sued the Southern California Railway Company for damages in this county over a year ago and was awarded judgment in the sum of $575, has also won out in the Supreme Court. The only way in which the appeal affected her was to have her damages cut down $37.25.

The action grew out of the trouble and humiliation caused by her being ejected from the company's overland at Pasadena on her way to her home in Ohio. The conductor—his name was Brown—got it into his head that Mrs. Procter was attempting to use a "scalper's ticket" and he would have me of it. Consequently he put her off at Pasadena and carried her baggage on to Cincinnati.

Mrs. Procter was thus an "off-cast" in a strange land, with only one change of clothing, and that was on her back. The first thing she had to do was to buy $37.25 worth of wearing apparel.

Then she brought a damage suit against the railway company for $5000.

Mrs. Procter says that the conductor was very rude and noisy in the presence of a car full of passengers. On examining her ticket he directed her to write her name, which she did. Then he told her that the name on the ticket was not her name and that it had been bought in Los Angeles. These things he repeated two or three times in a loud voice.

But plaintiff insisted that she had purchased the ticket in Cincinnati and that her name and correct description were on it.

The conductor then said: "You will either have to pay your way or get off at the next station."

He kept her ticket and when she subsequently addressed him to know what was the matter with her ticket "so that I can write to Mr. Near, the gentleman who bought the ticket for me, right away," he made no reply.

Pasadena was reached, and off went the colored woman. A copious flow of tears was to no avail. She was left behind. Describing her feelings on the witness stand, she said:

"Well, I felt very bad, and also I felt like the ground could just open and swallow me when I was put off at Pasadena. There was every eye on me looking at me."

It was stipulated that the cost of a ticket such as that taken from plaintiff was $77.50.

The finding of the lower court in the premises was in part as follows:

"The ticket of the plaintiff was in all respects regular. The action of the defendant's train agent was wrongful and thereby was she put to great trouble and injured and wounded in her feelings and good name in the sum of $460.50, which sum the court finds as plaintiff's general damages."

For this amount, and also the clothes and railroad ticket, judgment was therefore given aggregating $575.

But the Supreme Court does not think she should be allowed to recover the amount spent in additional wearing apparel—$37.25—and orders the judgment appealed from reduced that much. To show that she was compelled by her wrongful ejectment to buy additional clothing, however, was proper, but it should not have figured in the measure of damages.

INCORPORATIONS.

OIL AND PAINT COMPANIES.

The Minnehaha Oil Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $200,000, divided into 200,000 shares, of which amount $5000 has been subscribed. The directors are J. A. King, John W. Roberts, Riverside; Daniel Durkee, Corona; Percy B. Lloyd, W. B. Mathews, Los Angeles.

The Silica-Aluminum Paint Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, has incorporated with a capital stock of $500,000, divided into 500,000 shares, of which amount $25 has been subscribed. The purpose of the corporation is to manufacture and sell mineral paint and other paints. The directors are A. A. Hubbard, George J. Denis, A. H. Conger, George Christians and Frank W. Burnett, all of Los Angeles.

COURTHOUSE NOTES.

BREVITIES MISCELLANEOUS.

ARROYO SECO WATER. The Supreme Court has affirmed the judgment of the lower court in favor of the defendant in the case of George W. Beck against the Pasadena Lake Vineyard Land and Water Company. Plaintiff claimed an interest in the water of a stream that runs into the Arroyo Seco, but the decision of the courts are against him. The history of the events out of which the litigation arose runs as far back as 1875.

TWEEDY MINOR. John Tweedy has filed a petition in the Superior Court asking to be guardian of the estate and person of Jesse C. Tweedy, aged 16, who has a one-fifth interest, undivided, in a tract of land in the county comprising 234.56 acres.

WOOLLEY ESTATE. Maria L. Woolley asks the Probate Court to appoint her administratrix of the $210 estate of her late husband, Pardon Woolley, who died last July, leaving a life insurance policy in the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

SMALL MORTGAGE. W. P. Webb brought suit in the Superior Court yesterday against George B. McLaughlin and wife of Pasadena to foreclose a $700 mortgage, executed September 20, 1895, with interest at 11 per cent.

MUCH MARRIED. Francisco Dostel, a driver for Adloff & Hauerwaas, brewers, was ordered by Judge York yesterday to pay his wife, Belen Dostel, $50 attorney's fees, $10 costs and $15 a month alimony in a divorce begun by her several days ago on the ground of extreme cruelty. The parties were married the last time in 1896 and a boy is the fruit of the union. They were first married in 1893, subsequent to which time they were divorced and Mrs. Dostel married another man. Dostel says he will now try for a divorce on a cross-complaint.

SCHOOL DISTRICT SUED. A. C. Harper is suing the Vineland District of Los Angeles county for a peremptory writ, compelling the district trustees to pay plaintiff $315.38, due on a judgment for schoolhouse repairs.

CONDEMNATION SUITS. The city of Los Angeles began a condemnation suit yesterday against S. C. Hubbell to open Shatto street from the easterly line of the Westlake Park tract to Burlington avenue. The city is also suing Richard Kidson, Mrs. G. M. Turner and husband, C. L. Castle, J. H. Coolman and Charles B. Woodhead to condemn property for the opening and extension of Burton street from the easterly line of the Burton tract to the westerly line of San Pedro street.

ESTATE OF NEIDT. Jerome Harris asks for letters of administration in the $1000 estate of Clara J. Neidt, who died on April 9, 1892, leaving unimproved land in this county that produces no revenue. Deceased's heirs at law are a husband and three daughters, one of whom, Mrs. A. L. Easton, lives in this county. She requests that petitioner be appointed.

[POLICE AND JUSTICE COURTS.]

BOLDEN PEACHED ON HIS PALS.

Young Negro Footpad Turned State's Evidence Against the Gang.

Varney Davis and Riley Brown—both colored men—were examined before Justice Morgan yesterday on a charge of highway robbery. They were held over for trial in the Superior Court under $2000 bonds. Bob Bolden, a colored boy 17 years old, confessed to being one of the gang, and turned State's evidence against the others. He was bound over to the Superior Court under $500 bonds.

The three were charged with robbing a sporty colored youth named Tom White. On the night of the 10th of August, White had been out on a "bat" in the tenderloin, drinking in a fast house. He was coming along Los Angeles street after midnight, and met Bolden, Davis and Brown.

"Say," he said, "I have been having a —— of a good time with the girls. Come on and have a drink."

They all went into a saloon on the corner of First and Main streets. When White went to pay for the drinks the barkeeper noticed that he displayed a deal of gold. White says that he had $24 in his pockets at the time.

While they were drinking, White stood between Davis and Brown at the bar. As he pulled out the money the barkeeper noticed that Brown and Davis exchanged significant glances. They were urging White to go home with them. He was very drunk, and did not seem to want to be with them any longer. Young Bolden asked him to stay all night at his house, but White would not, and boarded the San Pedro car for home.

As he was passing the corner of Essex and Washington streets a man threw an arm about his neck and strangled him with what wrestlers know as the "strong arm." Bolden then held his legs and Brown went through his pockets.

A week afterward, White met Brown on Los Angeles street, and the latter told him a story of how he (Brown) had been held up, on the night of their drinking, by negroes who had given him the "strong arm," and had taken his watch. At the time of this conversation two detectives were standing just across the street, but White said nothing. Next day he reported at the station, and the three colored men were arrested by Detectives Steele and Flammer, who had been working on the case.

On the witness stand yesterday Bolden admitted holding White's legs while the other men went through his pockets. He said they did not give him enough money to pay his car fare home.

He denied that he had been induced to confess, or that the detectives had ever spoken to him about it. He said that his mother had told him to tell the truth.

No defense was introduced.

SOME POLICELETS.

PETTY OFFENDERS TREATED.

C. H. Volgard, the old man who looks like Rip Van Winkle and who is continually bothering the police, was examined on a charge of burglary in Justice Morgan's court yesterday. Michael Gardetta was the complaining witness. Michael was a good complainer, but not a valuable witness. Nobody could understand what he was trying to talk about, beyond the fact that he found Volgard wandering around in his bedroom at No. 113 North Alameda street. There was also a conflict in the dates, so Volgard was allowed to go free.

William Burns was found guilty of stealing a bicycle pump, in Justice Austin's court yesterday, and was fined $10.

John A. Brown, the Wells Fargo messenger who cuffed a passenger because he put a bag into his car and made a fuss about paying charges, was fined $20 by Justice Morgan yesterday.

Fred Laughlin was fined $30 for failing to provide for his children.

His Sad Story.

Charles Mathews thought up a long, sad story to tell yesterday to Justice Morgan, who might in pity be induced to let Charles off tenderly. But somehow the story didn't seem to work.

"Well, now, I'll tell you how it was," he said, confidentially, to the court, when he was asked if he were guilty of being drunk. "I'll tell you how it was. I was goin' down to the drug store to get some medicine for my sick wife, and on the way I met a fren' of mine. 'He says, 'Les' have a drink,' but I says 'no.'

"But he kept askin' me, and so, after a while, I says, 'Well, bein' it's you, Jack, why, I will.' And so I did."

"He hasn't been livin' with his wife for two years," said a detective indignantly.

Mr. Mathews looked pained.

"He's been up here about 14,000 times," growled the bailiff.

"Thirty days," said the judge.

Insulted Beauty.

Tom Gee was fined $20 in Justice Austin's court for disturbing the peace of Julia Ybarra. She is a young Spanish girl of unusual beauty, and says that the Chinaman made an insulting remark to her.

Landeros Examined.

Teadore Landeros, the Mexican alleged to have committed perjury to free the negro, Hilliard Russell, from the charge of petty larceny, was examined in Justice Morgan's court yesterday morning and was bound over for trial in the Superior Court under $2500 bonds.

PRESBYTERIANS FAVOR A CHANGE.

BUFFALO (N. Y.) Sept. 19.—The presbytery of Buffalo at its full meeting held in East Aurora, voted, 32 to 29, in favor of a change in the Westminister Confession of Faith. The vote was an affirmative reply to the third question submitted by the general assembly asking if a substitutional and shorter creed "of the things most believed among us" was desired.

HOME duties to many women seem more important than health.

No matter how ill they feel, they drag themselves through the daily tasks and pile up trouble.

This is heroic but a penalty has to be paid.

A woman in New Matamoras, Ohio, MRS. ISABELL BRADFIELD, tells in the following letter how she fought with disease of the feminine organs until finally forced to take to her bed. She says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write to you to tell you that I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and think there is no medicine in the world like it. I suffered for nine years, and sometimes for twelve weeks of the time I could not stand on my feet. I had female trouble of all kinds; backache, and headache all the time. Seven different doctors treated me. Some said I would have to go to the hospital and have an operation performed. But of course, how thankful I am that I did not, for I tried your Vegetable Compound instead. I cannot say too much in its praise, nor thank you enough for what it has done for me. I want you to publish this in all the papers for the good of other sufferers."

The wives and mothers of America are given to overwork. Let them be wise in time and take the first indications of female trouble and write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice. This advice is promptly given without charge.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had entire charge of the correspondence department of her great business, advising and helping by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

LITTLE INTEREST SHOWN.

Democratic County Convention to Be Held Today—Love-feast Predicted.

The Democratic County Convention will be called to order at 10 o'clock this morning at Turnverein Hall on Main street, by Chairman Hill of the Democratic County Central Committee, and it is expected that all of the work of the convention will be completed by the close of the evening session. Even among the Democrats there is not that degree of interest in their convention which is usually noted. On the streets last night the convention was seldom mentioned.

If there be a slate or a programme it was not in evidence among the few knots of politicians who assembled about the hotels. By these politicians it was repeatedly asserted that there would be nothing but peace and harmony in today's proceedings—that it would be a sort of love feast with no disturbing features whatever. If this be true—and it is subject to considerable doubt—it would seem that there has been a sort of armistice declared between the so-called "purity push" and the McCaffery element of the party. How long this truce will continue or whether it exists in reality, will be known today. The "purists," that is the Burke wing of the party, have not quite put aside the bitter feeling engendered by the manner in which they were downed not long ago at the caucuses and primaries. It was then openly asserted by some of the members of that faction that they would not submit to being placed in back seats, simply tolerated and given no voice in the doings of the convention. The other side, remembering the overwhelming defeat they administered to the "puritytes," answered not this threat, but, confident in their own strength, they are said to have prepared to run the convention as they please.

There are more than [illegible] Many of the out-of-town delegates will not attend, but will be represented by proxy. William Mead will be made permanent chairman of the convention, probably without opposition.

Dr. Hill will not consent to fill the office of chairman of the Democratic Central Committee, and it is almost certain that Dan Neuhart, the present secretary of the committee, will succeed him.

Before the committee on credentials there will be at least two contests. There are rival delegations from the Eighth Ward and also from the Fifth. The contest in the Eighth is a Savage fight, and it will be fought out bitterly with the almost certain result that Savage will be defeated.

Judge Trask will be renominated by acclamation and for the office of judge on the bench, T. L. Winder will succeed A. W. Hutton and be elected without opposition.

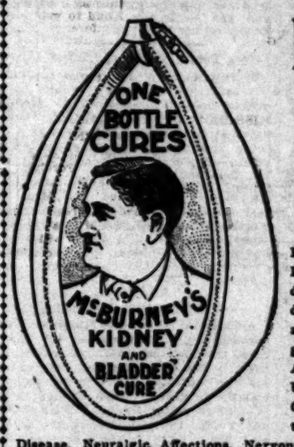
The Supervisorial fight, which is attracting most attention, is in the district in which James [illegible] is opposed for renomination. G. [illegible] of Lancaster wants to get the job, or at least run for it. [illegible] lined up a strong county ticket who are using the fact that [illegible] been drawing a public salary for years, against the incumbent. [illegible] son of Glendale, is also in the race, but it was stated last night that he and Bulkley will pool issues and make a common fight against [illegible].

E. E. Crandall will probably be the winner for the Senatorial nomination in the Thirty-seventh District. Very little attention is being paid to the other offices for which candidates are to be nominated.

Residence for President.

BERKELEY, Sept. 19.—The lease has been cleared for the immediate occupation of the residence to be occupied by President Wheeler of the State University. The regents have appropriated $40,000 for this purpose, and the money is not now on hand. Phoebe Hearst has consented to advance it as needed. Mrs. Hearst has also announced her intention of establishing a lectureship on the subject of art.

ONE BOTTLE CURES



Rheumatism

McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure

Is the only recognized specific for Renal Calculi and Stone in the Bladder. This famous remedy dissolves, but exterminates Uric and phosphatic formations. The grand remedy is a natural solvent for Albuminuria and Bright's Disease, Uric acid poisoning shows itself in Gout and Rheumatism, also diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Backache, Kidney Disease, Neuralgic Affections, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Dyspepsia, Eczema. McBURNEY'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE dissolves and washes out of the system uric acid and all poisons, and is specific for all troubles of uric acid origin.

What J. W. Winnett, proprietor of the Broadway Furniture Store, Los Angeles, Cal., says of McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure:

MR. McBURNEY—I wish to testify in behalf of your medicine. I suffered rheumatism in my back and hips. I was unable to walk, and when I stooped down was unable to rise. My neighbors recommended your medicine and stated what it had done for them. I purchased it, and ten drops relieved me. I bought a bottle, took ten drops and was promptly relieved, and ten doses entirely cured me.

It is with pleasure that I recommend your medicine to others suffering as I did, and no one wishing further information call at 421 S. Broadway. J. W. WINNETT.

McBURNEY says he will guarantee that his Kidney and Bladder Cure will cure 95 cases out of every 100. One dose relieves and one bottle cures in most cases. You cannot afford to allow one minute to elapse until you are permanently cured.

REMEMBER—Not a wine glass full five or six times a day, but six bottles for relief and continue until cured, but always

Ten Drops Of McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure a day, and ONE BOTTLE CURES.

Price, Express Prepaid, $1.00. For Sale by All Druggists.

Send 25c for 5 days' treatment. McBURNEY'S

HAMILTON'S DAY.

The New Bishop Warms Up the Southern California Methodist Conference—Missionaries Report.

twenty-fifth annual session of Methodist Episcopal Conference of Southern California met for its first session in the First Methodist Church, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning.

The large auditorium was crowded with visitors, ladies and laymen, and there was a handful of people in the gallery. Among those present were: Bishop John W. Hamilton, D.D., of San Francisco, bishop for the State of California, and Presiding Elders G. F. Bovard of Los Angeles district, W. M. Bowers of San Diego district and T. Filben of Fresno district, and many ministers and women prominent in church affairs from all over the State. Rev. A. J. Thomson, superintendent of missions in Arizona, was also present.

The devotional services were led by Bishop Hamilton and were characterized by deep spirituality, particularly during the celebration of the communion. A collection was taken during the devotional meeting for the benefit of the Methodists in India. In connection with this collection, some light was thrown on the character of Bishop Hamilton, when he said: "Share even your crust with those who have less."

BISHOP HAMILTON.

Bishop John W. Hamilton, D.D., LL.D., was born in Virginia in 1843. Early in his career he became famous as a minister of the People's Church in Chicago. He has a magnificent personality, is about six feet tall, with a strong intellectual face, a kindly twinkle in the eye and a voice that stirs the soul. He is thin in flesh, smooth-faced except for a heavy head of gray hair, which is a feature he explains by jocularly saying that it is owing to the fact that he is a member of the annual conference. A reception was scheduled for Bishop Hamilton at least one-third are well on their way down the slivery slope of age.

Among the delegates is Chan Hon Fan, who came to San Francisco from the Wesleyan Mission at Canton, China, in 1875. He labored among his people in that city as a missionary until 1880, when he became licensed to preach. In 1897 he was transferred to Los Angeles, and since that time has had charge of the Chinese Methodist Church on Los Angeles street. When he came here there were transferred to his church from the First Methodist Episcopal Church about forty-eight members, who had been gathered in before the mission on Los Angeles street was established. Owing to the natural losses by removal and otherwise, as well as to the slowness with which a Chinaman takes hold of anything new, the number remains about the same today. Mrs. Birdsall, who has charge of the Sunday-school in Rev. Chan's church speaks in the most complimentary terms of the man and his work.

THE OFFICERS.

The officers of the conference are as follows: President, Bishop John W. Hamilton, D.D., LL.D.; secretary, E. J. Inwood; assistant secretaries, J. A. Miller, E. W. Walts; statistical secretary, J. M. Rich; treasurer, A. A. Graves; assistants, C. T. Wilson, J. M. Baxter, C. J. Miller; railroad secretary, W. F. Wenk.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

The roll call of the deceased members showed the loss to the conference during the past year of the following: Rev. S. G. Blanchard, Rev. J. H. Holloway, Rev. A. M. Hough. And the death of ministers' wives as follows: Mrs. W. Stalker, Mrs. Peters and Mrs. H. J. Crist.

The memorial service which followed consisted of brief sketches of the life

BISHOP HAMILTON.

and work of the deceased by Rev. E. J. Inwood, Mrs. H. E. M. Pattee, Rev. J. B. Green, Rev. P. H. Bodkin, Mrs. Welch and Rev. E. A. Healy. The service was conducted by Rev. A. W. Bunker, with special music by a quartette from Westlake Church.

After the memorial service the session was extended in order to give Henry P. Magill of Chicago opportunity to present the claims of the Methodist Church Insurance Company, and the three presiding elders were appointed a committee to consider the subject, and make such report to the conference as in their judgment seemed proper.

It was announced that Bishop Hamilton would address the woman's anniversary meeting in the afternoon, whereupon the bishop laughingly said:

"Now, let me tell you that, while I'm the baby bishop, I got into such a scrape at the last conference as I hope never to get into again. I had to make twelve addresses at that conference."

"Good," yelled Dr. Castine, and there was loud laughter and applause.

"It's too much," continued the bishop. "A man will run to drivel at that rate, and I must never repeat it."

MISSIONARY ANNIVERSARY.

PROCEEDINGS OF AFTERNOON.

At 2:30 o'clock the anniversary of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society was held. After devotional exercises led by Mrs. Charlotte O'Neal of Pasadena, president of the society, Mrs. H. E. M. Pattee, secretary, read her report, which showed that the organization now consists of eighty-two auxiliary societies in his State, with a membership of 2122. During the year they contributed to missions the sum of $3390. Of this $3600 was known as the "twentieth century thank offering," and was at once expended in India, and other foreign lands, where the needs were greatest. The statement was made by Mrs. Charlotte O'Neal that this money was collected and expended at an expense of less than one-half of 1 per cent., and without a salaried officer in any of its departments.

DR. GERTRUDE TAFT.

Miss Taft was sent to China by the missionary society of the First Methodist Church of this city five years ago as a medical missionary. She was introduced to the audience by Mrs. O'Neal as "Our California girl," and was received with applause. Miss Taft spoke easily, to the point, and gave much practical information.

"In 1890," said Miss Taft, "the native membership of our churches in Central China numbered 2303, of these more than 500 were full members. Our church has the following institutions: Four hospitals and dispensaries, five boarding schools, two women's schools and a number of day schools."

The speaker had previously explained that she spoke only of one of the five sections into which the Methodist work is divided in China. She went on to say that in addition to these the Women's Foreign Missionary Society had two hospitals for women and children. She gave a detailed account of the various schools and their work in educating the children, remarking that "there were never enough of us to carry on the work in a satisfactory way."

"The woman evangelist," said Miss Taft, "in houseboat or on donkey-back, with a Bible-woman as assistant, goes off into the out stations and holds a series of meetings, being out all the way from several days to several weeks, and often without seeing another foreigner. In one village we visited they had never seen foreign women before, and yet we were beautifully treated, and were feasted again and again.

"I wish to speak particularly of the Sunday-schools where our girls attend. They regularly commit the whole lesson and when review Sunday comes they know the history, geography, titles, golden texts and all the main points of the lessons for the whole quarter. Some of these schools bear favorable comparison with our Sunday-schools here in America."

In concluding her address Miss Taft referred to the present outlook in China, as follows:

"Though the outlook may seem so dark at present, and it may take time to bring order out of chaos, we believe that in course of time missionary work will be again opened up, and in the end the progress of Christianity will be more rapid because of this present severe trial."

FROM INDIA.

The next speaker introduced by the president was "our Riverside girl." Miss Celesta Easton of Riverside was six years ago sent to India by this society.

"I reached India," said Miss Easton, "just in time, and when I heard the needs of the work I wished to go into it at once, though I did not wish to seek the place to which I should go. So one day the bishop said to me: 'So you want to go into the work?' That opened the way. There are so many things to do—housekeeping, cooking, studying the language, and somehow, I don't know how, I got along, and in six months I was teaching a Sunday-school class. It doesn't take long to learn to sing and read, but it is much more difficult to learn to talk. We had between eighty and ninety girls in the school, and taught English grammar, cooking and knitting and other useful things. We had seven girls in the grammar school, six of whom graduated and are now teachers in the native schools.

"Our hospitals are a great boon to Hindoo women and girls, as they will have no doctor at all rather than have a man doctor."

Miss Easton went into details of methods of teaching, named many songs they sang, repeating the titles in the Hindoo language.

"I am sorry to say," she said, "that among the English people some business and work is done on Sunday."

IN AT ITS BIRTH.

Bishop Hamilton now made his appearance, and had some sport out of the fact that he had been introduced as "our" bishop.

"I am not the father, nor yet the mother of this society, and yet I was present at its birth, and will tell you its history. I was a student in Boston," he said, "and when the women were about to organize this society Mrs. Pattee came to me and said I must be there to make the minutes for them, but she feared the women would not talk if a man was present. So she hid me away behind the curtains in a gallery near the pulpit, and there I sat and wrote down everything that was done and said."

The bishop accompanied the recital of this incident in his life with many pleasantries, which were enjoyed by the large audience.

"While I was a student," he said, "I was selected to go as missionary to Bulgaria, but as soon as I had finished my course, I was told I had been selected to go to India and take charge of our publishing interests."

He then recounted how his father, who was a Methodist minister, had suddenly dropped dead in a railway station, and, as he was the only support of the family, that stopped his going to India. He spoke eloquently of the sphere of woman and of the limited privileges accorded her in the early days. When he said, with much feeling: "But now, thank the Lord, woman's everywhere."

The sentiment was greeted with loud applause. He said the women were doing so much in the church that his benediction would be a quotation from the poem of an old Indian:

"Go on, go on, go on,"
Go on, go on, go on,
Go on, go on,
Go on, go on, go on."

At the close of Bishop Hamilton's talk the meeting adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION.

The session of the conference last evening was given over to the anniversary Sunday-school Union. It was evident both from the limited attendance of ministers of the conference and the remarks of the speakers that the Sunday-school is a neglected branch of the church work, and the speakers showed in different ways how this should be remedied.

The meeting was called to order by the chairman, Rev. W. A. Wright, who, after the singing of "Savior Like a Shepherd Lead Us," by the congregation, and prayer by Rev. W. C. Weld, remarked that the Sunday-school is the greatest institution of the greatest century; it was not born in this country, but has wonderfully grown here, and is a topic worthy of our most earnest and devout attention and efforts.

He introduced Rev. S. S. Sampson of Santa Maria, who compared the Sunday-school to a lighthouse on the coast of life. He spoke of remarkable workers in the cause of the Sunday-school, including Martin Luther, who, he stated, was not born to die, but will ever remain the greatest reformer the world has ever known. Another light on the coast was John Wesley. Another brilliant light, who is not unknown even in Los Angeles, was Rev. Dwight L. Moody, that rugged man of God, and while he has been transferred to the higher field of labor, his light still shines. Of Frances Willard, he said the last word she uttered will always be treasured. Yet the greatest light was that of Robert Raikes, who was the founder of the Sunday-school in 1771. He spoke earnestly of the field presented in the Sunday-school for the building of character, and referred to the Sunday-school in the conference. He gave many personal reminiscences of how he had successfully performed effective work in unpromising lines, and remarked that there is opportunity even in the roughest place for the development of character in the young; there is room for such work along this line. The first essential for a teacher in the Sunday-school is patience. Have this, and you will some day see the glorious results of your labor. He mentioned many other adjuncts of the church which are elements for much good, but the essential one is the Sunday-school. He concluded by saying he hoped the time might come when all children might be brought to hear of Him who said: "Suffer little children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

MR. WELD'S TALK.

After another song by the congregation, Rev. W. C. Weld of Los Angeles, speaking for the Southern California State Sunday-school Association, delivered an interesting address, stating that the Sunday-school is the greatest factor for the civilization of the world, and that he had a profound conviction that what it ought to be it will be. Something of the progress made might be gleaned from the fact that when Robert Rakes first inaugurated the Sunday-school there were paid teachers, and now there is not a paid teacher in the world. Another important step in the progress was the introduction of the universal lesson leaves, which show a great development.

He advanced three propositions. First, the Sunday-school of the twentieth century will have a larger proportion of adults, and the adults will bring the children. There was never a time when the Bible has been studied as it is today. He made an appeal to the members of the conference to study the examples of prominent men in worldly affairs, who had become students of the Bible. He read an effective letter from the editor of the Sunday-school Times, a man who has made it his mission to teach the Bible for fifty years. The second proposition was that the teacher and worker will have a better conception of the work. There are now too many careless teachers. They lack a conception of the work. The Sunday-school is the peer of the church, and 75 per cent. of church members come from the Sunday-school. The third observation was that the Sunday-school of the twentieth century will have trained teachers.

He addressed a few words directly to the teachers present. "Do you know the books and lessons, thoroughly?" he asked. "It is one thing to know a thing and another thing to cause others to know it. We want to interest the ministers to see that there are better teachers. The pulpit can't do all the training. The Sunday-school is the unit of the work. He outlined the proposed plan for the organization of the American Bible Institute in Los Angeles.

DR. SIGLER.

H. C. Sigler, D.D., in a speech which followed, spoke of the work of the Sunday-school Union, in which there are more than 200,000 schools with more than 2,000,000 members. It was organized by thirty-two ministers and the same number of ladies as auxiliary to the church. He deplored the fact that so few scholars are church members and urged the ministers to endeavor to get them into the church. He remarked that early impressions are lasting and gave a number of instances of the effectiveness of the early conversion of children. The work does not require so much special talent as earnestness. God said: "Those who seek me early shall find me." The great need of the church today, he said, is the baptism of Christ's love among the laymen, and he concluded with an appeal to the brothers and sisters not to rest until the twentieth century before consecrating their hearts to the work.

A REBUKE.

Chairman Wright caused some merriment by calling upon all Sunday-school teachers and scholars in the audience to raise their hands, and only 25 per cent. responded. He then called similarly upon all interested in Bible study to which 50 per cent. responded, upon which he asked: "Aren't you ashamed?" He then delivered a few hard knocks to the apathetic workers in Sunday-school lines, which elicited a hearty burst of applause.

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Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.

Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.

Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

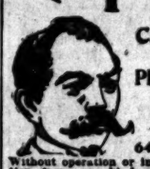
BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

For sale by druggists — price 50¢ per bottle.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate for NERVOUSNESS.

A superior restorative when the nervous system has become impaired by mental or physical overwork.

Rupture



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RUPTURE SUFFERERS—By inclosing a 2-cent stamp I will send you literature that will enable you to find out all the particulars in regard to the hundreds who have been cured by my natural method, before you come to my office, No. 642 S. Main street. Office hours, 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Lady attendant.

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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

I have had some excellent work done by Dr. Schiffman, both extracting and filling, without pain, and to my entire satisfaction. MRS. A. C. WHITE, 712 S. Grand Avenue, Los Angeles.

The dental work done by Dr. Schiffman for members of my family was executed skillfully, and I can recommend him as a scientific and UP-TO-DATE dentist. E. C. BOWER, Attorney, Fulton Blk., New High St.

I have had work done by other dentists and always suffered very much. Now I have had work done by Dr. Schiffman no other dentist could touch m mouth. I recommend their work and kind treatment to the public. MRS. H. E. CREW, 509 Alpine Street.

Dr. Schiffman's method of painless dentistry cannot be too highly recommended. WM. STEPHENSON, Santa Barbara, Cal.

107 N. SPRING ST.

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Wanted—a case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Be sure to get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Two samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Company, 10 Spruce St., New York.

Mrs. Gervaise Graham's Quick Hair Restorer

Restores gray hair to its original color in a few days. Clear as water and as harmless: contains no lead, sulphur or other harmful ingredient; will not stain the skin or scalp. Its use cannot be detected.

For sale by MRS. WEAVER-JACKSON, 219 S. Spring St. All reliable druggists and dealers

ROLL-TOP DESKS

Offered at special low prices THIS WEEK. See our goods and save money. CARPETS. MATTINGS, STOVES.

I. T. MARTIN, 621-3-5 S. Spring St. Wheel chairs sold or rented

WEAK MEN AND WOMEN should use Damiana Bitters, the great Mexican remedy; gives health and strength to sexual organs. Hiller, Alfs & Brunn, agents, 323 Market St., S. F.—Send for Circular.)

Ladies! I HAVE JUST RETURNED from New York City, where I have been for six weeks selecting the latest patterns and fall styles. J. KORN, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor

FREE TRIAL

DEATH TO HAIR ROOT AND BRANCH

New Discovery By The Misses Bell

A Trial Treatment FREE To Any One Afflicted With Hair on Face, Neck or Arms

We have at last made the discovery which has baffled chemists and all others for centuries—that of absolutely destroying superfluous hair, root and branch, entirely and permanently, and that too without impairing in any way the finest or most sensitive skin. It is scarcely possible to overstate the importance of this discovery, or the great good and satisfaction it will be to those afflicted with one of the most disfiguring and aggravating blemishes—that of superfluous hair on the face of women, whether it be a mustache or growth on the neck, cheeks or arms.

The Misses Bell have thoroughly tested its efficacy and are desirous that the full merits of their treatment to which they have given the descriptive name of "KILL-ALL-HAIR" shall be known to all afflicted. To this end a trial will be sent free of charge, to any lady who will write for it. Without a cent of cost you can see for yourselves what the discovery is; the evidence of your own senses will then convince you that the treatment "KILL-ALL-HAIR," will rid you of one of the greatest drawbacks to perfect loveliness, the growth of superfluous hair on the face or neck of women.

Please understand that a personal demonstration of our treatment costs you nothing. A trial will be sent you free, which you can use yourself and prove our claims by sending two stamps for mailing.

THE MISSES BELL, 76 & 80 Fifth Avenue, New York

The Misses Bell's Complexion Tonic is a harmless liquid for external application to the skin. It removes entirely all freckles, moth, blackheads, pimples, and tan, and cures entirely acne and eczema, and beautifies the complexion. Price $1.50 per bottle, three bottles (usually required to clear the complexion) $4.00.

The Misses Bell's Capilla Renova is a preparation for naturally restoring gray locks to their original color. Capilla Renova is really a Hair Food, and strengthens and invigorates the hair in a natural way, and thus restores its original color. Price $1.50 per bottle.

The Misses Bell's Skin Food is a soft, creamy, exquisitely scented ointment, for and use of rough skin, sallow complexions, is a rare, excellent retiring cream. Price 75 cents per jar.

The Misses Bell's Lanolay Well Soap is made from pure oil of Lambs' Wool. Price 25 cents per cake.

A complete line of above exquisite preparations are always kept in stock, and can be had from our local agents.

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Good Time and Place to Buy

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A sterilized fat from the cocoanut.

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"Delicious!"

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Sunshine Gives Hot Water Free... For the bath. Let us explain. THE CLIMAX SOLAR WATER HEATER CO., 125 S. Broadway.

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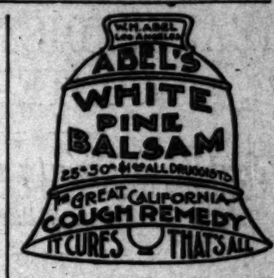

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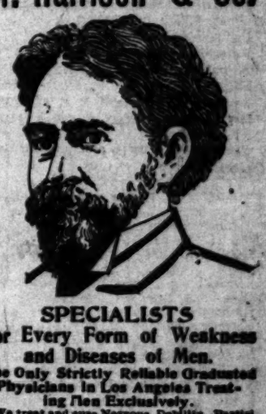

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We will examine you, tell you in detail what your disease is, explain our treatment, give you full satisfaction in every way, absolutely FREE of charge, and you don't have to pay a cent until you are well. We have the largest hospital in the city.

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only recognized solvent of Calculi and Stone in the Bladder, this famous remedy not only relieves, but exterminates uric acid poisons, uric acid diathesis and rheumatic formations. This remedy is a natural specific for Gravel, Calculi, Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bright's Disease, and poisoning shows itself in Rheumatism, also Stone or Gravel in the Kidneys and Bladder, Bright's Disease, Inflammation, Nervous Headache, etc. McBURNEY'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE will positively clear the system uric acid deposits.

Broadway Furniture Co., Sole Agents for Bladder Cure:

"Your medicine, I suffered with Gravel and Stone in the Bladder, and when I started taking it I was passing gravel. I am pleased to say that it has proved entirely successful in my case, and I am entirely cured. I recommend McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure to all who are suffering as I did. Yours truly, J. W. WINNETT, Pasadena, Cal."

McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure will cure you. Below is given testimonial as proof that you can be entirely cured.

"Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 1, 1900. I have been afflicted with Bladder trouble for six or seven years, and have been under the treatment of physicians, but received no benefit. I was induced to try McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure, and after using one bottle I was entirely cured. I am now a well man, and can recommend McBurney's Kidney and Bladder Cure to all sufferers. Yours truly, J. H. HILL, 418 S. Spring St."

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THE GRANDEST REMEDY IN THE WORLD FOR RHEUMatism, Pains in the Back, Nervousness, Physical Decline, Weak Kidneys, Stomach or Liver Complaints is Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt. It pours glowing vitality into the body for hours at a time, vitalizing the nerves and restoring vigorous circulation. It cures after all other remedies fail.

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I have the greatest Electric Belt in the world; greatest in curing, greatest in mechanical perfection, and I am a master in the application of its life-giving power—due to my twenty years of study and experience. I know what it will do, and can guarantee it. Any honest man who will secure me can have my Belt, and if it does not cure him he need not pay for it. Is that fair? Will any other concern treat you as fairly? Has any other man as much confidence in his remedy? My Belt cannot fail.

READ MY BOOK—FREE.

I want every sufferer to call today and test my Belt FREE. If you cannot call, write at once for my beautifully illustrated book, mailed, FREE.

Dr. M. A. McLaughlin, 129½ West Second Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

HEATED DISTRICT CONTESTS SETTLED.

Republican County Convention Divides into Conventionettes.

Three New Nominees for Board of Supervisors. Smith Nominated for State Senator— Ballots in the Starch Box.

YESTERDAY'S NOMINATIONS.

For Supervisor from the Second District, GEORGE ALEXANDER.

For Supervisor from the Fourth District, P. J. WILSON.

For Supervisor from the Fifth District, CHARLES E. PATTERSON.

For State Senator, Thirty-seventh District, FRED M. SMITH.

For Assemblymen:

Seventieth District, W. S. MELICK.

Seventy-second District, W. H. SAVAGE.

Seventy-third District, H. C. SITTEL.

Seventy-fourth District, CORNELIUS W. PENDLETON.

Seventy-fifth District, HENRY E. CARTER.

POLITICAL knives came out with a zip when the Republican County Convention was called to order yesterday. For the lopping of heads, it might have been a festival of the Boxers.

The contest of the judges, the day before, had been as dignified as an automobile race. Yesterday, it was the great American in politics, without frills.

It was adroit and keen and fast, like a battle with rapiers. There were feints and parries, and at last a deadly thrust.

Men were allowed to pile up votes on the first ballot as a teaser, only to be brought up short and sharp as a bronco who has stampeded to the end of his stake rope.

There was the sniff of it in the air at the start in the morning, when the delegates were met at the door by men with circulars asking, in the name of the Anti-Saloon League, that Supervisors Wirsching and Davis be defeated for re-election.

"You Americans," says a German literary man, "are the greatest people in the world. You fight. You lose. It is ended. In the old country every election such as your's would end in a revolution."

Yesterday men saw their dearest hopes, the results of weary months of work go glimmering, and only shrugged their shoulders.

In one of the crucial moments of yesterday, a candidate stood at the foot of the platform stairs. The last ballot had just been taken. Everybody knew it must be the last. There were only two candidates left. The others had all dropped out. The "present incumbent" knew why they had dropped out. The "present incumbent" knew why the man "backed with the solid vote of the 'Steenth Ward," had limped in with a paltry five votes. He knew why the others had dropped one by one by the wayside. He had presided at the funerals. And now the vote was being counted.

He turned a little pale and his face became tense as the chairman began to read out the names; but when he realized that another grave had been dug, and he was to be the occupant, he only laughed a little and relighted his cigar.

Reaching in his coat pocket, he flung a handful of ballots into the stifling air of the hall, and sauntered slowly out of the crowd, out of the hall, out of public life.

There was a tang thoroughly American in the free and easy character of the great scrimmage of the convention, when A. E. Davis, chairman of the Board of Supervisors, fought candidates from all over his district, to get his old place.

It appealed to one's sense of humor that the battle ground should have been a lean-to next to the pavilion, and that the votes which meant so much, should have been cast in a starch box; that there should have been no seats for the delegates, the lucky ones perching on a step ladder and a saw-horse.

It made one think of a football game, for an old man with a cane kept shoving the crowd back of the flag line, and from the pavilion next door, came distant cheers. One almost expected to hear the referee's silver whistle, and a man's voice calling, "Two downs, and five to gain."

The chairman was a man from San Pedro, who didn't have any chair.

It was the kind of a district that worried the candidates, because they were afraid it would plunge. There was a split in the Soldiers' Home vote, and a split in the Long Beach vote, and goodness knows how many other splits.

One of the speakers urged the election of a candidate because he kept fast horses. Another pledged his candidate to remove the British lions from the front of the Courthouse and substitute California bears. And the funny part of it was, that the man with the fast horses was nominated.

It was this ring of the show that drew all the crowd. Here was Mr. Garland of the T-cart fame perched on a wrinkle of the wall; here were all the wise ones who are in training for the city fight to follow. Here was "El Hutch" stalking into a rival camp.

It was a hot fight and the strain of it told on Davis. He was wan and haggard.

When the cheers that announced the defeat of his colleague, Wirsching, came floating in from the pavilion, Davis must have felt the ground slipping out from under him. It was a bad sign. Men with their fingers on the political pulse, knew that Wirsching would drag down Davis with him; and he did.

There were other rights, but nary a one like this.

And all that was left of it last night by sundown, were the festoons of bunting looking wearily on a snow scene of scattered papers, and a little negro boy kicking the ballots with his bare toes.

It was "Buffalo Bill," the errand boy of the convention.

Poor Bill! Your day of glory has passed. You are a deposed official.

But there are others.

SECOND DAY'S SESSION.

CONVENTION LABORS FINISHED.

With unabated enthusiasm the delegates to the Republican County Convention gathered in Hazard's Pavilion yesterday morning. There was a fair attendance when the chairman rapped for order at a few minutes after 10 o'clock. Some of the delegates, wearied by the labors of the first day, were late in arriving, but nearly all appeared before the expiration of the first half hour. Then the convention settled down to its characteristic hum.

There was a sprinkling of sightseers in the balcony. No changes had been made in the decorations of the hall. Several ladies, very much interested in the proceedings, occupied seats on the platform.

The convention was nothing if not businesslike. Without wasting any time in preliminaries, the first order of business, the selection of a County Central Committee, was announced by Chairman Gooding, and the delegates proceeded to the selection of precinct representatives.

The next thing was the selection of Supervisoral nominees from the Second, Fourth and Fifth districts, and without more ado the convention broke up into Supervisoral divisions. The Fifth District convention met on the east side of the main hall, the Second District on the west side, and the Fourth District convention in the annex on the west side of the pavilion.

Owing to the lengthy fight in the Fourth Supervisoral District it was after 2 o'clock before the convention could take up other business. The Supervisoral nominees were then ratified, as soon as the delegates were from the convention of the Thirty-seventh Senatorial District was called. At the conclusion the delegates broke up into Assembly District conventions which met in various parts of the hall.

When the Assembly District conventions were ready to report, the main body ratified their selections, district by district. A blanket resolution was also introduced by L. J. C. Spruance, providing for the ratification of all the nominees selected by the sub-conventions during the convention and also for those who might be subsequently nominated, thus providing for the ratification of the Assembly nomination in the Seventy-first District, which was unable to settle the fight yesterday.

Resolutions were passed thanking the chairman and the secretaries for the very able and efficient manner in which they had discharged their duties.

There being nothing else to do the convention adjourned in a most prosaic manner on motion of J. W. McKinley, Esq. Scarcely a score of delegates were then left in the big pavilion and in a few minutes they filed out, leaving the hall to the reporters and the janitor.

DAVIS DEFEATED.

SUPERVISORAL NOMINATIONS.

After one of the hardest fights of the convention, A. E. Davis went down to defeat in the convention of the Fourth Supervisoral District yesterday. The contest was spirited, but free from acrimony. P. J. Wilson of the Fifth Ward captured the nomination.

Several things conspired against Davis. A report was circulated which met with general credence that he had stated when running for a second term nomination four years ago that if chosen he would step down and out this time. In addition, the Anti-Saloon League worked against him on account of his vote on the Werner saloon license at North Pasadena.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

The convention assembled in the annex on the west side of the pavilion at 11 o'clock. No seats were provided, and the delegates were obliged to stand during the entire proceedings, which were long-drawn out. The sun beat down on the flat roof of the annex, and owing to lack of ventilation the air soon became hot and stifling. Before the voting had progressed beyond the first ballot, the election officers and some of the delegates had discarded their coats, and the convention took on the appearance of a Democratic mix-up in Arizona on a summer day.

The delegates were called to order by C. W. Hyatt of the Fifth Ward. Dr. W. A. Weldon of San Pedro was elected chairman, and A. Jamison of Santa Monica, secretary. Mr. Jamison withdrew, and Horace G. Miller of the Fifth Ward was elected in his stead. L. W. Lyle of Wilmington was appointed sergeant-at-arms.

The rules governing the main body were adopted as the regulations of the district convention. On motion, Chairman Weldon appointed John Roberts of Long Beach and J. W. Anderson of Redondo judges, James Hay of Norwalk, J. W. Jordan of Wilmington, L. M. Soyre of Precinct 75 and S. C. Edmiston of Precinct 72A were appointed tellers.

THE CANDIDATES.

George M. Dixon of National was the first to respond when nominations were declared in order. He presented the name of Charles B. Mitchell of Cerritos. He alluded to him as a farmer of experience, who would understand the intricate problems of irrigation. His nomination was seconded by James Hay of Norwalk, E. J. Crandall of Los Angeles and O. B. Wood of Cerritos.

D. G. Holt of Santa Monica was put in nomination by George H. Hutton of Santa Monica, and the nomination was seconded by W. W. White, an old soldier of National.

After Mr. Holt had been put in nomination, there was a long wait, the other candidates all wishing to be the last to have their names presented to the convention. A motion that nominations close brought out a storm of "Nos," and as they died away, former Judge H. C. Gooding came forward to nominate A. E. Davis of the Fifth Ward. He spoke of his able services during the four years that he has held the position, and brought out considerable applause. The nomination was seconded by T. E. Cleland of Florence, J. W. Jordan of Wilmington and Maj. W. H. Bonsall of the Fifth Ward.

John Roberts of Long Beach placed Thomas Stovell of that city in nomination. He pledged his candidate to the removal of the stone lions—"emblems of British sovereignty"—from the approaches to the County Courthouse and the substitution of the California bear and the American eagle. Charles Johnson of National made a seconding speech.

In a very catchy speech, George P. Adams of University placed Peter J. Wilson of that precinct in nomination, and J. Hawk of Wiseburn made a seconding speech. The nomination of the five candidates consumed much time, and it was nearly noon when the convention began voting.

THE FIRST BALLOT.

The first ballot developed some surprises. Davis had 15 less votes than the number conceded to him, and Stovell displayed unexpected strength. One hundred and forty-six votes were cast, 73 being necessary for a choice. The count resulted as follows:

Davis	50
Wilson	33
Stovell	29
Mitchell	23
Holt	14

With the announcement pandemonium broke loose, and the perspiring delegates, hungry and tired, proceeded again to exercise their franchise.

After a turbulent period of canvassing for various candidates, the second ballot was polled as follows:

Davis	50
Wilson	32
Stovell	29
Mitchell	18
Holt	12

STUFFED THE BOX.

As no candidate had received the necessary 71 votes, a third ballot was declared in order. Before voting, the convention took an adjournment to the main hall, which had been vacated by the other conventions. Before announcing the result of the third ballot, Chairman Weldon stated that some delegate had been guilty of ballot-box stuffing, and the ballot would therefore be thrown out.

"Henceforth," said the chairman, "we want a fair, square and proper vote, and we propose to have it."

The declaration met with applause, and the ballot was announced as follows:

Davis	55
Wilson	31
Stovell	31
Mitchell	15
Holt	12
Scattering	1

The fourth ballot was polled with the following result:

Davis	57
Wilson	33
Stovell	32
Holt	12
Mitchell	11

MITCHELL AND HOLT WITHDRAW

Before the next ballot, James Hay of Norwalk withdrew Mitchell and G. H. Hulton of Santa Monica withdrew Holt. With yells and shouts the delegates proceeded to vote on the fifth ballot. It was after 2 o'clock, and the delegates were growing impatient. It was generally thought that there would be a slump in favor of Davis, a prognostication which was partly justified by the result of the ballot. Allegations were made that an attempt was being made to "steer" the Soldiers' Home vote, and, on demand, National Precinct 2 was polled by roll call. The ballot resulted as follows:

Davis	66
Wilson	43
Stovell	36

STOVELL OUT OF THE FIGHT.

Again the almost despairing delegates prepared to vote. Chairman Weldon announced that Stovell of Long Beach had withdrawn from the contest, and the convention went wild. The contest was now between Davis and Wilson. The chairman rapped, pounded and yelled for order, but for a long time without success.

"Gentlemen," shouted the doctor, in a stentorian tone that ricochetted among the rafters, "we will not allow this voting to progress until there is better order. The balloting will begin all over." And the perspiring chairman forthwith emptied the ballot box, which then contained a few votes.

"Talk about umpiring a ball game," remarked the chairman, sotto voce; "it isn't in it."

As the balloting progressed, the air was rent by the chairman yelling "For heaven's sake, boys, keep away from that ballot box," "Please stand back, you've all voted;" "Smith of Wilmington," and other sayings. In reply to the last call, Mr. Smith is seen elbowling his way to the box. "Hurry up," yells the chairman, "another man shy." And so it went.

WILSON WINS OUT.

There was a painful stillness as the ballot was being counted.

Before the announcement could be made, George P. Adams, who was on the stage, went into the air, giving one frenzied yell of "Hur-rah for Uni-ver-sity!" and then the Wilson supporters followed suit. They cavorted about the stage, threw ballots, hats and handkerchiefs into the air. On the shoulders of two of his stalwart supporters, P. J. Wilson, the successful candidate, was borne to the platform. Mr. Davis, who can always be depended on to do the graceful and courteous act, was there before him, and, amid great enthusiasm, moved to make the nomination unanimous.

The deciding ballot resulted as follows:

Wilson	82
Davis	62

Mr. Wilson made a brief speech, thanking the convention for the honor, which by a coincidence came on the thirteenth anniversary of his marriage. If elected in November, he promised to do all in his power for the district and its people. He declared that he was pledged to no one, and to no interest, and would act for the best good of all. At 2:30 o'clock, amid wild cheering, Chairman Weldon declared the Fourth District Convention adjourned.

SECOND DISTRICT.

ALEXANDER WINS OUT.

Supervisor Robert E. Wirsching, after a long struggle for nomination begun many months ago and carefully followed up through caucuses and primaries, met defeat yesterday afternoon at the convention of the Second District.

George Alexander of the Fifth Ward, had made his preliminary fight with equal care and his forces pulled down the palm of victory.

The convention was held on the west side of the hall. By mutual consent, nothing was done for some time, while the various candidates tacked new boards on their fences. This little pause may have decided the fight, for in that interval William Rector of Precinct 39, who had intended to seek the honor, withdrew. The vote from his precinct had been pledged to him, but after his withdrawal went to Alexander, and these eight votes decided the contest.

John F. Hughes of the Fourth Ward was chosen chairman by acclamation, W. H. McGill and H. B. Alexander being made secretaries. On motion it was decided that as each delegate deposited his ballot, his name should be checked by the tally clerks to assure regular and proper voting. Holders of proxies were required to exhibit them before voting.

Five tellers were appointed to have charge of the balloting. They were E. W. Hopkins, H. L. Cornish, A. W. Eanborn, Dr. George Campbell and M. C. Neuner. The duty of scrutinizing and passing on the proxies was delegated to the chairman.

After deciding to dispense with the reading of the official call, and to limit nominating speeches to two minutes, the stage was cleared for the orators.

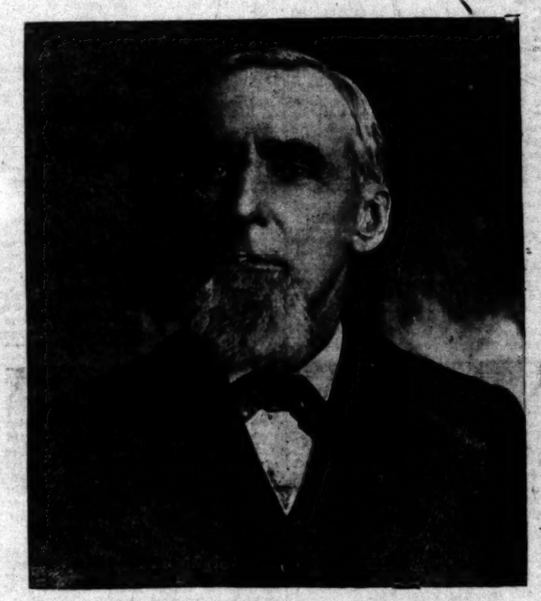
J. W. McKinley arose first and

REPUBLICAN DELEGATES CONCLUDE THEIR WORK OF TWO DAYS AND ADJ

[From a photograph taken expressly for The Times, by Marceau.]

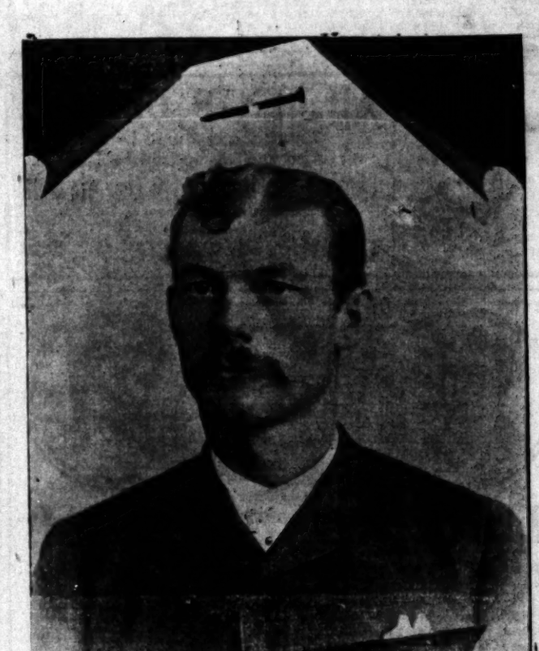
CHARLES E. PATTERSON, NOMINEE FOR SUPERVISOR.

The nominee for Supervisor for the Fifth District, although 51 years of age, has the appearance of a man with whom time has dealt lightly. He is a native of Monroe, Orange county, N. Y., where he grew to manhood. In 1880 he caught the western fever and removed to Texas, where he resided for a few years, but decided to move further westward, and came to California eighteen years ago. He spent five years in the northern part of the State, principally at Santa Rosa, Eureka, Sacramento and San Francisco, and removed to Burbank, where he now resides, thirteen years ago. He is postmaster of Burbank, and has had a good business education. Outside of the position of postmaster and having served as clerk of a school district, he has never held public office, although active in Republican politics.



GEORGE ALEXANDER, NOMINEE FOR SUPERVISOR.

The subject of this sketch, who was honored by his friends yesterday, is a native of Scotland, and came to this country when 10 years of age, with his parents, settling in Chicago, where he earned his first money as a newsboy. He emigrated to Iowa in 1856, and when the call for troops was made in 1861, became a member of the Twenty-fourth Iowa Volunteer Infantry, and served his country in the army for three years, being engaged in several of the worst battles of the rebellion. He returned to Iowa at the close of the war, and engaged in the grain business until 1887, when he came to California and settled in Los Angeles, where he has lived ever since, his residence being one of the many tasteful homes in the southern portion of the city at No. 132 West Twenty-fifth street. During his residence here he has held numerous subordinate public positions, being at present an attaché of the City Street Superintendent's office. He has been an active participant in Republican politics, ever zealous for the success of the nominees of that party, whether national, State or municipal.



PETER J. WILSON, NOMINEE FOR SUPERVISOR.

This successful aspirant for the nomination for Supervisor for the Fourth District, is a native of Wisconson, where he passed his boyhood days. He came to Los Angeles seventeen years ago, and has been in the warehouse and grocery business ever since, being at present the proprietor of the Cash Grocery at University station, with a residence near by, which is a typical happy home, with wife and two daughters. By a coincidence, yesterday was the anniversary of his wedding. He has served as a deputy assessor under Theodore Summerland, and has always been active in politics especially municipal and county.

marched to the platform, followed by the plaudits of those who knew what he was going to do. He first announced that William Rector, to whom he had been pledged, had decided to withdraw from the running, and therefore he was at liberty to support and nominate his personal choice, George Alexander, whose ability and fitness he extolled.

Dr. W. W. Beckett in a brief speech named J. C. Cribb. S. C Hubbell nominated Robert Wirsching, the incumbent, his announcement being greeted with tumultuous cheers. Claiming to speak for the solid Sixth Ward, Edward Leake nominated Charles W. Seaman.

L. C. Gates of the Fifth Ward seconded Alexander's nomination; a scheme to exhibit the candidates on the platform was voted down, and the first ballot was then taken.

THE BALLOTING.

The ballot resulted in a total vote of 200, necessary for a choice 101, distributed as follows:

Wirsching	89
Alexander	43
Cribb	43
Seaman	5

Leon F. Moss, Esq., withdrew Cribb, much to the elation of Alexander's supporters, and Seaman was also withdrawn. This left the contest to the two leaders, and the second ballot resulted in Alexander's selection, with the following vote: Total number of ballots 201; necessary to a choice, 101; Alexander received 107 and Wirsching 94.

The hard-fought combat was over and a big demonstration took place as the nominee was escorted to the stage. Mr. Alexander in a few words thanked the convention, after which an adjournment was taken.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

PATTERSON NOMINATED.

The Fifth Supervisoral District had had a Democratic representative in the County Courthouse for the last two terms, but the Republicans of the district are practically unanimous in the selection of their candidate this year, and it is hoped that with united support the nominee of yesterday's Fifth Supervisoral convention will win.

The convention to nominate a man for the place now held by Supervisor James Hanley, Democrat, was held on the east side of the main floor of the pavilion, and everything went through in lovely style.

Charles E. Patterson of Burbank was the unanimous choice of the convention.

J. A. Donnell of this city, was made chairman and I. H. Preston secretary. J. C Scherer of Glendale placed Mr. Patterson in nomination in a witty and eloquent speech. Seconding speeches were made by representatives of most of the precincts in the district, and the secretary cast the ballot for the convention's choice.

The interesting feature of the meeting was the attempt made just before adjournment to bind the delegates from the district to the support of W. S. Melick of Pasadena for the assembly nomination from the Seventieth District.

After the nomination of the Supervisoral candidate had been effected, H. S. Edney, a journalist from the Antelope Valley, asked that the delegates remain and go to a caucus to consider the Assembly fight.

The caucus was convened, E. F. Scherer being selected as chairman. The promoter of the caucus, H. S. Edney, in a long speech, urged the caucus to endorse and instruct for W. S. Melick.

Strong opposition to this proposition was led by H. A. Pierce, Esq., of Los Angeles, who made a humorous speech, sending many sarcastic shots at the Pasadena contingent.

A motion was made to adjourn but it was voted down. Candidate Melick then arose and stated that as any action taken by the caucus would not be binding on the delegates, he preferred that nothing be done. Therefore the convention caucus adjourned without taking any action.

STATE SENATOR.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The convention of the Thirty-seventh State Senatorial District was called to order by Bradner W. Lee, chairman of the Republican County Central Committee, at 2:35 o'clock, the gathering being held in the main hall.

John G. Mott of the Third Ward was elected chairman by acclamation, and Dr. E. M. Pallette was chosen secretary.

Nominations being called for, Oscar Lawler, the young orator of this city, took the platform and named Fred M. Smith.

L. C. Gates, Esq., who had been a candidate for the vacant State Senatorship, seconded the nomination and moved the nominee's selection by acclamation. In so doing he said:

"I have risen to perform what I believe to be a duty to the people of this district. I am unalterably in support of the Republican party. In this Senatorial campaign I had essayed to lead the fight in this district, but now I take my place in the ranks. I thought I was in the race, but I was left at the post, and never got started. I went into this campaign at the eleventh hour, and twenty minutes afterward found out that I could not win. I have attempted, in so far as I did make a campaign, to make it with all courtesy and like a good Republican."

The nominee took the platform and thanked the delegates, complimenting his rival, L. C. Gates, in high terms. He made one statement that elicited considerable applause, to the effect that he hoped some day to be a representative in the Legislature of the "grand State of Southern California."

ASSEMBLY CONVENTIONS.

PENDLETON IS VICTORIOUS.

The "push" element pulled its chestnuts out of the fire in the Seventy-fourth Assembly District by a very narrow margin. Cornelius W. Pendleton, who had the backing of the railway machine, defeated Hartley Shaw, Esq., on the third ballot.

The convention assembled in the annex on the west side of the pavilion. Bradner W. Lee called the delegates to order. George I. Cochran was elected chairman, H. S. Rollins being chosen secretary.

In a speech delivered in a powerful tone E. H. Freeman placed Cornelius Pendleton in nomination. City Attorney Walter F. Haas followed, nominating Hartley Shaw, son of Judge Lucien Shaw. W. P. Jeffries, in the convention by proxy, placed Dr. W. M. Johnson in nomination. J. J. Nelmore, the colored editor of the Eagle, stated that he had withdrawn from the race. No mention was made of H. F. Bridges, who was supposed to be in the race.

The nominations were declared closed and balloting began. The first vote polled resulted as follows:

Pendleton	76
Shaw	61
Johnson	37

On the next ballot a strong effort was made to throw the Johnson vote to Shaw, but Pendleton ... lead, the vote being:

Pendleton	...
Shaw	...
Johnson	...

Dr. Johnson withdrew ... delegates were very ... cess on the next ... thought Johnson's ... would go to him. ... otherwise, however, ... ceived 101 votes, and ... The ballot showed ... than the number of ... district was entitled ... but as the result would ... by throwing out the ... was allowed to stand ... made a few remarks ... name and finally ... tion.

Walter F. X. Parker ... known Southern Pacific ... much in evidence during ... lings.

SEVENTY-FIFTH ...

Five ballots were ... the dispute in the ... trict. There were four ... the nomination, and ... centered in the fight.

Curtis de Garmo called ... tion to order. James ... chosen chairman and ... ris, secretary. Before ... ness of the convention ... S. A. Bullfinch introduced ... pledging the candidate ... material reduction in ... county officers and for ... all fees in the County ... The part referring to ... salaries was struck ... amended form the ... passed.

Nominations were ... bert de Leur placed ... before the convention ... was named by R. E. ... Krimminger was ... tion by James W. ... Garmo placed the ... ley before the convention. ... The fight was drawn ... Bayley is a resident ... Ward, and the other ... of the Third Ward. ... ward was split over ... but later concentrated ... came off victorious. ... stood:

Bayley	...
Krimminger	...
Cross	...
Carter	...

On the second ballot ... Carter gained strength ...

Bayley	...
Carter	...
Krimminger	...
Cross	...

Before the third ballot ... withdrew and the ... follows:

Bayley	...
Carter	...
Krimminger	...

After the third ballot ... lette withdrew the name ... minger. The fourth ... an even break, each of ... ing candidates receiving ... the next ballot Carter ... votes, his opponent ... Mr. Carter was called ... and made a few ... the convention for the ...

SEVENTY-FIRST ...

After a prolonged ... the convention of the ... sembly District decided ... which to cool off, ... meet again next Monday ... o'clock, in the quiet ... away from the ... and free from the ... metropolitan political ...

The convention assembled ... room in the southeast ... building. Leo A. ... Pasadena called for ... Thompson of Alhambra ... chairman and E. J. ... secretary.

The trio of candidates ... were then named. ... Whittier placed a ... D. Ellis, in nomination; ... neaux of Pomona, ... Howard O. Broughton ... Leo Longley displayed ... his village, South ... inating J. A. ... south jewel of the ... The first ballot was ... niously, although the ... various candidates ... on the voting boxes, ... fair tactics. One ... cast, Broughton getting ... Goodrich 14. After the ... announced, with no ... was withdrawn from ... A second ballot was ... sulted in a vote of ... 49 for Ellis. The ... mer cheered and ... into the air; but the ... made a mathematical ... "kicked." There were ... delegates to the ... and ten of these were ... resented by proxy. ... sentees appeared to ... into the box, and after ... the ballot was declared ... On the third ballot ... had a majority, but ... two votes cast, and ... many. The row was ... charges and ... hurled back and forth.

Finally Frank Rader ... duced a motion to ... day, as there seemed ... of a proper election ... ment that had been ... tion to adjourn to ... was carried by a vote ... was some dispute over ... was figured out that ... absentees, which ... ninety votes cast, ... exact number of ... tion was declared ... rounds of the fight ... Azusa on Monday ...

SEVENTY-SECOND ...

In the Seventy-second ... trict the programme ... culty in landing their ... majority on the first ballot ... moment E. E. Elliott ... was thought to be in the ... cided not to make the ... Savage of San Pedro ... thereafter.

The district includes ... of San Pedro, Redondo ... and the many small ... tending up to the city ... several precincts in the ... of the city. The entire ... few exceptions, supported ... dro candidate.

W. H. Bonsall of the ... selected chairman and ... also of the Fifth Ward ... following judges and ... pointed: Welcome ... Thomas Lloyd, J. ... city; L. Kahn, ... Sherman, Long Beach; ... W. H. Savage was ... ination by Dr. W. ... Pedro, and seconded ... Terminal, and C. W. ... Garret of Los Angeles ... Gardena was named by ... fellow-townsman. ... Esq., nominated W. H. ... wood. Will J. Hess ...

CONVENTION NOTES.

ANTI-SALOON FIGHTERS.

The successful fights made against ... Davis and Wirsching by op... candidates received the support ... State Anti-Saloon League, owing ... fact that the two incumbents re... voted to grant a saloon license ... Pasadena, contrary to the ... made by the anti-saloon ...

... gates in the convention yester... handed a circular, which, ... making of the North Pasadena ... question, stated:

District Attorney's office in... the Board of Supervisors that ... their vote the North Pasadena ... per had no vested right, and ... was optional with the board to ... license or to refuse it. ... these circumstances, and with ... erior, they deliberately granted ... ense. They turned their backs ... good citizens of North Pasa... those will they know, and know ... to be the party majority, and ... to the saloon pressure upon a ... ality which their own legal ad... did them not exist. ... position of the State Anti-Sa... league is this: The league is ... to more than six thousand ... ators to its funds to spend those ... in the protection of every vot... precinct in Southern California in ... ployment of local self-government ... saloon question. It takes no ... hand in politics. It favors no ... ter candidate of any party. It ... opposes those two men because ... have made their record by a de... decision against a majority and ... of the saloon interests. He ... rs belong to all parties. It is ... party. It knows no parties. It ... ses in all legitimate ways the ... tion and election of any man ... to lean toward the saloon to so ... extent as to refuse local self-... ment. He may drink, he may ... saloon to get his drink. We ... him to lean toward us. We ... that he do not lean toward the ... This is the second step taken ... the men whose names stand ... head of this sheet."

TOWNSHIP CONVENTIONS.

District Attorney of this county ... yet been able to determine ... the terms of office of certain ... of the peace and township con... expire this year or not. How... the Republican County Central ... ittee advised that township con... be held to nominate such of... to provide for a contingent va... The delegates were too wearied ... day to attend to those nomina... and township conventions will ... ed for a subsequent date if the ... t Attorney decides that vacan... ist. The ratification of these pos... ture nominations was provided ... terday in the blanket resolution ... by the general convention, ap... all nominees of sub-conven... ready named or hereafter to be ... ted.

... me quarters it is thought that ... tices of the peace will be re... in Catalina, El Monte, Long ... and South Pasadena townships, ... township constables will have ... nated for Cahuenga, Ballona ... Monica. If it is determined ... positions must be filled, the ... in the townships affected will ... together again and make a ...

FAVORING FRANCHISES.

... olution favoring the amend... the State laws relative to the ... of franchises, which we first ... to the General Committee on ... and by that committee or... referred to the various Assembly ... conventions, was fathered by ... Moyne Wills of the Second ... In the Seventieth, Seventy-... Seventy-fourth and Seventy-... Assembly District conventions it ... adopted without opposition. In ... Seventy-second District convention ... laid on the table, being vigor... opposed by the railroad element ... gathering, and not being gener... understood by the delegates. The ... ates in the Seventy-first District ... too busy in their futile effort to ... a nomination to pay any atten... the resolution, and it will come ... Azusa on Monday, when that ... tion reassembles. The resolu... reads as follows:

... reas, the present condition of ... statutes of this State render the ... of competing lines of railroad ... granting of franchises there... certain, and by their terms en... rested parties to prevent and ... such improvements; and, ... the prosperity and welfare ... citizens demand and will be ... enhanced by the building of ... railroads and street-car ... Now, therefore, be and it is ...

...olved, that it is the sentiment of ...vention that the statutes of this ... should be so amended as to en... age and render assistance to those ... are willing to invest their capital ... building of such competing lines. ... the nominees of this convention ... pledged to render their individual ... joint assistance in having the laws ... the State so amended as to encour... foster and assist the building of ... lines, and to take away from the ... ing interests the power, under ... ook of the law, to delay and pre... the same."

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

PRECINCT MEMBERS NAMED.

... members of the new Republican ... Central Committee, as deter... by precinct elections in the con... on yesterday, is in accordance with ... appended list. The committee will ... for organization at the rooms of ... Union League, No. 130½ South

to Shaw, but Pendleton still led, the vote being:

Pendleton .....
Shaw .....
Johnson .....

Dr. Johnson withdrew, and delegates were very hopeful ces on the next ballot, thought Johnson's remai would go to him. The otherwise, however, as Pe ceived 101 votes, and Shaw The ballot showed that than the number of votes to district was entitled had but as the result would not by throwing out the votes was allowed to stand. made a few remarks withd name and finally settling tion.

Walter F. X. Parker and known Southern Pacific much in evidence during the lings.

SEVENTY-FIFTH DIST

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Curtis de Garmo called the tion to order. James W. L chosen chairman and Howard ria, secretary. Before the n name of the convention was S. A. Bullinch introduced a pledging the candidate to material reduction in the county officers and for the all fees in the County Asse The part referring to coun salaries was struck out, amended form the resolu passed.

Nominations were called bert de Lour placed Capt. before the convention; W was named by R. H. F. Krienstiger was placed tion by James W. Long. Garmo placed the name of ley before the convention.

The fight was drawn on Bayley is a resident of Ward, and the other three of the Third Ward. At fir ward was split over its but later concentrated on ames off victorious. The stood:

Bayley .....
Krienstiger .....
Cress .....
Carter .....

On the second ballot both Carter gained strength, as

Bayley .....
Carter .....
Krienstiger .....
Cress .....

Before the third ballot withdrew and the voting was as follows:

Bayley .....
Carter .....
Krienstiger .....

After the third ballot Dr. J. I. lotte withdrew the name of J. R. Schaper. The fourth ballot was even break, each of the two leading candidates receiving 8 votes. The next ballot Carter was given 10 votes, his opponent receiving Mr. Carter was called to the and made a few remarks, the convention for the hear

SEVENTY-FIRST

After a prolonged and hot the convention of the Seventy- sembly District decided to which to cool off, and meet again next Monday at o'clock, to the quiet village away from the confusion of and free from the blandishments metropolitan political machine.

The convention assembled room in the southeast corner building. Leo A. Longley Pasadena called for order, and Thompson of Alhambra was chairman and E. J. Fleming secretary.

The trio of candidates h were then named. John P. Whittier placed a fellow-town D. Ellis, in nomination; F. J. neaux of Pomona, did the Howard O. Broughton of Pa Leo Longley displayed a pos his village, South Pasadena, pledging the candidate to w material reduction in the county officers and for the all fees in the County Assessor. The part referring to coun salaries was struck out, amended form the resolu passed.

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Carter .....
Krienstiger .....
Cress .....

Before the third ballot Dr.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, Sept. 19.

WE'RE IN THE SWIM. It will be of interest to note the share which American capital will have in the advances which are sure to be made to China when the trouble there is settled. That country will inevitably borrow money, says the American Banker, not only to defray the cost of the war and the damage which it has involved, but it will also be called upon to pay a heavy indemnity to the various powers. If the powers do not take part compensation in territory, this indemnity will be all the heavier. In accordance with precedent, these loans will be guaranteed by the participating governments, excepting, possibly, the United States. At any rate, there will be great eagerness among capitalists to invest their money in a security which will pay an attractive rate of interest, and will at the same time be thoroughly secure. And although the Chinese debt has experienced a rapid augmentation in recent years, the country is rich enough to assume a greater burden than it now carries. Especially will it be possible to assume larger financial responsibilities with its fiscal machinery under European direction. This is the secret of the high credit which Chinese securities enjoy, as it is also the secret of the excellent credit which Egypt enjoys that its finances are managed under English supervision.

COMMERCIAL.

TOMATO PRICES. The prices of tomatoes, spot on future in a jobbing way is fixed at 90 cents per dozen.

LAMP CHIMNEYS DEARER. Eastern manufacturers almost without exception have put the price of lamp chimneys up 10 to 15 cents per dozen.

CANNED CORN. The Grocery World has this to say of the canned corn market: "Corn is in continued good request, spot as well as forward delivery. Packing for the week in this State has not been as satisfactory as conditions indicated a week ago. The yield per acre in the majority of instances is much smaller than has ever been known in the history of Maryland."

POOR PEANUT CROP. The peanut crop of this section is small and poor. Reports to the same effect come from the East. The acreage in Virginia is twenty-five to thirty-five less than usual, and the crop is poor. High prices are expected to prevail.

CANNED SALMON. Eastern buyers are getting awake to the fact that there will not be enough canned salmon this year to go round. Those merchants here who took the advice of this paper, and bought salmon, find that they have what is good property.

WHERE ARE CURRANTS GOING? All previous estimates regarding the prices at which currants would sell this fall and winter have probably fallen short of the actual condition. The price has scarcely halted in its steady march upward, says the Grocery World, and the present quotation on about the lowest grade of currants obtainable is 9½ cents f.o.b., at the port of entry, this being by the largest quantities. There are practically no fancy spot currants about.

The price quoted above is on old goods now on spot. New currants are ruling higher than that, although no business is being done at the prices quoted. The cables from Greece scarcely indicate what the prices on the new crop will be. It is certain that the crop will be only 45,000 tons as against 145,000 tons in normal years. The holders on the other side are asking a price on provincial currants—the lowest grade—which would figure out about 10 cents per pound here in a large way. No trade is being done on that basis, however, and no sales of new currants will be made until the old stock is worked off. This will probably be in a very short time now.

The retailer will probably have to charge pretty close to 15 or 18 cents per pound for currants this year.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

ORGANIZATION. The retail grocers of San Francisco are moving for a closer organization for mutual benefit. William Haas of Haas Bros., a merchant of long and wide experience, and recognized for his wisdom, writes thus concerning the effort of the retailers.

"Gentlemen—I have always been a strong advocate of co-operation on the principle that 'in union there is strength.' Every merchant, be he a manufacturer, a jobber or a retailer, is entitled to a reasonable profit on the goods which he sells. In order to assure the retailer an adequate advance over the cost of his goods, it is without question perfectly legitimate, if not absolutely necessary, to have an understanding with his brother retailers as to 'selling prices.'

"I am sure that our jobbers will gladly work with our retailers upon these lines, and in fact do everything in their power toward promoting agreeable and closer business relations between them.

"It goes without saying that I am in hearty sympathy with such a movement, and will of course, support it to the utmost of my ability."

BEATING GERMANY ON PENCILS. An English consular report says: The German pencil export trade, in which Bavaria, with her important pencil factories in Nuremberg, is largely interested, has of late suffered severely from the competition of large American pencil makers in New York and elsewhere, some of which turn out from 12,000 to 18,000 gross per week. In spite of efforts in Germany to cheapen the production so as to counteract the effect of heavy import duties in foreign countries, the common and medium qualities of German pencils are said to be almost driven from the field. The ingenious labor-saving machinery of the American factories, and their large scale of production, and especially the cheaper price at which they can supply themselves with cedar wood, are the chief causes for the failure of German makers to hold their own. The fact is, Germany is practically dependent on the United States of America for her supply of suitable cedar wood, and has put up with what she can get, the Americans keeping the best for themselves; then, again, comes the cost of transport of the timber and an import duty on arrival in Germany. In 1898 1322 tons of cedar wood, worth $1,175,600 were imported.

Citrus-fruit Shipments.

There were shipped out from Southern California Tuesday one car of oranges and six carloads of lemons, making a total for the season of all citrus fruit of 17,653 carloads.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

Provisions have grown firmer this week with slight advances in some brands of bacon and of pure lard.

Dried fruits and nuts are very quiet. Apricots are nearly all gone forward. The weather is excellent for curing prunes, raisins and nuts. Eastern buyers are more disposed to take hold of prunes at the following range of prices, as fixed by the association, whose headquarters are in San Francisco:

Sizes.	Dist. No. 2.	Dist. No. 1.	Dist. No. 2.
40-50	7	6½	6½
50-60	5½	5½	5
60-70	3½	3½	3½
70-80	3½	3½	3
80-90	2½	2½	2½
90-100	2½	2½	2
100-120	2	2	2

Four sizes.

60-100	3	2½	2½

District No. 1—Napa, Sonoma, Contra Costa, Alameda counties.

District No. 2—All counties outside districts Nos. 1 and 3.

District No. 3—Santa Clara, San Mateo, San Benito counties.

These prices are for prunes in sacks. For prunes packed in fifty-pound boxes add ¼ of a cent, and ½ cent for twenty-five-pound boxes.

The prices on raisins have not yet been fixed.

Almonds are very scarce, and hold for outside prices. For walnuts the local associations have set the price at 10 cents for softshells and 9½ cents for standard, seconds in each case ½ cent less.

Flour is firm, as are all feedstuffs in sympathy with corn and wheat.

Live stock and fresh meats are unchanged, firm.

Eggs are firm, nearly all merchants quoting fresh ranch at 24 cents, with sales reported up to 25 cents, where the market seems likely to go in a day or two. Eastern are 20 cents for standard and 22 cents extra select.

Butter is firm, but no higher. Some local tub is going on the market at 24 cents. It comes out of cold storage and was packed along the coast early in the season.

Potatoes are firm at $1; the general market for choice, and up to $1.2) for fancy. Rivers sell at 80 to 85 cents, and common local at 85 to 95 cents. Sweets are firm at $1.50 to $1.75.

Onions are steady. There are few changes in the vegetable list.

Fresh fruit is without notable change. The run is on apples and grapes, for which the demand is active.

Poultry is doing a little better. Ducks glut the market. Large, fat turkeys are wanted at 14 to 15 cents, alive. Doves are not coming in freely. Plover bring $1 to $1.25, and rabbits the same price.

Hay is firm, the market being based on lay-down cost from the north.

Beans more steady, but are firmly held. No new crop is shown on the market yet.

Provisions.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 12½; fancy wrapped, 14½@14¾; plain wrapped, 14; half cured, 12½@12¾; medium, 9¾; Gilbert bacon, 12; Winchester, 12½@14; 40's, 12½@13; Orange Blossom, 13½.

HAMS — Per lb., Rex brand, 13½; Gilbert hams, 11½; picnic, 8½@9; Winchester, 13@13½; 40's, 14; Orange Blossom, 13½.

DRY SALT PORK — Per lb., clear bellies, 10½@11½; short clears, 10½@10¾; clear backs, 10.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 14½@15½.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., 16.00; rump butts, 17.00.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 16.50. LARD — Per lb., in tierces, Rex, pure leaf, 7½; Ivory compound, 7½; Sunset, special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 9½; Silver Leaf, 9½; White Label, 9½; Orange Blossom, 8½.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 2.25; London Layers, per box, 2.00; loose, 6 per lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 7@8.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice to fancy, 5½@10; apricots, 7½@8; peaches, fancy, 6½; choice, 7½@8; pears, fancy evaporated, 15@15; plums, pitted, choice, 10@12; prunes, choice, 6; fancy, 6¾; dates, 5@6; figs, Smyrna, California, white, per lb., 4@7; California black, per lb., 4; California, fancy layers, per lb., 10@12; imported Smyrna, 12½@25.

NUTS—Walnuts, paper-shells, 10½; fancy softshells, 10; hardshells, 9; almonds, softshells, 10½@12; paper-shells, 12@13½; hardshells, 10@11; pecans, Texas, 13@14; Brazils, 9@10; pignons, 8@9; peanuts, eastern, raw, 6@6½; roasted, 7@7½; California, 5.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.00@5.50.

CATTLE—Steers, 3.25@4.00 for prime steers; 3.00@3.75 for cows and heifers; calves, 4.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00@5.00; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 2.50@2.75.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 3.60@4.00; northern, 3.50@4.00; Eastern Pillsbury's Best, 4.25; other brands, 4.25@4.00; Oregon, graham flour, 1.80 per 100 lbs.

FEED—Ground barley, 20.00; rolled barley, 20.00; cracked corn, 1.25 per cwt.

Hides, Wool and Tallow.

HIDES—Dry basis, 12½ per lb.; kip, 10; calf, 12½; bulls, 6½.

WOOL—Per lb., 9@16.

TALLOW—Per lb., No. 1, 3½; No. 2, 3.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 6½@7½.

VEAL—7½@8.

MUTTON—Per lb., 7½; lamb, 8½@9.

PORK—Per lb., 8¾.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 24@25; eastern, 20; extra select, 22.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, per square, 27½; southern creamery, 26@25½; dairy, 47½@50; other creamery, 22½@25; eastern in tubs, fancy, per lb., 25; local tub, 24.

CHEESE—Per lb., eastern, full cream, 12@13½; Coast, full cream, 11@11½; Anchor, 13½; Dowsey, 13½; Young America, 14½; 3-lb. hand, 15; domestic Swiss, 16@17; imported Swiss, 28@29; Edam, 1 doz. per doz., 6.00@8.00.

Honey and Beeswax.

HONEY — Per lb., in comb, frames, 14@16; strained, 7@9½.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 24@28.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per cental: Choice to fancy, 1.00 @1.25; Silver Burbank, 85@95; sweet, per cental, 1.00@1.25.

ONIONS—New, per cental, 1.00@1.10.

VEGETABLES—Per crate, 50@1.00; cabbage, 75@80; carrots, 35 per cwt.; green chiles, 4@5 per lb.; dry chiles, per string, 50@60; lettuce, per dozen, 20@25; parsley, 20@1.00, per cwt.; green peas, 6@8; radishes, per dozen bunches, 20@25; string beans, 3½; turnips, 85 per cwt.; garlic, 4@5; tomatoes, 25@30; summer squash, per box, 35@40; asparagus, per lb., 5@7; cucumbers, per box, 40@50; rhubarb, per box, 50@75; egg plant, per lb., 3½@4½; green corn, per sack, 1.25; melons, per dozen, 1.00@1.50; cantaloupes, 60@1.50; Lima beans, per lb., 5½; celery, per dozen, 50@60.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 2.50@3.25; green, 1.50@2.00.

ORANGES—Per box, Valencias, 2.50@3.50.

LIMES—Per 100, 1.00.

COCOANUTS—Per doz., 50@1.00.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 4.00@5.00.

STRAWBERRIES—Fancy, 10?; common, 6@7½.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 2.00@3.50.

BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 50@75.

RASPBERRIES—Per box, 10@12.

PEACHES—Per box, 50@60.

FIGS—Per lb., 3½@4.

APPLES—New, per box, 1.00@1.10.

GRAPES—Per box, 80@; Cornichon, 1.00@ 1.25.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers pay live weight for stock in good condition: $@$ per lb. for poultry; ducks, 7@8; for turkeys, 14@15; geese, 9@9.

GAME—Doves, per doz., 75@1.00; plover, 1.00 @1.25; rabbits, 1.00@1.25.

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 1.00.

OATS—Jobbing price, 1.45@1.50.

CORN—1.20.

HAY—New barley, 12.00@15.00; alfalfa, 10.00 @11.00; loose, 9.50@10.50.

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.20.

Beans.

BEANS — Pink, 2.25@2.35; Lima, 5.75@4.00; white, small, 4.00@4.25; Lady Washington, 2.50 @2.65.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

SHARES AND MONEY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Quite severe inroads were made in prices before trading stopped on the Stock Exchange today, and a level was established considerably lower than the low point touched on Saturday before the rally. The difficulty of continuing the advance which was felt yesterday and which was emphasized today, prompted the traders to take their profits and today's advance was wiped out. After the speculative holdings which had been bought on Monday were dislodged, the market came to a pause and rallied slightly, but it was attacked again in the last hour and sold vigorously by the bears, making the closing easy and near to the low level of the day. As a result, a long list of prominent railroad and miscellaneous stocks show net losses ranging from 1 to 3 points. Tennessee coal at one time was four points down, closing with a net loss of 2¾, due to the heavy decrease in August surplus earnings. Tobacco suffered to the extent of 2¾. The announcement of advances in the price of coal was an unfavorable factor in the market.

The money market continued firm in tone and call loans commanded 2 per cent. at the maximum. Although there was a slight reaction in sterling exchange, it is thought probable that further gold will go out. The subtreasury paid further drafts today on gold deposited on the Pacific Coast, and the disbursement for pensions was also large.

Bonds were active but the market was weak. Total sales, par value, $1,065,000. United States refunding 2s, when issued, and the 5s declined ¼ in the bid price.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison ...	26½	Union Pac. pfd ..	72¾
Atchison pfd ..	65¾	Wabash ...	6¾
Balto. & Ohio ..	93¾	Wabash pfd ...	11
Can. Pacific ...	8½	W. & L. E. ...	4¾
Canada Southern	48	W. & L. E. 2d pfd	12
Chesa. & Ohio ..	27	Wis. Central ...	12
Chicago G. W. ..	19¾	Third Ave. ...	109½
C. B. & Q. ...	121½	Express Cos—	
Chic. Ind. & L. ..	22	Adams ...	134
C. I. & L. pfd ...	82	American ...	150
Chic. & E. Ill. ...	99¾	United States ...	45
Chic. & N. W. ...	150½	Wells Fargo ...	122
C. R. I. & P. ...	104¾	Miscellaneous—	
C. C. C. & St. L.	58	Am. Cot. Oil ...	21¾
Colo. Southern ...	5¾	Am. Cot. Oil pfd.	83
Colo. So. 1st pfd.	39	Am. Malting ...	4½
Colo. So. 2d pfd.	15	Am. Malt. pfd...	22
Del. & Hudson ...	107	Am. S. & R. ...	28¾
Del. L. & W. ...	171½	Am. S. & R. pfd.	89½
Denver & R. G. ..	18¾	Am. Spirits ...	1½
D. & R. G. pfd...	68	Am. Spirits pfd..	17
Erie ...	19¾	Am. Sugar ...	129
Erie 1st pfd ...	42	Am. Sugar pfd...	115
Erie 2d pfd ...	32	Am. Tin Plate ...	14¾
G. Northern pfd .	154¾	Am. Tin Plate pfd	45¾
Hocking Coal ...	14	Am. S. & W. ...	12
Hocking Valley ..	31½	Am. S. & W. pfd.	72
Illinois Central ..	119	Am. T. Plate ...	46¾
Iowa Central ...	18	Am. T. Plate pfd...	94
Iowa Cen. pfd ...	42	Am. Tobacco ...	134
Lake Erie & W. ..	20	Am. Tob. pfd...	137
L. E. & W. pfd..	78½	Anaconda M. Co.	43¾
Lake Shore ...	209	Brooklyn R. T. ...	64¾
Louisville & N. ..	70¾	Colo. Fuel & I. ...	31
Manhattan L. ...	87¾	Cont'l Tobacco ...	28¾
Met. St. Ry. ...	148	Cont'l Tob. pfd...	75¾
Mex. Central ...	10¾	Fed. Steel ...	42
Minn. & St. L. ...	43¾	Fed. Steel pfd ...	82¾
M. & St. L. pfd..	92	Gen. Electric ...	137
Missouri Pacific ..	43¾	Glucose Sugar ...	49¾
Mobile & Ohio ..	35	Glucose Sug. pfd..	94¾
M. K. & T. ...	9	Int'l Paper ...	17¾
M. K. & T. pfd...	29¾	Int'l Paper pfd...	63
N. J. Central ...	129	Laclede Gas ...	90
N. Y. Central ...	137¾	Nat'l Biscuit ...	42
Norfolk & W. ...	35¾	Nat'l B. pfd...	85
N. & W. pfd...	74¾	Nat'l Lead ...	17¾
Northern Pacific ..	50	Nat'l L. pfd...	90
N. Pacific pfd ...	70¾	Nat'l Steel ...	34¾
Or. Ry. & Nav. ..	42	Nat'l S. pfd ...	84
O. R. & N. pfd...	78	N. Y. Air B. ...	121
Pennsylvania ...	128¾	N. American ...	14¾
Reading ...	25	Pacific Coast ...	39¾
Reading 1st pfd...	58¾	P. Coast 1st pfd...	75
Read. 2d pfd...	46	P. Coast 2d pfd...	64¾
Rio Grande W. ..	24	Pacific Mail ...	39¾
Rio G. W. pfd...	69	People's Gas ...	97¾
St. L. & S. F. ...	9¾	P. Steel Car ...	37¾
St. Louis 1st pfd.	65	P. S. Car pfd...	71¾
St. Louis 2d pfd.	32¾	Pull. Pal. Car...	182
St. Louis S. W. ..	11¾	S. Rope & T. ...	4¾
St. L. S. W. pfd.	30¾	Sugar ...	115¾
St. Paul ...	112¾	Sugar pfd ...	114
St. Paul pfd ...	171	Tenn. Coal & I. ..	63¾
St. P. & Omaha ..	110	U. S. Leather ...	19
Southern Pacific ..	32	U. S. Leather pfd..	74
So. Railway ...	12	U. S. Rubber ...	28¾
So. Railway pfd..	53¾	U. S. Rub. pfd...	92
Tex. & Pacific ...	11¾	Union Pacific ...	41¾
Union Pacific ...	41¾	U. S. C. & St. L.	94

Total sales, 259,600 shares.

Bond List.

U. S. R. 2s reg..104		N. Y. Cen. lsts..108½	
U. S. R. 2s coup.104½		N. J. Cen. 5s....112¾	
U. S. 4s reg....130		N. Pacific 3s....72¾	
U. S. 4s coup....130		N. Pacific 4s....104¾	
C. R. I. & P. ...	104¾	N. Y. C. & S. L. 107	
C. C. C. & St. L. 88		N. Y. C. con. 4s. 106	
Colo. Southern ...	5¾	Or. Nav. lsts....109	
Colo. So. 1st pfd...	39	Or. Nav. 4s....102¾	
Colo. So. 2d pfd...	15	Or. S. Line 5s...122	
Del. & Hudson ...	107	O. S. L. con. 5s. 114	
Del. L. & W. ...	171½	Read. Gen. 4s....85¾	
Denver & R. G. ..	18¾	Rio G. W. lsts...	76
D. & R. G. pfd...	68	St. L. & I. M. 5s.115¾	
Erie ...	19¾	St. Louis 4s....122	
Erie 1st pfd ...	42	St. P. Consols....136½	
Erie 2d pfd ...	32	St. P. C. & P. 5s.116¾	
G. Northern pfd .	154¾	St. P. C. & P. 5s.119¼	
Hocking Coal ...	14	So. Pacific 4s....95	
Hocking Valley ..	31½	So. Railway 5s....108¾	
Illinois Central ..	119	S. Rope & T. 6s... 67	
Iowa Central ...	18	Tex. & P. lsts...110¾	
Iowa Cen. pfd ...	42	Tex. & P. 2d....74	
Lake Erie & W. ..	20	U. Pacific 4s....104¾	
L. E. & W. pfd...	78½	Wabash lsts 119¼	
Lake Shore ...	209	Wabash 2nds 111¾	
Louisville & N. ..	70¾	W. Shore 4s....117¾	
Manhattan L. ...	87¾	W. Central lsts. 85¼	
Met. St. Ry. ...	148	Va. Centuries ...100½	
Mex. Central ...	10¾	Bonds—	
Minn. & St. L. ...	43¾	Atchison 4s ...	99
M. & St. L. pfd...	92	Atchison 4s A. & C.	94
Missouri Pacific ..	43¾	Mininr shares—	
Mobile & Ohio ..	35	Adventure ...	2¾
M. K. & T. ...	9	Amal. M. Co. ...	87
M. K. & T. pfd...	29¾	Atlantic ...	25¾
N. J. Central ...	129	Boston & Mont.	310
N. Y. Central ...	137¾	Butte & Boston ...	21
Norfolk & W. ...	35¾	Butte & Hecla ...	700
N. & W. pfd...	74¾	Centennial ...	15
Northern Pacific ..	50	Franklin ...	12
N. Pacific pfd ...	70¾	Humboldt ...	25
Or. Ry. & Nav. ..	42	Osceola ...	64½
O. R. & N. pfd...	78	Parrott ...	29½
Pennsylvania ...	128¾	Quincy ...	140
Reading ...	25	S. F. Copper ...	41¾
Reading 1st pfd...	58¾	Tamarack ...	225
Read. 2d pfd...	46	Utah Mining ...	30¼
Rio G. W. ...	24	Winona ...	2¾
Rio G. W. pfd...	69	Wolverine ...	39

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Money—		Union Pacific	34¾
Call loans ..	2½@3	West End	91¾
Time loans ...	4 @4½	W. Electric	4¾
Stocks—		Wis. Central	11¾
A. T. & S. F. ...	26	Bonds—	
Atchison pfd	65¾	Atchison 4s	99
Am. Sugar	129	Atchison 4s A. & C.	94
Am. Sugar pfd...	115	Mininr shares—	
Bell Tel.	340	Adventure	2¾
Boston & Alb. ...	245	Amal. M. Co. ...	87
Boston Elev. ...	147¼	Atlantic	25¾
Boston & Maine.	183½	Boston & Mont.	310@312
Butte & Q.	45¾	Butte & Boston ...	21
Dom. Coal	38	Butte & Hecla ...	700@745
D. Coal pfd	110	Centennial	15
Fed. Steel	42	Franklin	12
Fed. S. pfd.....	82¾	Humboldt	25
Fitchburg pfd ...	132¾	Osceola	64½
Gen. Electric ...	137	Parrott	29½
Gen. Elec. pfd...	130½	Quincy	140
Edi. Elec. Ill....	271	S. F. Copper ...	41¾
Mex. Central ...	10¾	Tamarack	225
Mich. Tel.	93	Utah Mining	30¼
N. E. G. & C. ...	19½	Winona	2¾
Old Colony	190	Wolverine	39
Old Dominion ...	17		

Money, Sterling Exchange, Etc.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Money—On call firmer at 1½@3 per cent.; last loan, 1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange—Easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.87@4.87¼ for demand and at 4.83½@4.83¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 4.84@4.84½ and 4.88; commercial bills, 4.82@4.83.

Silver—Certificates, 62¾@63¾; bar silver, 63¾; Mexican dollars, 48¾.

Bonds—Government, weak; State, inactive; railroads, irregular.

Consols and Silver.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Consols, 96 7-16; silver, 25¾.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Wheat was strong and active all day. To start with there was the Liverpool advance of 5½d, coupled with the Northwest and a reported advance of 10c per barrel in flour. Under the influence of this news October opened 5c higher at 73 to 73¼, but to be higher that there was a prospect of the weather clearing in the spring wheat country, a reaction to 71¾ followed. After this flip the tone was strong. Northwest markets were strong and there was liberal buying here for thy Northwest account. Receipts were small at Northwestern points and the buying was reported to be largely for country people. There were numerous reports of serious damages from rain. Offerings in the pits were light and the outside demand, coupled with the efforts of shorts to get out of harm's way, resulted in a sharp advance. October sold up to 79c, receded a little and then bulged further to 79¾ and closed 1¼@1¾ over yesterday at 79¾.

Corn was dull, but in sympathy with wheat, October closed unchanged at 35¾.

Oats were dull and featureless, closing unchanged at 21¼@21¾.

Provisions were irregular, the tone at the end being rather heavy and with the exception of lard, lower in the price. The opening was higher on an advance at Liverpool and a steady to strong hog market, but the support of shorts was lacking and as longs disposed of some of their holdings the price eased off. October pork closed 17½c under yesterday, lard 2½c higher and ribs 5@7½c lower.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat, No. 2—	Closing.
September	79¾
October	79¾
November	80¾
Corn, No. 2—	
September	40¼
October	39¾
November	36¾
Oats, No. 2—	
September	21¾@21¾
October	21¾@21¾
November	21¾

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was firm; No. 3 spring wheat, 78; No. 2 red, 79½@80; No. 2 corn, 40¾@42; No. 2 yellow, 40½@40¾; No. 2 oats, 21¾@22¾; No. 2 white, 25½@25¾; No. 3 white, 23¾@25; No. 2 rye, 53½; good feeding barley, 29½; fair to choice malting, 40@53; No. 1 flax seed, 1.58; No. 1 Northwestern, 1.59½; prime timothy seed, 4.10@4.30; mess pork, per barrel, 11.45@12.00; lard, per 100 lbs., 7.07½@7.10; short ribs sides, (loose,) 7.55@7.75; dry salted shoulders, (boxed,) 6¾@6¾; short clear sides, (boxed,) 8.00@8.15; whisky, basis of high wines, 1.26; sugars, cut loaf, unchanged; clover, contract grade, 10.00.

Grain Movements.

Articles—	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	29,000	13,000
Wheat, bushels	291,000	211,000
Corn, "	817,000	426,000
Oats, "	513,000	168,000
Rye, "	17,000	1,000
Barley, "	85,000	10,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was dull; creamery, 15@21; dairy, 13@18; cheese, firm; 10¼@11¼; eggs, firm; fresh, 16.

The Cotton Trade.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The local cotton trade again manifested little sympathy in the efforts of the foreign bulls to create a fresh speculative enthusiasm on the long side, and in response to firm cables our market easily moved up 1 to 10 points on the call. The advance was followed by a sharp turn and a subsequent rapid decline which carried prices off 15 to 23 points from the opening bids. Shortly after midday the market changed completely and prices worked steadily upward. Speculation became less active as the session progressed and gradually narrowed to professional operations. The market was finally very steady with prices 3 to 5 points net lower.

MANCHESTER (Eng.,) Sept. 19.—The Guardian says that at present there is not the slightest prospect of a prolonged scarcity of cotton. The paper adds: "Whatever the American crop, it is certain the consumption of American cotton will be substantially reduced by the abundance of the Indian crop now approaching maturity."

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 19.—Cotton, uplands, 6 29-32d.

The Wool Trade.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow: "While there have been more manufacturers represented in the wool market the past week, the volume of trade has been again small. Consumers are evidently not yet ready to lay in any large line of wool, but they are closely watching the situation and some of them are taking sample bags which, it is hoped, will develop into some fair-sized sales before long. The wool trade as a whole is not making concessions to amount to anything, as most of those who have been holding their wool until the present time are generally determined to continue to hold until after the election. Prices on the whole may be quoted steady, general expectation in the trade being that there is not likely to be much more of a decline here. Sales of the week in Boston amount to 1,650,000 pounds domestic and 55,500 pounds foreign, making a total of 1,705,500 pounds against a total of 1,455,000 pounds for the previous week and a total of 9,152,600 for the corresponding week last year. Sales since January 1 amounted to 94,666,500 pounds, against 209,043,100 for the corresponding time last year."

California Fruit Sales.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Porter Bros. Company sold California fruit today: Grapes—Muscats, 1.50 to 2.35 per single crate and 4.00 for clusters; Tokays, 2.15 per double crate, 1.10 to 1.80 single crate, and clusters 1.35; Morocco, 2.20 to 2.60 single crate; Cornichon, 1.60. Pears—Doy du Comice, 1.65 to 1.75 half box; Bartletts, 85. Peaches—Salways, 50 to 90; George's Late, 75. Plums—Coe's Golden Red, 65.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Porter Bros. Company sold California fruit today: Grapes—Tokays, 2.30 double crate and 65 to 1.40 single crate; clusters, 90 to 1.65; Morocco, 1.65 single crate; assorted, 1.15 to 1.50; Muscats, 70 to 1.30. Pears—Bartletts, 1.30 to 1.75 box and 75 to 1.15 half box. Peaches—Salways, 50 to 70; White Heath, 25.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Earl Fruit Company sales California fruit: Grapes, Tokays, 90@1.65, single crates. Pears, Bartletts, 1.60@2.00 box. Peaches, Ames late, free, 85@90 box; yellow, free, 85@90; lemon cling, average 61; Levi cling, 45@75; Salways, 50@1.60. Prunes, Italians, 35@1.05, single crate; Silver, 60@90; Hungarian, average 65. Twelve cars fruit sold today.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Earl Fruit Company sales California fruit: Tokays, 75@1.15 single crate; Malagas, 1.00@1.25 clusters, average 1.40. Pears, Bartletts, 1.70@2.60 boxes, 1.10@1.25 half boxes; D'Anjou, 1.10@1.45; D'Comice, 1.80@1.45; Howell, 1.50@2.05; Oncondago, 1.10@1.75. Peaches, Salways, 85@90 box. Prunes, Italians, 65@70, single crate; Hungarians, 55@75; Silver, average 71. Thirteen cars sold today.

New York General Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Hops, dull. Hides, firm. Wool, quiet.

Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice, 8¼; mild, quiet. Cordova, 9¾@14. Futures closed steady with a net loss of four points. Total sales, 16,500 bags, including September at 7.95; October, 7.95; November, 7.30; December, 7.75; February, 7.35.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 4¼; centrifugal, 96 test, 5c; molasses sugar, 4c. Refined firm; crushed, 6.35; powdered, 6.25; granulated, 6.15.

Wheat—December closed at 85¾.

Butter—Receipts, 4423 packages; firmer; State creamery, 15½@21½; June creamery, 15@21; factory, 14@16.

Eggs—Receipts, 1975 packages; firm; western regular packing, at mark, 13@17; western, loss off, 19.

Metal Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Tin continues its downward course owing to the irregularity and weakness abroad. Today's market wound up with prices below last night's close, with sellers on the basis of 23.60 and very weak in tone, the rest of the list developing little if any features. Pig iron warrants closed very dull at 15½@16.37½; lake copper quiet at unchanged prices, 16.75@17.00. Lead rules dull and closed at 4.37½, while spelter exhibited some steadiness at 4.10@4.15, the prevailing rates. The brokers' price for lead was 4.00 and for copper 16.75@17.00.

Dried Fruits in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Trading in dried fruits was of a hand-to-mouth character and the market continued to rule quiet at unchanged prices, with 3@3½c the basis for common evaporated apples, 4¾@5¼ for prime; 5½@6c for choice, and 6@6¼ for fancy. California dried fruits were inactive. Prunes, 2¼@7 per pound, as to size and quality. Apricots, Royal, 11@14; Moorpark, 15@16. Peaches, peeled, 14@ 18; unpeeled, 6@9.

London Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The markets here were absolutely stagnant today. Americans remained about partly throughout the session. One of the most important arbitrage houses reports that its total business in the day was 200 shares. Paris was weak. Money was steady. Silver was firm on Indian buying."

Breadstuffs at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 19.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, 5s 2¾d; No. 1 northern spring, 5s 5¼d; No. 1 California, 5s 5½@5s 6d. Futures steady; September, 5s 3¾d; December, 4s 4¾d.

Corn—Spot American, mixed, new, 4s 4¾d. Futures steady; October, 4s 2½d; November, 4s 2¾d; December, 4s 2¼d.

Northwestern Wheat.

PORTLAND, Sept. 19.—Wheat, Walla Walla, 57½; valley, steady, 60@61.

TACOMA, Sept. 19.—Wheat, steady and unchanged; blue stem, 60; club, 57; both for export.

Pennsylvania Oil.

OIL CITY (Pa.,) Sept. 19.—Credit balances, 1.25; certificates, no bids.

LIVE-STOCK MARKETS.

RECEIPTS AND QUOTATIONS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000, including 2500 westerns and 1100 Texans. Choice light and medium steers steady; others, 10c lower. Western steers slow; feeders, 10c lower; natives, good to prime steers, 5.50@5.90; poor to medium, 4.50@5.40; selected feeders steady, 3.85@4.65; mixed stockers, 2.75@3.65; cows, 2.75@4.40; heifers, 3.00@5.00; canners, 2.25 @2.75; bulls, 2.25@4.00; calves, steady, 4.00@ 6.50; Texas-fed steers, 4.00@4.15; grassers, 3.00 @4.20; bulls,

Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

...ericus Club to Take No More Men.

...mbra Electric Road Chances Good.

...e Burge Champion Shot ...f Co. I—Boisterous Young Men.

PASADENA, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Americus Club is a close corporation. Tonight is last meeting at which new ... could be taken in. This is ...ference with an edict made sev... ago, the resolution read... to new members may be re... after September 15. This hav... the first meeting after that ... whose applications were ...ived to the 15th were ... membership. The reason ...ctiveness is that the club ... to be a well-drilled organ... this campaign and new ... later than now could not ...orporate in time to take part ...ical events soon to occur. ...ring thirteen new members ...ved tonight: Walter R. ...associate; Charles A. Al... Stevens, Charles C. ..., Lester D. Mayo, ..., Oliver Brandt, Wallace ..., P. H. Heydenreich, ... Potts, Eugene P. Kohler ... P. Sanborn.

...of the club met and chose ... of October 3 as the time ...tertainment which they will ...companies. They will invite ... out of town and produce ...ertainment. All members will ...n full uniform on the occasion ...grand rally Saturday night.

CHAMPION RIFLE SHOT.

...Burge is the champion rifle ... Co. I. He won his laurels at ... company shoots, the last of ... was held today on the San ... range, across the arroyo from ... Lieut. Theodore L. Burge's score was ... of today, but his previous scores ... been so good as to place his ... for the three shots at 130. George ... was second with 129. Burge is ...ged to wear the medal which ... to the company during three ... when the next winner ... R. The percentage per man ... that the boys are learning to ... They are improving all the ... last year's average was 22.50 ... This year the average was ... a gain of 4.60.

The shoot was the first of the ... for the military year and ... of the company shoots. The ... 5 shots each at 200 yards ... 5 at 300 yards kneeling, and ... yards lying down. The possible ... each time is 75. Thirty ... today. The best scores ...

George Metz, 64; Sergt. F. ... 50; Musician Chester Emery, ...rate C. B. Cremin, 51; Private ... Wilson, 47; Private George ... 54; Private J. J. Knapp, 40; ... Claude Shelhamer, 38; Private ..., 33; Private A. P. Bartle... Sergt. M. R. Raftery, 32; ... Grove Palmer, 32; Sergt. ... Burtt, 54; Private J. Burge.

CAMBRA ELECTRIC ROAD.

...dances for electric railway con... between Pasadena and Altham... better now than ever before. ...is say the road will surely ... The delay is caused by the ... of a few preliminaries. For ..., South Pasadena holds a ... school. The new road will be ... time between here and Los ... being through open country ... the way, few stops will be ... of the right of way has ... Alhambra citizens are ... hard. The route beyond Al... lie through the old Shorb ... Estudillo ranch and near ... road to connect with the ... near the County Hospital.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

...Turner, who recently re... Chicago, says he did not ... telegrams sent by the ...aplars and offering aid ...suffering detention on ac... encounter with a drunken ... street car.

...e library trustees have ... petitions for an auspicious ... on Friday. The doors will ... 2 p.m., and in the evening ... A. Gibbs will deliver an ... welcome.

...young men have been in the ...ecurring the worshipers at ...tion on South Fair Oaks ...day the leaders of the mis... returned to the police and some ... today follow.

...school pupils have already ... at Throop and applica... coming in daily, which breaks ...ord of past years at this time ...

...Pinder, son of the late O. S. ... of California street, has been ... several days with relatives ... return to New York on Mon...

...in the Santa Monica hills at... attention here today. The ter... out of the supervision of the ...ery headquarters.

...Growers' Association ... a carload of lemons to ...Germany, and ten boxes to ... sufferers.

...ons and family of North Mo... ...ve have returned from two ...ay at Long Beach.

...Montgomery of Los Angeles ...ch in St. Andrews Church ...day.

...Parker has returned from Cata...

...and second-hand school books. ...'s.

...patterns in table linens. Bon ...

...bicycles, all prices. Her...

CORONADO BEACH.

SOCIETY AND PERSONALS.

CORONADO, Sept. 19.—[Special Correspondence.] Mr. and ... W. Braun and daughter are ... Los Angeles people at the hotel. ... Hase and family of Los ... and Miss Florine Haas re... month today.

Miss Margaret Phelan has returned to Coronado after a tour of England, Ireland and France.

Mrs. E. A. Duncan has taken apartments here for an indefinite stay, joining Los Angeles friends at the hotel.

J. S. Hammond left this morning for a six weeks' northern trip.

LONG BEACH.

OCEANS OF GAS.

LONG BEACH, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Long Beach is to have two gas companies. The first was organized some time ago, with Thaddeus Lowe as manager. He is associated with Horace M. Dobbins and James H. Campbell of Pasadena. The other plant is the United Electric, Gas and Power Company, of which H. V. Carter of Los Angeles is president; George I. Cochran, secretary; J. J. Davis, superintendent, and W. L. Boxall, local manager.

The Lowe company has been building at the corner of Olive and Second streets for several weeks, and its machinery arrived today from San Francisco. This company will use the new Lowe crude oil-water method for manufacturing gas. At present Pasadena is the only city in Southern California which is using this process. The company has a large capital and the Long Beach plant is simply a starter, as it is intended to include all the cities on the Coast. Manager Lowe states that with this new process the company will be enabled to furnish gas to the consumer at a comparatively small price. It is the intention of the company to have its mains laid by November 1, and to be able to furnish gas to consumers.

The United Electric, Gas and Power Company's plant will be located in Asbury Park, inside the western limits of Long Beach. Its machinery has been ordered from Ft. Wayne, Ind., and will be here in a few days. At a meeting of the City Council Tuesday night this company asked for a permit to lay 4-inch mains through the streets and alleys of the city. This is the same company which is now furnishing electric lights for Long Beach, Terminal Island, San Pedro, Santa Monica, Monrovia and Santa Barbara, and Power for the Los Angeles Pacific Railway Company. Since purchasing the plant here it has made many costly improvements and the gas plant has been contemplated for some time. Another enterprise this company has in view is a plunge bath for this city. The plans for this have not matured as yet, but it is said to be the intention to invest about $35,000 in this enterprise.

LONG BEACH BREVITIES.

The Board of Trustees last night decided to advertise for bids for street signs on corners, and the City Attorney was instructed to prepare an ordinance providing for the numbering of houses.

The Board of Trustees has passed an ordinance by which the city assumes entire control of the cemetery on Signal Hill. A cemetery superintendent is provided for.

The Bay View Hotel on Pine street has been sold to J. Jame, who took possession today. He will remodel the building and add a restaurant.

SANTA MONICA.

HURT, BUT WOULDN'T DRINK.

SANTA MONICA, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Amus Towne, a lineman employed by the United Electric, Gas and Power Company, broke his left leg just below the knee today. The company had recently put in a pole at the corner of Ninth street and Arizona avenue, and Towne was on top stringing wire, when the pole suddenly broke at the base, causing the accident. Several co-workers who were busy at the time upon the work, escaped injury. The men did all they could to alleviate the pain, offering various stimulants, but Towne refused to partake, remarking that he had gone through life so far without taking a drink of whisky, and that even in pain he would not indulge. He was taken to his rooms and given surgical attention.

SANTA MONICA BREVITIES.

Maj. Bulwer, Mrs. Tom Lewis, Mrs. Sargent and Miss Sargent of Redondo are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Jones and Dr. and Mrs. Lewis of No. 1 Hill street, Ocean Park. They made the trip from Redondo to Ocean Park in the power launch Ruby.

William Carwell was arrested Monday on a charge of battery, the complaining witness being Mrs. Clara Hunt (colored.) The case was tried today by a jury in Justice Goudinger's court, and the defendant found guilty. Carwell will appear Friday for sentence.

John Dixon and W. Philyew were arrested today by Marshall Barretto. They are charged with disturbing the peace.

Walter Robertson has returned from Ventura, where he spent the summer.

Mrs. John T. Griffith returned to Los Angeles yesterday, having spent the summer months at the Arcadia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Erwin Hoy have leased the Acker cottage for the winter.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

BREVITIES OF INTEREST.

RIVERSIDE, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The County Supervisors have appointed Supervisor Shaver a delegate to the Good Roads Convention, soon to be held in Los Angeles.

Articles of incorporation of the Puente Hills Oil Company were filed yesterday. The company, which is a Los Angeles concern, has just leased a tract of land containing 326 acres in this county, in the vicinity of Rivgside. It is capitalized at $350,000, of which $125,000 has been subscribed.

Star Encampment, I.O.O.F., has elected George T. Todd and George F. Ward delegates to the grand session of the order, which will be held at Red Bluff next month.

Lewis J. Holmes, a former resident of Riverside, died at the Soldiers' Home, Santa Monica, yesterday. He published the first directory of the city, in 1888, and was a member of Riverside Post, G.A.R., since 1890.

J. C. Carter, colored, who deserted his family here nearly two years ago, was brought to the city yesterday from Vallejo by Constable Scott. His wife swore to a complaint charging him with desertion, and Justice Mills fixed his preliminary examination for today.

City Trustee J. W. Covert and Mrs. Covert are back from a ten days' outing at San Diego.

George W. Brooks, a recent arrival from Dallas, Tex., and Miss Ida Kuns, of Santa Monica, were married Monday evening at the residence of J. A. Vandegrift on Orange street. Rev. A. B. House officiating. Mr. Brooks recently purchased a ranch below Arlington, where he and his bride will reside after October 1.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.

Eddy's Season's Fish Record With Rod and Reel the Best Ever Made.

AVALON, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The greatest record, without doubt, ever made by an angler with rod and reel, in one season, has been made at Santa Catalina this summer by Col. R. A. Eddy of Montana. He has caught twenty-five tuna and twenty-seven black sea bass, a total of fifty-two big fish, forty-five of which weighed 100 pounds or over, and the average weight was 153 pounds. The total weight of the fish was 7953 pounds—only forty-eight pounds short of four tons. The tuna aggregated 3726 pounds, an average of 169 pounds. The aggregate of the black sea bass was 5226 pounds, averaging 193½ pounds.

Eddy arrived at Avalon about the first of May, and on the 10th of that month he took his first jewfish, which weighed even 100 pounds, and on the 17th of September he closed his season's sport with one weighing 160 pounds. His heaviest fish weighed 362 pounds. His first tuna was caught June 8 and his last July 22. His heaviest tuna weighed 142 pounds, and the lightest eighty-four. This record does not include his catches of other kinds of fish. He has caught a number of sharks, which weighed from 100 to 190 pounds, and yellowtail aggregating many hundred pounds. Notwithstanding his great catches he has had no record fish come his way, excepting, possibly a big sheepshead, which weighed up in the twenties. Every fish was caught with rod and reel, a twenty-four-strand line being used. If a better record than this can be shown the world over, Eddy wants to know it, and he will take another day off and break it.

Col. and Mrs. Eddy and his two young nieces, Misses Grace and Daisy Hammond, will leave tomorrow for San Francisco, and the colonel will go to Suisun next week, where he has a game preserve, and try his hand at duck shooting.

SANTA CATALINA BREVITIES.

The Avalon took a large party up to Emerald Bay yesterday morning, where the managers of the yacht gave a barbecued dinner. The party comprised the following: G. W. Hepner and wife, Covina; Mrs. Saum, Avalon; Miss Lottie McIntyre, Mrs. E. A. Miller, John Kassar, Miss C. Studer, Miss Emily Draheim, H. G. Williams, William Sturges, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Jefferson and family, Cass Ressler, Los Angeles; Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Patterson, Walter C. Patterson, Mrs. G. C. Poore, Mrs. E. A. Day, Miss Frances W. Day, Miss Beatrice F. Day, C. R. Stebbins, Winslow Stevenson, Evelyn Stevenson, Riverside; C. F. Longley, South Pasadena; O. J. Shannon, W. R. Scoville, R. R. Thomas, Mrs. Glidden, Pasadena; William M. Tisdale, Redlands; Fred Hawkins, Jerome, Ariz.; Rev. J. Heinrich, Portland, Or.; Mrs. A. T. Mathewson, Brookfield, Mass.

The Alert, Capt. Waterhouse, put into Avalon Bay Monday evening on her way, returning from a week's camping trip to San Clemente Island. The party on board consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Follett, Miss Belle Carrothers, Miss Millicent Waterhouse, Joe Davis, Paul Waterhouse, Ralph Reynolds, Esq., all of Pasadena.

M. L. Bellew of Los Angeles Monday landed the largest shark brought in this season. It measured nine feet in length and weighed 215 pounds. Mr. Bellew fought the monster an hour and fifteen minutes before conquering it. Jay C. Houghton of San Bernardino was also of the party and landed a leopard shark five feet long.

The guests of Hotel Métropole were entertained last evening with a progressive whist. Miss Rachel Smith and O. S. Hoffman won first prizes, while the consolation prizes went to Mrs. Hoffman and S. J. Mathes.

A lady dropped a purse overboard from the yacht Avalon yesterday morning just as the boat was starting out for the Isthmus. Carl Lewis, the engineer, took a header after it and brought it up all right.

J. H. Conklin and wife and Mrs. Sarah Gist of El Paso, are guests at Hotel Metropole. Mrs. Conklin is a sister of Col. Tom Ochiltree, who won fame as the Munchausen of the Lone Star State.

There was great sport catching yellowtail from the wharf this morning. Nearly the entire population was out and two dozen or more of these game fish were caught.

F. N. Smith and wife, Miss Rachel Smith and B. Winthrop Smith of England registered yesterday at Hotel Métropole.

Mrs. F. W. Hoffman of St. Louis and Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Hoffman of Los Angeles are stopping at the Metropole.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cahill, who have spent the summer at Avalon, returned to their home in Pasadena today.

William M. Tisdale, a hotel man of Redlands, with his wife and family, is sojourning at Avalon for a time.

Capt. J. M. Carter and wife of Pasadena are enjoying an outing on the island, guests at the Grand View.

C. W. Pinkerton and wife of Alameda were among the arrivals at Hotel Metropole yesterday.

P. Gano of Lookout Cottage, who has been here for a week past, returned to Pasadena today.

T. J. Steele and wife of San Luis Obispo are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Green.

F. M. Heath and family have broken up their summer camp and returned to Riverside.

Miss Edna Kelsey of Whittier is visiting Avalon, a guest at the Grand View.

Furnished rooms for housekeeping, $2 to $4 per week at Eddy's Terrace. Reduced rates at the Miramar, Avalon.

ONTARIO COLONIES.

PATENT CAR COOLER.

NORTH ONTARIO, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] A. E. Johnson of Chicago has been in the city the past few days relative to a car cooler he has had patented. The process is by means of a fan attached to the rear axle which revolves when the wheel does, and whips the air into a number of pipes that carry it to all parts of the car. The principle is nothing but a free circulation of fresh air and works admirably. Mr. Johnson has one car with the attachments on it, and brought a carload of meat from Chicago to Los Angeles in it last week. The car has stood here on the siding for several days, but was packed with lemons and shipped last night. The inventor expects to take the car of fruit to the East without icing. If the fan attachment will do all that is claimed it will be a rejuvenator to the shippers of fruit and will mean the saving of many dollars. The cost of icing one car from Los Angeles to Chicago will pay for the placing of this attachment on four cars. The test is watched by the orange and lemon shippers of this end of the State with interest.

BREVITIES.

A call has been made by the Commercial Club for a mass meeting at which time donations of money and clothes will be received for the sufferers of the Galveston flood.

William Bradford and Morris Morgan have been brought home from Catalina seriously ill with typhoid fever.

A. Simpson and family and F. Walton and family of Danville, Ill., who came to this vicinity five weeks ago, have located permanently, and Mr. Walton purchased a fine ten-acre grove.

Hon. O. Z. Hubbell visited the first of the week with his family here, and enjoyed a respite from hard campaigning.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Guy Badenhamer and Miss Laura Cole.

A field day will be held here the 29th inst., at which time all kinds of sports will be contested. A feature will be a road race from this city to Pomona and return. Entries open to all amateurs.

H. W. Rankin of Los Angeles is visiting friends in the colony.

CUCAMONGA.

W. J. Mayer and Thomas Ryles have gone to the Samoan Island of Tutuila to lead a life of happiness. They departed on the last trip of the Australia to the south seas, and embarked at Port Los Angeles. Both are experienced in the fruit business. They intend to remain on the island for some time, and live as the natives do, merely for the sake of adventure.

Grape picking is well advanced, and some growers report their crop nearly picked. Drying is progressing well; some of the fruit being ready to turn. The weather has been dry and hot and greatly in favor of the raisin man.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

Rally of Highland Republicans. Fire on the Mountains—Terrible Death.

SAN BERNARDINO, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] A lively Republican rally was held at Highland last night, which was attended by the county and district candidates and many people from Highland and vicinity. The meeting was held in True's Hall, and was called to order by A. A. True. E. J. Yokam acted as chairman. Short speeches were made by A. A. Caldwell of Riverside, Republican nominee for Senator from this district, and C. G. H. Bennink of Ontario, nominee for Assemblyman, both being received with enthusiasm. C. C. Haskell of San Bernardino discussed at some length the issues of the campaign, and John D. Clark, Republican nominee for Supervisor in the Fifth District, had a few words to say. The Redlands quartette furnished a number of musical selections.

ODD SPRINKLING BILL.

The City Trustees received a bill for $30 last night from the California Dustless Road Company of Los Angeles. The company claims to be the owner of the patent for petroleum sprinkled roads in California, which it sells to municipalities at $15 per mile. Recently, the city sprinkled two miles of streets with oil without first obtaining the company's permission, hence the bill. City Clerk Allen was instructed to forward a diplomatic reply to the company's manager, containing a testimonial as to the efficacy of the company's patent process of sprinkling, and suggesting that the board will probably decide to extend the work throughout the city, the test having proved so satisfactory.

MOUNTAIN FIRE.

A fire broke out about noon yesterday on the north side of the mountains, just over the crest and directly north of the city. Forest Supervisor Hanna ordered a force of fire fighters to the scene of action. Meanwhile, employés of the Arrowhead Reservoir Company and men from Guernsey's mill attacked the flames. A telephone message in the evening stated that the fire seemed to be under control.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

Sam M. Hayes, a former well-known resident of this city, died yesterday in Oakland. Hayes left here several months ago for Livermore and thence to Oakland for treatment for a malignant cancer, which developed on his chin several years ago. After several previous operations, the Oakland physicians finally cut away almost all of his lower jaw and half of his tongue in a futile effort to save his life. He was a member of the local court of Foresters of America. He will be buried in Oakland.

A horse belonging to Sam Krauss, while hitched on Third street yesterday, seized a passing boy by the arm and threw him into the street, painfully injuring him.

The City Trustees last night raised the salary of Dr. J. A. Colliner, Health Officer and milk inspector, from $45 to $55 a month.

The city reservoir is nearly full. Pumping from the new well will be begun within a few days.

City Marshal Henderson and family have returned from their outing in Cajon Pass.

LOMPOC.

HORSES FOR GERMAN ARMY.

LOMPOC, Sept. 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] Representatives of Emperor William have been here buying horses for the cavalry and artillery branches of the German army. A large number were selected, at prices ranging from $40 to $80 each, and they will next be inspected by a veterinary surgeon before acceptance. Then they will be forwarded to San Francisco for immediate shipment to China.

LOMPOC BREVITIES.

Large quantities of lime rock are taken from the quarry here for the beet sugar factory at Bettervia. From sixty to one hundred tons per day are shipped.

The mustard crop this season is not nearly as large as anticipated, and growers are much disappointed at the light yield. Only about 6000 sacks have been harvested in this valley.

The apple growers of the valley held a meeting on Monday evening and were met by buyers representing two commission houses of Los Angeles. The growers were dissatisfied with the low prices offered or guaranteed them by the agents, being much less than last year, and but few were willing to sell or contract. Many will pack and dispose of their own apples.

IN SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Murderer of Deputy Sheriff Wilson of San Gabriel Bites the Dust.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Deputy Sheriff Sam Thing of Picacho arrived in the city today with news of the killing last Sunday afternoon, of Pedro Morales, the murderer of Deputy Sheriff Wilson of San Gabriel, Los Angeles county. Morales was slain near the Real del Castillo. After the murder of the deputy sheriff, about three years ago, Morales made his escape into Lower California. He was soon located there, and time and again plans were laid for his capture, but he always escaped. The Mexican officials gave the American officers full freedom to hunt the murderer in any part of their territory, and in the plans for his capture, rurales played a prominent part. It was known that Morales would not give up without a desperate fight and unless caught unaware he would fight to the death. During his three years' residence across the line Morales lived in hiding both from the Mexican and American officers. Some time ago he made his way to Tia Juana, but left again before the officers learned of the fact, taking with him the wife of another Mexican. The haunts of Morales were in the mountains near the Real del Castillo, and here he and his paramour had lived ever since.

Last Sunday they ventured near the settlement of the Real, and learning that the desperado was in that vicinity, the judge and two rurales set out to make the arrest. They went armed to the teeth and determined that Morales should bite the dust. They came upon their man unexpectedly, but no sooner did Morales see the officers than he opened fire. He was known as a good marksman, but his first shots missed, and in the first return volley from the officers, one of the bullets struck Morales on the right side of the face, plowing its way through to the other. Although suffering, and at a great disadvantage on account of this terrible wound, Morales stood his ground for awhile, but all his bullets fell wide of their aim.

It was a pitched battle for several minutes between the three officers and the one criminal, but finally Morales made an attempt to escape. He was followed by the officers, and after an hour's chase the murderer was overtaken and shot to death. Word of the capture and death of Morales has been sent to the sheriff of Los Angeles and the remains will be kept for identification, as there was a standing reward of $800 for his body, dead or alive.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

A case in which about three hundred witnesses have been subpoenaed is on trial before Judge Murdock. It is that of H. Lynnell, charged with selling goods as an auctioneer without the required license.

The first session of the Farmers' Institute, under the auspices of the University of California, in San Diego county, has been held at Escondido. It was largely attended and the fruit displays were among the best ever made in the vicinity.

The wharf at Oceanside, 300 feet long, is to beextended 600 feet, to better fishing and boating facilities. The 900-foot wharf will reach water of the depth of eighteen feet at low tide. The extension will cost $5000, and a bond issue has been voted.

ORANGE COUNTY.

GOOD FUND FOR GALVESTON.

SANTA ANA, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce to solicit funds for the relief of the Galveston sufferers completed the work yesterday and sent the last of the contributions forward to the chairman of the relief committee. The whole amount raised in this city and vicinity was $646.61. Of this $34.25 was sent from Tustin and $12 from Fullerton.

SHORTRIDGE COMING.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Republican County Central Committee was held yesterday afternoon at which it was arranged to have Hon. S. M. Shortridge of San José open the campaign in this county. Mr. Shortridge will speak in Santa Ana on the evening of the 26th inst., on which occasion the Columbia Marching Club (uniformed) will make its first public appearance. The meeting will be in the Grand Opera House and it is expected that its capacity will be taxed to accommodate the crowd.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

The cannery in this city closed yesterday for the season. The weather has been too cool to properly ripen tomatoes in sufficient quantities to keep the machinery in motion. Those contracted for will be shipped to Los Angeles and canned.

Grant L. Johnston and Miss Lillian Buckner were married Sunday.

Mrs. Margaret Mitchell died Sunday at her residence at Newport, aged 75 years.

The Tustin bicycle road race resulted in a victory for Tom Bonds. The distance was seven and three-quarter miles and the time was 19 minutes and 20 seconds.

J. A. Booty of this city has been elected Chairman of the Democratic Senatorial Committee from this district.

At a meeting of the City Board of Education last evening the contract for furnishing supplies for the coming year to the city schools was awarded to the Santa Ana Book Store.

The public schools in this city will open October 1, instead of September 24, as previously announced.

The Democratic County Central Committee has arranged to open the Democratic campaign here next Saturday evening, Hon. C. C. Wright of Los Angeles will be the speaker.

The City Board of Education has elected C. F. Weber of La Porte, Ind., as instructor in the commercial department in the public schools, vice Prof. Beaver of Salt Lake City, resigned.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Fair Opened With Very Good Prospects—A Dying Lad's Sad Confession.

SANTA BARBARA, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The agricultural fair for the Nineteenth District opened at 1 o'clock this afternoon more auspiciously than had been anticipated. The lack of a pavilion, the one formerly used at the fair grounds having been destroyed some years ago, made it necessary to employ two buildings to hold the exhibits. Armory Hall was fitted up for the accommodation of farm produce, manufactures and other exhibits. The poultry and Belgian hare exhibit at the Gorham building is attracting more than passing attention, and the exhibits are not all in place.

The live-stock exhibit at the fair ground is eliciting much favorable comment. The largest exhibition of Ayrshire cattle ever made in this section can be seen there. There are fourteen head of this breed, imported from Vermont.

Thursday and Friday will be the best days of the fair, as all exhibits will be arranged by tomorrow morning, so as to show to the best advantage, and in the afternoon the polo game, which will be a feature of each afternoon, will take place.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A large barn and 130 tons of hay, the property of E. C. Riler, were destroyed by fire tonight. The origin of the fire was spontaneous combustion. Only a small amount of insurance was carried.

DEATH-BED CONFESSION.

A young man of 18 died at the County Hospital this morning of acute tuberculosis. He had lived in Santa Barbara for some months under the name of John Durr. At the Lemon Exchange, where he worked for several weeks, he never would mention his past life to his fellow-employés, but a rumor was raised about the time when he became ill that he had been unable to agree with his parents, and had taken an assumed name. Just before his death he confessed to his nurse that his name was Albert Schmidt, and that his father, Charles Schmidt, was the editor of a German newspaper in Sacramento. The Chief of Police of that city has been notified to find the relatives.

QUIET WEDDING.

The event of the week in society was the wedding today of Miss Anita Doremus, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Doremus, of the east side, to E. N. Hazard of Eastdale, R. I. It was a quiet, home affair, and took place at 1 o'clock p.m. at the residence of the bride's parents. Dean Richardson of San Antonio, Tex., who married Dr. and Mrs. Doremus, officiated.

CONFIRMING PRICES.

Hon. Frank E. Kellogg, of the local branch of the Walnut Growers' Association, writes: "We are gratified to learn that the prices on walnuts, fixed by the representatives of the Walnut Growers' Association recently at Los Angeles, are being confirmed by the eastern buyers, who bought subject to prices to be fixed. Also buyers are eagerly offering the association prices, 9¼ cents, for hardshell and 10 cents for softshell nuts, to growers not members of the association, which shows that the prices fixed are fully justified by market conditions."

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

The Republican organizations throughout the county have arranged for a series of rallies, at which leading Republicans of the State are to be present, within the next ten days. Hon. Samuel M. Shortridge will have the first date here, next Saturday evening. Republican headquarters are being fitted up, including an office in the business portion of the city, where voters may register and obtain Republican literature. In addition to this, Crane's Hall has been secured as a meeting-place for the club.

The new steamer Santa Barbara, recently built for the J. R. Hanity Lumber Company, will arrive in this port on her maiden trip about October 1 with 220,000 feet of lumber for the Santa Barbara Lumber Company. This steamer makes the fifth belonging to this company in the Coast service, and

The jury in the case of the People vs. Gerald, the abalone thief, was out but a few minutes last evening, when a verdict finding him guilty was returned. He will be sentenced tomorrow.

The British steamer Lorle, Capt. Graham, from Philadelphia, August 22, via Algiers, September 11, has arrived at Port Said with the first importation of American coal.

BORDEN'S PIONEER CREAM

If your grocer don't carry it he's just a little slow.

Pears'

What a luxury Pears' soap is!

It is the cheapest and best toilet soap in all the world.

All sorts of people use it, all sorts of stores sell it, especially druggists.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY.

The only wholesale millinery house in the city.

MEYER BROS., 241-243 S. Broadway.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES

Large assortment and right prices. Call

Z. L. PARMELEE, 334 S. Spring.

POMONA.

GALVESTON BENEFIT.

POMONA, Sept. 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The people of this place have contributed their mite toward the relief of the Galveston flood sufferers, but as the need is still great, an effort will be made to raise a large amount next Monday evening, when a benefit entertainment will be given at Armory Operahouse.

POMONA BREVITIES.

Grape picking has been begun in nearly all the vineyards in this vicinity.

A crew of men from the Sierra Power Company are working on an extension of the plant in the San Antonio Cañon.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pomona Recreation Park Company the following were elected directors for the ensuing year: G. A. Carter, W. A. Lewis, A. Hebbard, G. B. Parker, W. H. Poston, W. H. Schureman and H. E. Schwichtenberg. Of this board W. H. Poston is president; H. E. Schwichtenberg, vice-president; G. B. Parker, treasurer; W. A. Lewis, secretary, and A. Hebbard, manager.

BAD BLOOD, BAD COMPLEXION.

The skin is the seat of an almost endless variety of diseases. They are known by various names, but are all due to the same cause, acid and other poisons in the blood that irritate and interfere with the proper action of the skin.

To have a smooth, soft skin, free from all eruptions, the blood must be kept pure and healthy. The many preparations of arsenic and potash and the large number of face powders and lotions generally used in this class of diseases cover up for a short time, but cannot remove permanently the ugly blotches and the red, disfiguring pimples.

Eternal vigilance is the price of a beautiful complexion

when such remedies are relied on.

Mr. H. T. Shobe, 2704 Lucas Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., says: "My daughter was afflicted for years with a disfiguring eruption on her face, which resisted all treatment. She was taken to the celebrated health springs, but received no benefit. Many medicines were prescribed, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S., and by the time the first bottle was finished the eruption began to disappear. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. She is now seventeen years old, and not a sign of the embarrassing disease has ever returned."

S. S. S. is a positive, unfailing cure for the worst forms of skin troubles. It is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and the only one guaranteed purely vegetable.

Bad blood makes bad complexions.

SSS purifies and invigorates the old and makes new, rich blood that nourishes the body and keeps the skin active and healthy and in proper condition to perform its part towards carrying off the impurities from the body.

If you have Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, or your skin is rough and pimply, send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case. No charge whatever for this service.

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

TIME CARD—SANTA FE ROUTE.

Southern California Railway, La Grande Station, Part of Second Street.

Overland Express—Leave 7:30 a.m. daily. Arrive 7:10 a.m. daily.

San Bernardino, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. Arrive from, 10:40 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 11:30 p.m.

Redlands, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. Arrive from, 10:40 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 11:30 p.m.

Riverside, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. Arrive from, 10:40 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 11:30 p.m.

Redlands, via Orange—Leave for, 9:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 7:20 p.m. Arrive from, 9:30 a.m., 3:00 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

Riverside, via Orange—Leave for, 9:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 7:20 p.m. Arrive from, 9:30 a.m., 3:00 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

Monrovia and Azusa—Leave for, 9:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. Arrive from, 7:00 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 11:30 p.m.

Orange and Santa Ana—Leave for, 9:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 7:20 p.m. Arrive from, 9:30 a.m., 3:00 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m. Arrive from, 10:40 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Orange—Leave for, 9:00 a.m. Arrive from, 9:30 a.m.

Monrovia—Leave for, 9:00 a.m. Arrive from, 11:00 a.m.

Fullerton—Leave for, 9:00 a.m. Arrive from, 9:30 a.m.

San Diego and Coronado Beach—Leave for, 8:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m. Arrive from, 11:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.

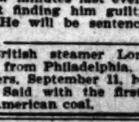
Redondo Beach—Leave Los Angeles, First street, 9:30 a.m., 2:15 p.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, 11:30 a.m., 4:35 p.m.

Santa Monica and Ocean Park—Leave Los Angeles, First street, 8:47 p.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, 7:50 a.m.

Kite-Shaped Track—Leave, 9:30 a.m. Arrive, 4:30 p.m.

*Daily except Sunday; ‡Sundays only; †Monday, Thursday and Saturday only. All other trains daily.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.



The company's steamers leave wharf at SANTA MONICA, CORONADO and REDONDO as follows: For SAN DIEGO, LOS ANGELES and PORT HARFORD (SAN LUIS OBISPO) at 9:00 a.m. Oct. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, Nov. 1, and every fourth day thereafter.

Leave PORT LOS ANGELES at 1:00 p.m., and REDONDO at 10:45 a.m. for SAN DIEGO, Oct. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, Nov. 1, and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 9:30 a.m. or Redondo leave Main-st. at 10 a.m. Cars connect via Port Los Angeles leave S.P.R.R. depot at 1:35 p.m. for steamers northbound.

The steamers COOS BAY and BONITA leave SAN PEDRO for San Francisco via EAST SAN PEDRO, Ventura, Carpinteria, Santa Barbara, Goleta, Gaviota, Port Harford, Cayucos, Monterey and Santa Cruz at 9 a.m. Sept. 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, Oct. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, Nov. 2, and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect with steamers via San Pedro leave S.P.R.R. (Arcade depot) at 1:30 p.m. and Terminal Ry's depot at 1 p.m. Tuesday at 12:30 p.m. For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing without previous notice.

W. PARRIS, Agent, 124 W. Second street, Los Angeles. GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

"Spreckels Line"

S. S. Moana

SAILS Oct. 2, 2 p.m. VIA Honolulu for Sydney, New Zealand and Australia.

S. S. Australia

SAILS Oct. 17, 2 p.m. For Honolulu, only.

HUGH B. RICH, Agt. 252½ Spring street. Phone M. 558.

THE BEST TOURIST CARS

ever built are used for the Burlington's Overland Express. They're clean, bright, BRIGHT, in every way better than the "palace" cars of ten years ago.

They leave Los Angeles every Wednesday and go through to Omaha. Chicago, Kansas City, and St. Louis, without change. Only one change to Boston.

W. W. ELLIOTT, Agent, 252½ S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

THE CITY IN BRIEF

AT THE THEATERS.

BURBANK—Why Smith Left Home.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.

	Max.	Min.	Mean		Max.	Min.	Mean
Boston	68	44	56	New York	68	54	61
Washington	72	46	59	Buffalo	64	44	54
Pittsburgh	72	48	60	Cincinnati	68	50	59
Chicago	66	54	60	St. Paul	54	46	50
St. Louis	68	60	64	Kansas City	78	60	69
Los Angeles	97	56	76	Jacksonville	94	64	74

[The maximum is for September 18; the minimum for September 19. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.]

DOTS AND DASHES.

Accidents Will Happen.

R. H. Cole's left leg was broken in an accident to a dry-goods delivery wagon at Hill and Fifth streets yesterday morning.

Woman's Day.

Yesterday was woman's day at the Spiritualist camp-meeting, Sycamore Grove, and the attendance was larger than usual. Special silk badges were worn for the occasion.

Petition in Bankruptcy.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States District Court yesterday by E. Guerra of San Luis Obispo county, showing liabilities of $315 and only $110 with which to settle his indebtedness.

Precinct Club.

A meeting of the Republican Club in Precinct 25B will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at Walker's storeroom, corner of Twelfth street and Burlington avenue. Garner Curran is president of the organization, and W. H. Young is secretary.

Espee Wins.

The case of Brentner vs. the Southern Pacific Company for damages, which has been on trial in the United States District Court for several days, was given to the jury yesterday afternoon, and a verdict was rendered in favor of the defendant.

Fine Sandstone.

M. L. Samson & Co. are exhibiting for the owner, A. J. Spencer, of Gila Bend, Ariz., fine specimens of Arizona sandstone for building purposes. It is of a beautiful color and has stood fifty-ton pressure. Mr. Spencer has eighty acres of it.

Pastor Called.

The First Presbyterian Church has called Rev. Frank Schwartz of Manchester, N. H., to be its pastor, with the expectation that he will accept, and preach his first sermon October 7. He spent some time here last summer, and during his stay preached four times to the congregation of the First Church.

Wanted Shoes.

Thomas Jenkins reported to the detectives yesterday that burglars had entered his shoe store at No. 308 Commercial street, Tuesday night. All that the thieves secured was two pairs of second-hand shoes. The thieves were evidently frightened away before completing their work.

Prosperity's Proof.

City Engineer Olmsted says there is a dearth of competent civil engineers in all parts of the country, due to the activity in railroad construction, the pushing of government and municipal works, and the general prosperity of the country. Yesterday Mr. Olmsted received a request to send a competent engineer to Colorado, but he knows of no idle men.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The edition de luxe of the Midwinter Number of The Times, printed on fine paper, with beautiful illustrations, is the most complete, as well as the handsomest, publication on Southern California yet issued. Copies may be seen at the Times business office, or at any of the leading book stores. If you want something handsome to send to an eastern friend, this specially beautiful and complete publication is what you are seeking. Nothing in illustration or text which will give an idea of the Southwest, its climate, products, or soil, has been omitted. Equal in size to ordinary 500-page book. Price 50 cents per copy. The Times-Mirror Company, publishers.

Remember the needy. Save your cast-off clothing, beds, bedding or stoves for poor families of the city. A request is also made for shoes and clothing for poor children. There are many poor families in need of wholesome food, and potatoes, beans, groceries, or canned fruit will be most thankfully received. Drop a card to Fred Wrigsted, at the "Good Samaritan" (formerly Capt. Frazer's place.) No. 135 East Seventh street, and anything you have to donate will be called for.

Now is the time to register for classes at the Young Women's Christian Association Cooking, French, Spanish, German, Choral and Orchestral Music, Banjo, Guitar, Mandolin, Piano, Elementary and Higher English, Current History, Elocution, Art and Physical Culture.

The Times is printed exclusively with News Ink manufactured by the Los Angeles Printing Ink Co., 110 North Broadway. Best newspaper ink made. A trial order solicited. A specialty made of fine black and colored inks. Prices quoted on application.

Preparatory department of Occidental College, a good place for students of High School grade. Small classes, individual attention. See "ad."

Maude L. von Freitag will hold a special test seance at Sycamore Grove at 2:30 this afternoon. Take Pasadena electric car.

The Times Job Office is equipped to do machine composition, 13 ems, at short notice.

For time of arrival and departure of Santa Fé trains, see "Time Card" in today's Times.

Miss Meanys select school (limited) reopens Monday September 24, at 9 a.m.

Forty finest stamp photos only 25 cents. "Sunbeam," 236 South Main st.

Nettie E. Hammond, physician and surgeon, 420 and 422 Laughlin building.

Dr. Minnie Wells, 127 E. 3d. See card.

Doctor H. G. Bayless returned.

Furs remodeled. D. Bonoff, 247 S. B'way

Dr. Clark, Byrne Blk. Diseases women.

Whitney's trunk factory 422 S. Spring

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Clement Moyn, Mrs. Anna Standinger, John Morton, Loyd Pugh, Mrs. Hortense Weber, A. H. Butler, W. H. Norway J. W. D. Moody and Mrs. Ida Rinne.

HERMOSILLO'S FIRE.

Large Commercial Establishment Destroyed With a Loss of Sixty Thousand Dollars.

The Times is in receipt of the intelligence from Hermosillo, Sonora, that "La Cosalteca," one of the largest commercial establishments in that Mexican city, was destroyed by fire Monday morning at 5 o'clock. The loss is $60,000, and the insurance carried was only $25,000. The disastrous blaze is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion.

PERSONAL.

O. S. Smith of Mojave is at the Nadeau.

S. Ullman of New York is a guest at the Westminster.

C. E. Druillard has gone to San Francisco for a brief stay.

Mrs. W. B. Prentice of San Diego is registered at the Nadeau.

Miss McCabe and maid of Anaconda, Mont., are at the Van Nuys.

Ex-Senator Marion Cannon of Ventura is staying at the Natick.

Charles S. Swaine of Los Nietos is a guest of the Rossiyn Hotel.

H. W. Joss of Palo Alto is a Hollenbeck arrival on yesterday's register.

Mrs. Ella Jones of Columbus, O., is a guest at the Broadway Van Nuys.

Frank Scovell, manager of the Corona Fruit Exchange, is a Ramona guest.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Sterling of Redlands, are guests at the Broadway Van Nuys.

George C. Hodges, a Chicago newspaper man, is at the Broadway Van Nuys.

W. G. Jackson registered at the Rossiyn Hotel yesterday from Redlands.

C. M. Sturgis is a Phoenix cattleman who registered yesterday at the Natick.

A. Hurd, wife and daughter registered yesterday at the Ramona as from Fillmore.

Mrs. Hornby and Miss Irene Hornby of Redlands were Van Nuys guests yesterday.

W. A. Short and E. L. Turner, fruit men of Buffalo, N. Y., registered yesterday at the Natick.

Charles E. Goddard and wife of Phoenix were among yesterday's arrivals at the Natick.

W. D. Toby, who owns several mines near Carson, Nev., is in the city, a guest at the Van Nuys.

Mrs. C. M. Chadbourne, daughter and maid of Long Beach have apartments at the Van Nuys.

George S. Hutchinson and E. P. Hutchinson, tourists from Wichita, Kan., are at the Ramona.

W. E. Byrne and Miss Olive Byrne of San Bernardino are occupying apartments at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. A. E. Smith and Mrs. Carrie M. Mott of Riverside are spending a few days at the Rossiyn Hotel.

A. W. Bumiller left last night for New York. He expects to spend several months abroad before he returns.

A. R. Rhea and wife of Daggett, are at the Ramona. Mr. Rhea has oil property which he is looking after here.

P. D. Maxwell, Mrs. Carrie Maxwell and Miss Belle Maxwell are tourists from Marion, Ky., who are staying at the Westminster.

J. W. Brenning, a former resident of San Diego, has just returned from Dawson, after two years in the gold fields. He is staying at the Nadeau.

D. M. Humphreys of Honolulu, who owns several paying mines near Daggett, is looking up his interests in that section. He registered yesterday at the Van Nuys.

Venerable Archdeacon Trew, rector of Epiphany Church, North Sichel street, returned to the city yesterday afternoon, after a stay of two weeks at Alpine Tavern.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

J. Chauncellor Bliss, aged 27, a native of Illinois and a resident of Mojave, and Caroline Sheldon, aged 27, a native of Iowa and a resident of Los Angeles.

John Brunjes, aged 22, a native of California, and Hilda G. Wilkins, aged 21, a native of England; both residents of Covina.

Fred T. Hillier, aged 24, a native of Ohio, and Irene Carr, aged 22, a native of Ohio; both residents of Pasadena.

Jonas W. Bright, aged 33, a native of Texas, and Birdie L. Cooper, aged 22, a native of Texas; both residents of Los Angeles.

George Alexander Webb, aged 31, a native of Minnesota, and Ella May Jenne, aged 38, a native of Ohio; both residents of Los Angeles.

Marion Bise, aged 22, a native of California, and Gertrude James, aged 17, a native of Indians; both residents of Compton.

Manuel S. Carrezosa aged 28, a native of California, and a resident of Los Angeles, and Carolina C. Vejar, aged 22, a native of California and a resident of Pomona.

Arthur W. Orr, aged 30, a native of Nebraska, and M. Estella Darcy, aged 25, a native of Michigan; both residents of Los Angeles.

John Stephens, aged 39, a native of Wisconsin, and a resident of Tempe, Ariz., and Mrs. Nora Martin, aged 38, a native of New York, and a resident of Phoenix, Ariz.

BIRTH RECORD.

DOM—To Mr. and Mrs. Fred R. Dom, 414 East 27th street, a daughter, September 18.

DEATH RECORD.

MAY—In this city, September 18, 1900, Hugh F. E. May, a native of England. Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines Co., 647 South Broadway, Friday, September 21, 19 0, at 3 o'clock p.m. Interment Rosedale.

DAGGETT—In this city, September 19, Mrs. Florence P. Daggett, wife of J. R. R. Daggett, aged 44 years. Funeral 10:30 Friday from late residence, 929 Wall street. Interment Rosedale.

WORKMAN—At her home in this city, September 18, 1900, Anna K. Workman, beloved wife of E. H. Workman, a native of New York, aged 49 years. Funeral from residence, 120 South Boyle avenue, Thursday, September 20, 1900, at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends invited to attend. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.
Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office, 423 S. Spring. Tel. M. 43, or 241.

ORR & HINES CO., UNDERTAKERS.
Mrs. M. H. Connell has charge of all ladies and children intrusted to our care. Tel. Main 45; 647 S. Broadway.

Lose Your Corns

WOULDN'T IT BE A COMFORT to get entirely rid of your corns. You can. Can do it easily and quickly, with scarcely no trouble, no hurt at all, and for slightest cost.

Dean's Corn Cure

is a guaranteed remedy. It can't fail once in five hundred times. If it ever does fail you are asked to come back for your money. No matter what you have tried, you don't know what a real corn cure is like until you try Dean's.

20 Cents.

Dean's Drug Store
Second and Spring Sts.

Watches Cleaned 75¢

IF you expect your watch to run when it needs cleaning, you'll have all kinds of time. We guarantee our work for one year.

Geneva Watch and Optical Co.,
Geo. M. Williams, Prop.
305 S. BROADWAY.

PERFECTLY pure wine, aged by time; truly delightful—made and guaranteed by the

Southern California Wine Co.,
220 W. FOURTH ST.

Swamp Root, small - - 35c

Ellington Drug Co.,
N. W. Cor. Fourth and Spring Sts.

P. C. X. Lens
Afford complete and permanent satisfaction. Eyes tested free.
ACME OPTICAL AND JEWELRY CO.,
342 S. Spring Street

Purest and Best
BRADBURY BLOCK
Canadian Malt Extract
A Good Tonic . . .
15c a Bottle
$1.75 a Dozen

CUT DRUG PRICES:

Malted Milk	40c, 75c, $1.00
Mellin's Food	35c, 55c
Peruna	45c
Pinkham's Compound	45c
Pierce's Discovery	50c
Pierce's Prescription	50c
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets	35c
Thompson's Dyspepsia Tablets	40c
LaBlache Powder	25c
Pozzoni's Powder	25c
Williams' Pink Pills	50c

BOSWELL & NOYES DRUG CO.,
Reliable Prescription Druggists,
Third and Broadway.

MUNYON'S GUARANTEE.
Strong Assertions as to Just What the Remedies Will Do.

Munyon guarantees that his Rheumatism Cure will cure nearly all cases of rheumatism in a few hours; that his Dyspepsia Cure will cure indigestion and all stomach troubles; that his Kidney Cure will cure 50 per cent of all cases of kidney trouble; that his Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh no matter how long standing; that his Headache Cure will cure any kind of headache in a few minutes; that his Cold Cure will quickly break up any form of cold and so on through the entire list of remedies. At all druggists, 25 cents a vial.

If you need medical advice write Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch st., Phila. It is absolutely free.

Your Glasses cost nothing extra. All our work has that stylish appearance and perfect adjustment.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO.,
KYTE & GRANICHER,
Manufacturing Opticians.
Phone Brown 1051. 235 S. Spring St.

Latest and best patterns in Awning Stripes. Samples and estimates on application.

J. H. Masters 136 South Main St.

Blankets Cleaned Free.
To introduce our improved method of cleaning blankets, we will clean one pair free of charge. We guarantee to make them look like new and as soft as silk. Call us up: we will tell you all about it—Phone Main 551.
We renovate everything in wearing apparel and house draperies.
CITY DYE WORKS, 245 S. BROADWAY. Durand & Jenkins, props

NEW IDEA PATTERNS 10c.
GOODENOW-SHELDON CO.,
125 S. Spring St. 211 W. Second St.

NEW THISTLE BICYCLES
$35
Agents Wanted.
BURKE BROS.,
438 South Spring St.

C. F. Heinzeman DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST
222 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES.
Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night.

The Linen Sale Continues.

A. Hamburger & Sons
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

Semi-Ann... Linen S...

Autumn Millinery Opening

By Mon. Heitz-Boyer.

Turban draped with mirror velvet. Faced with tucked taffeta and trimmed with handsome feather plume and mink tails. Priced at $22.50.

Our opening exposition of autumn millinery begins this morning and will continue the balance of the week. We have been most generous in our buying of French pattern hats. Being at such a great distance from the millinery centers of this country and the old world, our patrons would be at a disadvantage unless our openings included a large number of the creations of the most celebrated artists of Paris and New York. Among the Paris milliners represented are—

LOYS SAURS, LINN FAULKNER,
MON. VIROT. BERTHE,
A. FELIX BREVETE, MME. POUYANNE,
MME. CARLIER, MME. CAMILLE.

The pictures, while they do not flatter the work of the French designers, are accurate line drawings of the hats. There are scores of others as pretty and prettier.

The French millinery is shown to the best advantage in our newly arranged pattern salon. The room is artistically arranged and every hat can be studied and examined by everyone who enters. In another room will be found hats at lower prices, ranging from $10.00 downward. The work of our own designers and of New York's most fashionable milliners. Of course, one room might be called domestic and the other foreign in its origin, but there is little difference in the style and beauty of the hats shown. The quality of the materials used and the names in the crowns are responsible for the difference in the prices.

By Mon. Julia.

A made frame covered with satin. The side lockered with caught in front with a steel with mode colored silk velvet with satin taffeta ribbon in and paille. Price, $27.50.

By Mme. Carlier.

Shirred black velvet hat with novelty net trimmed brim. Front is decked with beautiful cut steel buckle, and is trimmed with two birds of paradise. Priced at $45.00.

Our First View Days

Are also selling days. You are cordially invited to come and look, to examine and copy (if you can,) but if a hat strikes your fancy, we will be pleased to sell it. And, of course, there is a charm about a first choice which cannot be had in hats purchased after the opening days are gone. Every hat shown will be authentic in style, and there are several separate fitting rooms where you can be by yourself in trying on. No cards are being sent out, but we wish every one to consider this a personal invitation to enjoy our autumn millinery opening.

By Mme. Carlier.

Empire hat of white panne velvet, chenille cord and silk velvet, decked with two large black chenille streamers and rhinestone ornaments. Priced at...

The Unique
245 So. Broadway
Cloaks Suits

We're out to do the Cloak and Suit business of the town.

We've made ready with a stock that surpasses anything you've ever seen.

We can sell you a really handsome Suit at $16.50, a beauty at $20, and a top-notcher at $25.00. The cutting and tailoring on each suit is really superb. Not a cheap, shoddy garment in the assortment.

It will pay you to see our suits before you decide to take chances on a dressmaker. We'll save you time, money and trouble, besides giving you a better tailor-made costume than you could get in any other way. New Jackets, New Skirts, New Waists and New Furs. Tailor Suits made to order.

NOT A CHEAP MAKE AMONG
PIANOS
ALL GOOD ONES—AT
SALYER'S, 353 S. Broadway.

No Cheap John
PIANOS
All Good Grades at
SALYER'S, Los Angeles.

Pure Wines.
That's All.
EDWARD GERMAIN WINE CO.

Hartford Oil Company
413-15 CURRIER BUILDING.
Block of shares at 12½¢ will soon be exhausted. When oil is struck no more treasury stock will be sold.

BEKINS VAN AND STORAGE
CUT RATE FREIGHT OFFICE.
244 SOUTH BROADWAY

After Dinner
To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take
Hood's Pills
Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

Dirt breeds disease
USE Pearline
JEWETT OIL CO.,
In best part of Sunset district.
Office 309 West Second St.
Call and get prospectus. A profitable producing well guaranteed. Now is the time to buy stock.

THE NEW CENTURY OIL CO. has struck a flowing well of white oil.
OFFICE—STIMSON BLOCK.

If Nowhere else you will find what you want is emblem pins, buttons or charms here. We are headquarters for society emblems. W. J. GETZ, JEWELER, 236 S. Broadway.

BARBER SUPPLIES Best grinding in city. Just received a new lot of Palm Razors. JOS. JAEGER, 230-232 S. Main Street.

Ballard Pulmonary Sanatorium,
For the treatment and cure of CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS and all diseases of the throat and lungs; under strict, regular management of expert specialists, trained nurses, expert teachers of lung gymnastics, all under modern mastery and scientific methods, endorsed by the medical profession; an unsurpassed table. Write for particulars.
LOS ANGELES OFFICE, 413½ S. Spring St.
SANATORIUM, Corner Mary and Delacy Sts. Pasadena, Cal.

American Dye Works,
The oldest established, most reliable and best equipped for cleaning dyeing and renovating in all its branches. Our New Improved Dry Process has no equal. Mail and Express Orders.
SPECIAL—We make a specialty of cleaning summer dresses, organdies, mull, swiss, dimities, duck, etc.
Main Office—219½ S. Spring St. Tel. M. 890. Works—613-615 W. 8th St. Tel. M. 1016